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# BIENNIAL REPORT OF THE

# Montana Department Of Revenue

July 1, 1998 to June 30, 2000

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# BIENNIAL REPORT OF THE MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE July 1, 1998 to June 30, 2000



Prepared by Tax Policy and Research (TPR) Mitchell Building, Helena, MT 59620 (406) 444-6900





P.O Box 5805 Helena, Montana 59604-5805

#### LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

December 15, 2000

Governor Marc Racicot and Members of the Fifty-Seventh Montana Legislature:

Herewith, I am transmitting the Biennial Report of the Department of Revenue for the period July 1, 1998, through June 30, 2000, as required in 15-1-205, MCA.

This report contains three major components.

The first three sections of the report provide an overview of the Department of Revenue, our interim activities and Montana's tax structure (sections I through III). All process-driven changes to our organizational structure are reflected in the revised Department of Revenue organizational chart on page two.

The next six sections provide detailed information about the taxes administered by the department and the related collections activity over the biennium (sections IV through IX).

The final eight sections of the report represent the department's analysis of tax expenditures for the biennium and projections for the next biennium (sections X through XVII).

This document is designed to be an efficient, informative, and responsive resource tool for a wide variety of people. As always, we appreciate any comments you may wish to make regarding this report and any additional ideas you may have as to how the report could be improved in future editions.

I hope you find this information useful in your deliberations.

Respectfully submitted,

Mary Bryson
Mary Bryson

Director

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#### STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

**Mission Statement** - The Department of Revenue is a service-oriented and accountable organization where customers and employees are treated with courtesy, respect, and fairness; and where effective revenue, compliance, and collection services are provided to the public and to other governmental units in a fast, accurate, and cost effective manner.

The **Director's Office** (444-1900) advises the Governor on all matters affecting the agency, recommends changes to Montana tax laws and policies, provides policy direction to all department processes, and develops and presents the department's biennial budget. The director's office is composed of four sections.

**Dispute Resolution** reviews, facilitates, and resolves taxpayer disputes internally through a variety of means, including mediation.

Office of Legal Affairs supervises the overall legal efforts of the department, supervises the staff attorneys, and maintains liaison with retained attorneys.

Policy and Performance Management (PPM) provides policy direction, strategic planning, administrative rules, and performance management for department operations. It measures and facilitates the performance of department processes and ensures that department-related legislation is implemented efficiently.

**Tax Policy and Research** (TPR) estimates state general fund revenues, coordinates department legislation, prepares fiscal notes for tax-related legislation, and reviews all legislation related to revenue. TPR also analyzes economic and statistical data, compiles department research data, and conducts revenue-related research for the department and for external stakeholders.

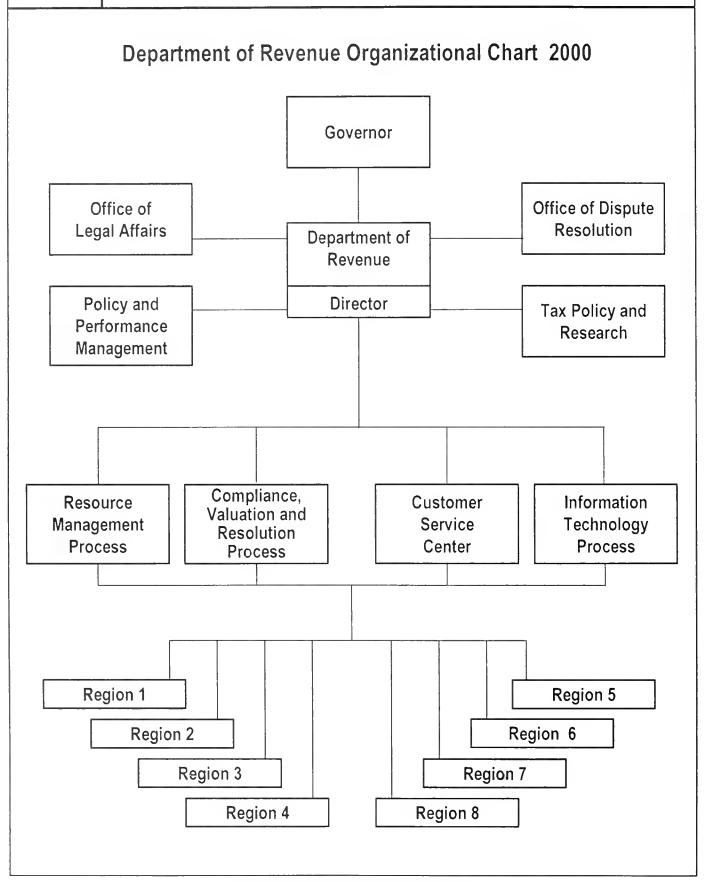
#### PROCESSES WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

**Information Technology** (IT) - provides services in the area of data support, applications support, technology support, and user assistance which enables the department to meet its business objectives.

**Resource Management** (RM) - integrates human resources, accounting, facilities, internal and external customer education, and liquor distribution into a division that focuses on service and support to the department.

Customer Service Center (CSC) - combines the document and information processing, accounts receivable and collections, and customer intake processes into a single business unit designed to collect revenue and process documents for the department and agency partners.

Compliance, Valuation and Resolution (CVR) - administers audits and appraisals to ensure that tax paying entities are in compliance with the laws. The process is located throughout the state in eight regions to provide superior customer service. Regions 1-6 are located throughout the state and focus on individual and small businesses. Region 7 is located in Helena with a focus on large taxpayers and central taxes. Region 8 is also located in Helena with a focus on individual, small and medium businesses. This organization provides for enhanced customer service and improved efficiency in the department.



#### INTERIM ACTIVITY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

#### REORGANIZATION

The Montana Department of Revenue (DOR) continues to implement a comprehensive change program called Project META, designed to significantly improve the manner in which the department conducts its business. Meeting the challenge of increased efficiency at a lower cost, along with providing the level of service desired by our customers, continues to require changes to the structure of the department.

Over several years, the department is becoming a process-centered organization, integrating business processes and information systems, and putting a greater focus on customer service. The department continues to perform the same functions, but under a different organizational structure. Department divisions are not organized around tax types, but instead around common business processes. For example, data and information processing are now handled as one business process, whether the data collected is for individual income tax, business tax, corporate tax, or property assessment. The organization chart presented on page two of this report reflects the department's new organization.

### 1510P BUSINESS ONE-STOP LICENSING PROGRAM

During the 1997 Legislative Session, Montana lawmakers enacted House Bill 391 to begin what has come to be known as the "One-Stop Business Licensing" project. The initiative involves multiple state agencies and is intended to streamline, simplify and centralize the business licensing process within state government. The primary goal of One-Stop is to provide a single point of contact within state government for a variety of business licensing needs. These needs include obtaining and renewing licenses, permits and registrations; paying fees; inquiring about license status; and requesting information about various licenses and the licensing process. Since July 1, 1998, over 1,000 businesses participated in the pilot program focused on the specific licensing needs of grocery stores, convenience stores, and gasoline stations. The 1999 legislature authorized the end of the pilot and the expansion of One-Stop licensing to more license types and more licenses. On December 10, 1998, the One Stop Licensing Team received the Vision 2000 Model in Excellence Award given by the Small Business Administration.

#### STAWRS 15tep Simplified Tax and Wage Reporting System (STAWRS)

After obtaining federal legislation to permit the IRS to share common data elements with the department, the "single point quarterly paper filing" pilot for Montana employers commenced in late 1998. The department collected both state and federal quarterly employment tax information on a combined return. We then extracted the federal and state data from the forms, then encrypted (for security reasons) and transmitted the federal data to the Internal Revenue Service, via an (Electronic Data Interchange) EDI transmission.

In 1999, this pilot was evaluated and employers were surveyed to determine whether to recommend expanding this combined filing to other employers in Montana. A large majority of the employers believed the combined filing provided convenience and time savings and that it should be offered to other employers in Montana. department recommended expanding the pilot upon meeting security requirements of the Internal Revenue Service. This was accomplished and we began to expand the pilot in mid-2000. The department plans to offer combined paper filing to all the smaller employers in Montana over the next year.

Additionally, Montana became involved in another STAWRS initiative "commercial off-the-shelf, single point electronic filing". This would permit an employer to log on to one web site on the Internet to file and/or pay both their federal and state employment taxes with one transmission. We anticipate having this filing option available to employers in 2001.

WARP - THE WAGE AUTOMATED REPORTING PROGRAM ON THE "WEB"

Since July 1, 1997, the department has handled the operations of the Unemployment Insurance Tax Bureau (previously located within the Department of Labor & Industry). The realignment of these functions within DOR allows Montana employers to file a combined report for all wage-based taxes thereby reducing costs and eliminating redundancies. In 1999, the department implemented an Internet-based tax return filling and payment program for Montana unemployment insurance and withholding taxes. This filing and payment option, named WoW (WARP on the Web) has been offered to all Montana employers. Since then, the WoW system continues to serve the desired outcome of simplifying and integrating wage-based tax reporting process. A growing number of Montana employers have chosen to file a single tax report and remit one check through WoW for all their Montana wage-based taxes (a 50% increase from January, 1999, through March, 2000).

#### ELECTRONIC FILING OF INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS

The department has accepted electronic and adda tax returns since 1995. The program has grown steadily. In 2000, the department received 77,255 electronic tax returns. The electronic program works in conjunction with the federal e-file program, state returns are filed with a federal return. The department formats the data for returnal, then transmits the data to the IRS Austin service center. Eight software developers offered e-file software for Montana returns for tax year 1999 return filers, now 17 such software packages are projected to be tested and ready for tax year 2000 return filers. In addition, taxpayers can file their returns electronically through the Internet. Montana accepts a liftling status and residency status returns. As with paper and Telefile returns, the refund can be direct-deposited into a bank account. The department's goal for 2000 returns is to promote continued growth in the number of returns received through the federal state e-file program.

Qual fying taxbayers have been able to file their income tax returns by phone through our Telefile program since 1996. Telefile returns grew from 13.131 in 1996 to 20.663 in 1999. To Telefile, a worksheet is prepared and the taxbayer calls a toll-free number. They are then connected to an 'integrated voice response' system that prompts them to enter the numbers and data on their Telefile worksheet. The system is designed with numerous security features to ensure the confidentiality and accuracy of the returns, and to guard against fraud

#### REMITTANCE PROCESSING SYSTEM

The department uses state-of-the-art technology to process taxpayers' payments. The department's remittance processor allows image capture and retrieval of tax coupons and checks, and encodes checks for bank deposit. This technology has enabled the department to absorb the increased workload associated with withholding tax fillings, no vidual income tax payments, and corporation's est mated tax payments. Monetary savings for the state no ude reduced bank check processing fees and reductions in time for funds deposited to the treasury. New methods being developed for coupon forms design and increasing the number of products and uses for scanner processing will continue to maximize the use of this technology.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE FEATURES AND INITIATIVES (continued)



#### **POINTS PROJECT**

The department continues to develop the POINTS Project (an acronym for Process Oriented INTegrated System) as the foundation that will lead Montana's revenue administration into the 21st century, while providing unprecedented customer service for Montana's citizens.

A comprehensive application development effort, POINTS is designed to assimilate the administration of Montana's revenue sources into an integrated system that will be capable of passing information between different tax types. The system is rapidly moving toward its goal of being a truly integrated system, which will enhance not only the department's ability to do its internal job better, but to also improve external customer service. POINTS is consistent with the department's initiative to become a more efficient, customer-oriented entity.

Phase One of the Project, implemented during the winter of 1999/2000, incorporated wage-based tax types, including Unemployment Insurance and Withholding. Phase One also provided the central customer registration and collections processes for all tax types. Phase Two is in the final stages of design and will incorporate Individual Income Tax, Corporate License Taxes, and Property Tax. Completion of Phase Two components are scheduled for August and September of 2001.

#### COMPETENCY-BASED PAY PILOT PROJECT

As part of the organizational reengineering initiative approved by the 1997 legislature, the department is implementing Pay Plan 020. The plan consists of five elements: role descriptions, role analysis, performance appraisals, team performance, and training. Each element plays a part in determining how to recognize and reward employees, meet goals and objectives, and review performance and competencies. As new role descriptions are created to replace traditional position descriptions, each role is placed in a pay band. The pay band compensation system integrates career path elements tied to measurements of increased complexity, knowledge, competency, and proficiency levels. Pay Plan 020 allows for individualized development of long-range career goals as well as advancement within or between roles. The plan adapts and incorporates the best features from models designed for market-based pay, competency-based pay, strategic pay, situational pay, results-based pay, statutory pay, increases, and longevity pay.

#### GEOGRPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM (GIS) - MONTANA CADASTRAL PROJECT

The department participates in the Department of Administration Montana Cadastral Project by contributing in-kind resources toward the attainment of the project goals. The goal of the project is to complete a statewide owner-ship database capable of identifying the owner of record of every land parcel in the state and have this information available to display geo-spacially. The target completion date is December 31, 2001.

The department's appraisal/valuation responsibilities in the property tax area depend on this ownership layer and the precise mapping capabilities it enables are essential elements of the department's day-to-day business. Once completed, this database will be the base layer of information and the common denominator of countless other layers which are being built or have been built to overlay the ownership information (e.g., transporation, land use, land cover, hydrography, etc.).

The department's in-kind contribution to this team is comprised of Computer Assisted Mass Appraisal (CAMA) database information, a project manager, cartographers located throughout the state, and equipment and associated administrative support. As the project work of converting data into this GIS enhanced database proceeds county by county across the state, each completed county is moved from a development status to a "maintenance" status. This maintenance work will normally fall to the department unless the department perfects cooperative arrangements with certain local governments capable of performing this work and willing to do so on behalf of all users. Approximately 40 of the 56 counties will be in a maintenance mode by June 30, 2001

The Department of Revenue is required by 15-1-205, MCA, to transmit the Biennial Report to the governor before each new legislative session commmences. This report is prepared by Tax Policy and Research (TPR).

Tax Policy and Research (TPR) reviews all legislation related to revenue, oversees tax policy development and communications, conducts revenue-related research for department and external stakeholders, and works with the Native Americans on tax issues. They coordinate and prepare fiscal notes on most revenue-related legislation. This consists of processing 300 to 400 fiscal notes per session. TPR is responsible for the state general fund revenue estimation and monitoring process of 32 different tax types. These revenue estimates are used by the governor's office to formulate the executive budget. TPR also analyzes state and local tax revenue and distribution systems, compiles department research data and analyzes economic and statistical data. The Guide To Taxes and Biennial Report are prepared to give legislators and citizens a comprehensive overview of taxes to enhance their knowledge and facts in debating tax policy.

#### TPR Mission Statement

We are a team of professionals committed to promoting effective tax policy by proactively providing valuable information and guidance to policy makers and the public in a positive and personally supportive environment.

#### TPR Vision Statement

TPR supports the department's role as the state leader in the development and application of guiding principles of taxation, and comprehensive state taxation and strategic revenue policies, broadly supported by government leaders and the general public.

TPR provides accurate revenue estimates through a centralized, enhanced, and expanded state revenue estimating and monitoring process. TPR coordinates the development of department, executive-supported and other revenue related legislation to ensure consistency with state strategic revenue policies; and promotes revenue-related legislation as appropriate. TPR analyzes, monitors, and comments on other state and federal revenue related legislation.

TPR encourages citizen participation in revenue policy development by proactively providing information and supporting the department's education efforts. TPR is a team of highly trained professionals that achieves its objectives by using a well managed, integrated information system; applying state of the art technology; and maintaining a strong communication system.

#### Tax Policy and Research values:

- Trust
  - Open and Honest Communication
    - Respect for Team Members' Ideas, Values, and Priorities
      - Clarity of Priorities and Purpose
        - Honesty with the Team, with All
          - Fun



#### GUIDING PRINCIPLES OF TAXATION

Sound tax policy should be driven by fundamental, underlying principles of taxation. Currently, Montana does not formally have any universal principles of taxation to guide policy makers and lawmakers in establishing revenue and tax policies. The implementation of universal guiding principles would provide a conceptual framework for policy makers, lawmakers, and the citizens of Montana to measure the performance and quality of our state tax structure with regard to revenue and tax policy and promote stability and consistency in tax laws.

Montana continues to face many issues and proposals regarding tax reform, especially during legislative sessions. Current and future efforts to reform Montana's tax system should be founded in principles of taxation that are appropriate to the specific circumstances and needs of this state.

Following, are eight universal guiding principles of taxation. These principles provide a good foundation for policy makers and lawmakers for developing revenue and tax policy.

A sound taxation system should embody the following principles:

Simplicity. There are two aspects to simplicity. First, a high quality tax system should be clear and understandable to the taxpayer, and minimize the cost of complying with tax laws. Second, tax systems should be easy to administer, and promote efficient and effective administration that is uniformly applied.

Accountability. Tax systems must be accountable to the citizens they are designed to serve. Taxes and tax policy must be explicit, with taxes clearly visible and not hidden from taxpayers. Proposed policies should be highly publicized and open to public debate.

**Economic Neutrality.** This principle suggests that tax systems should exert a minimal impact on spending and business decisions of individuals and businesses.

**Equity.** The principle of equity suggests that state revenue systems should treat similarly situated taxpayers similarly, minimize regressivity in the tax system, and, to the greatest extent possible, minimize the tax burden on poor households.

Complementary. This principle suggests that a healthy relationship should exist between state and local taxing authorities, whereby the state is always mindful of how tax decisions affect local governments, and vice versa.

Competitiveness. In the past decade, interstate and international competition has intensified, pressuring policy makers to use tax systems as a tool of economic development. This principle suggests that high quality revenue systems will be responsive to competition.

**Balance.** Quality tax systems rely on a variety of broad-based taxes. Most states adhere to this principle by relying on the traditional "three-legged stool" of income, sales, and property taxes to keep tax rates low, provide stability, and to control equity in their systems.

**Reliability.** Reliability encompasses adequacy, stability, and certainty in taxation and revenue flows. This principle asserts that revenues should be sufficient to cover anticipated government expenditures, should be stable in growth and not subject to unpredictable fluctuations, and should provide certainty with respect to the financial planning of individuals and businesses.

#### Tax Structure Trends in Montana

The six charts on the next three pages provide a graphic illustration of Montana's general tax structure. Using tax collection data from fiscal year 1984 through 2000, the charts show how Montana's tax structure has changed over time. For most states, the tax structure is typically characterized as a "three-legged stool" consisting of income, property, and sales taxes. In Montana, the sales tax leg of this typical tax structure is comprised of natural resource taxes (e.g., coal, oil, and natural gas severance taxes) and selective sales taxes (e.g., cigarette and alcoholic beverage taxes). Income taxes include taxes levied on corporations as well as individuals; property taxes include state and local property tax levies.

The four tax categories represented on the six charts on the following pages are consistently comprised of these items:

#### Property Taxes

The Property Tax category includes

- Property Taxes
- ALSID and RID Amounts
- All Fees Paid on Property

#### income Taxes

The Income Taxes category includes.

- Individual Income Taxes
- Corporate License Taxes

#### Natural Resource Taxes

The Natural Resources taxes category includes

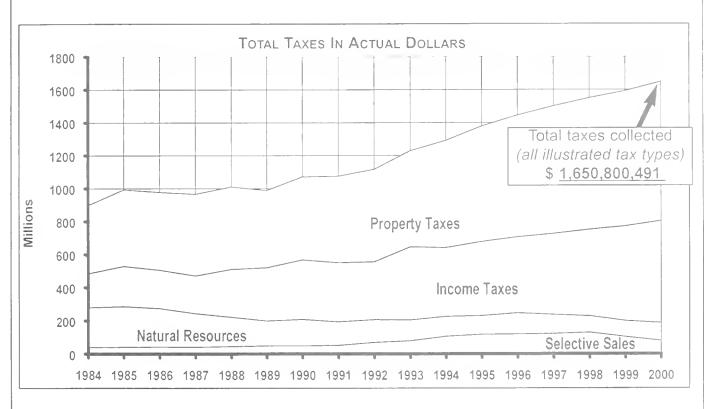
- Oda Severance Tax
- . One Griss Proceeds Tax
- 1 and Natural Gas Production Tax
- Netal ferbus Mines Libense Tax
- Metal Mines Gross Proceeds Tax
- Miscel anequs Mines Net Proceeds Tax
- Resource it demnity and Groudwater - Assessnieht ActivR. GWATI
- Tement Gursum Tax
- Electrical Energy Propuetion Tax

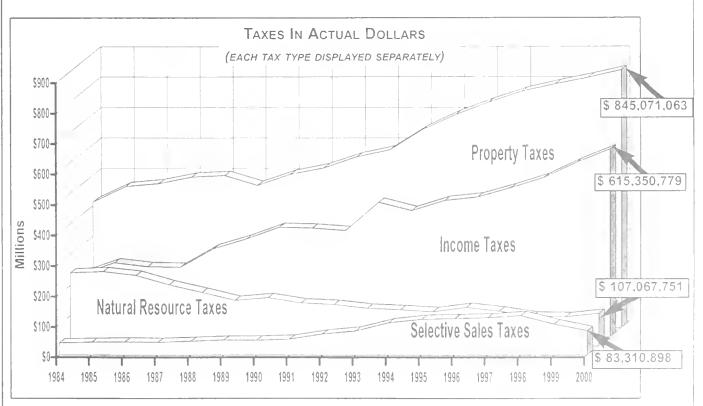
#### Selective Sales Taxes

The Selective Sales Taxes category includes

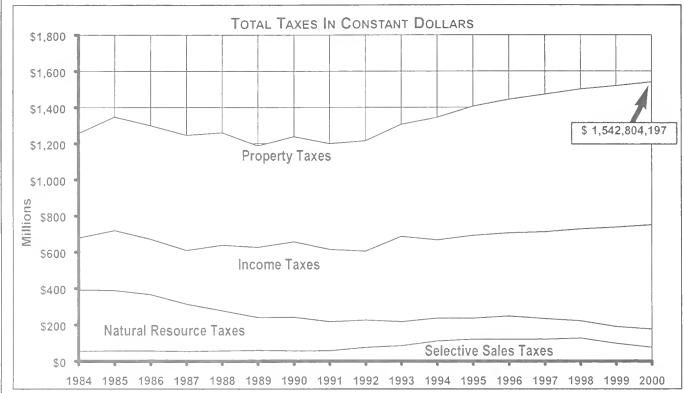
- Liquar Exaise Tax
- Llaubrillicense Tax
- Beer and Alne Tax
- C d Fund Liab it, Tax
- nheritance Tax
- Lodging Facility Use Tax
- Telecommunications License
- Nursing Bed Tax
- . Pur in Service Requision Tax
- Topacco Products Tax
- Statewide 911 Fee
- Contractor's Gross Receipts Tax
- Consumer Counsel Tax
- Other Taxes

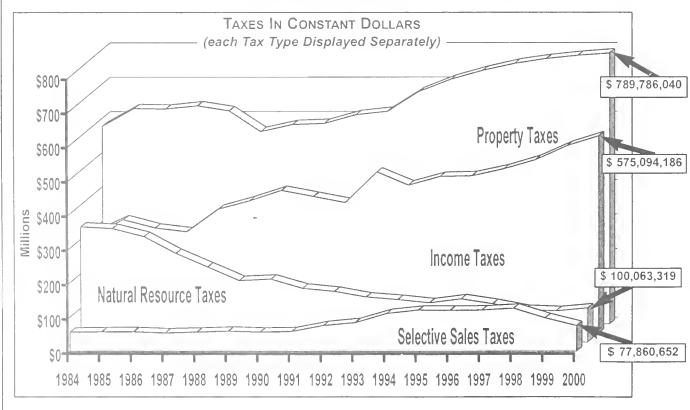
The first two charts show the change in taxes over time in actual dollars. These dollars are NOT adjusted for any effects due to inflation. The first chart shows growth in total taxes; the second chart shows how each component of total tax dollars has changed over time.



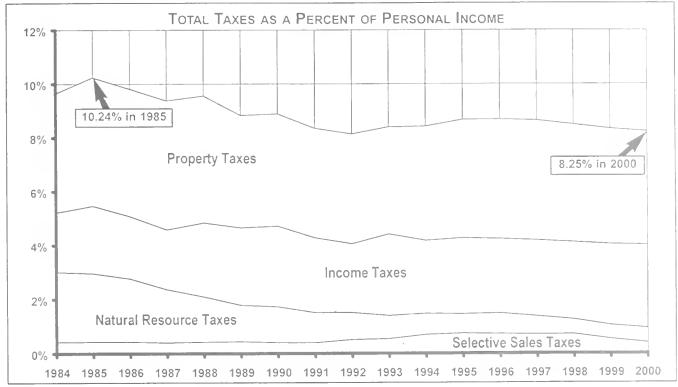


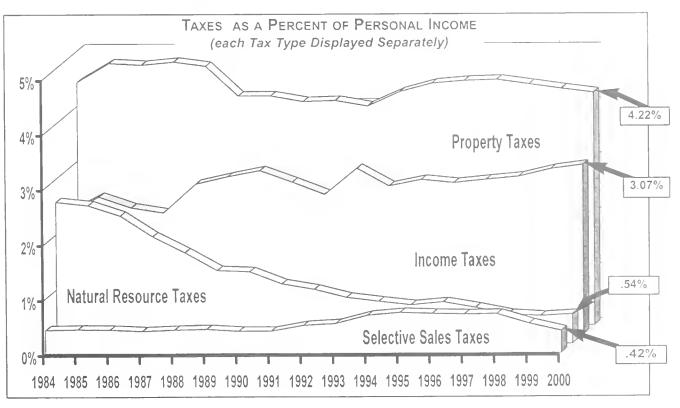
The next two charts show the change in taxes over time in constant 1996 dollars. These dollars, often referred to as "real" dollars, have been adjusted to remove the effects of inflation. The charts show the change in each component of the tax structure.





The final two charts show actual taxes as a percent of Montana total personal income (TPI). The chart can be viewed as a general reflection of the share of total economic activity consumed by taxes in each year. Since 1984, total taxes as a percent of personal income have been as high as 10.24% in 1985, and as low as 8.25% in 2000.





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## TAX STRUCTURE (continued)

Department of Revenue State Collections - Fiscal Years 1996 - 2000	venue State Coll	ections - Fisca	al Years 1996.	. 2000	
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Individual Income Tax					
Income Las Withheld	\$ 278,399,600	\$ 313,713,643	\$ 338,489,478	\$ 354,150,183	\$ 366,445,198
Income Las All Other	104,692,012	93,062,097	105,671,251	128,881,386	149,816,713
Subtotal	383,091,612	406,275,740	444,160 729	483.031,569	516,261,911
Corporation License Tax	75,761,891	81,999,138	77,928,498	89 624,560	99,772,150
Natural Resources Taxes (State)					
Coal beverance Las	36,260,949	37,740,212	35,045,243	36,767,488	35,469,791
Oil Severance Lax	11,417,361			,	•
Natural Gas, Severance Tax	1,412,006		,	•	•
Oit and Gas Producer's P&L Tax	825,583			•	•
Oil and Gas Production Tax		16,004,744	11,185,290	7,505,617	11,362,742
Resource Indemnity Trust Tax	3,351,177	1,345,199	1,379,111	1,271,739	1,322,534
Metalliferous Mines License Lax	6,941,131	4,648,564	3,977,699	5,700,013	4,704,574
Subtotal	60,208,207	59,738,719	51,587,343	51,244,857	52,859,641
Other Taxes, Licenses and Services					
Unemployment Insurance Tax	62,465,253	62,735,866	62,976,826	59,826,218	61.082,845
Old Fund Liability Lax*	45,254,475	49,770,930	52,650,637	28,722,320	1,892,208
Ognette Lax	12,969,137	13,267,374	13,244,550	12,265,347	11,766.271
Inheritance Lax (Net)	15,404,110	14,562,382	15,726,605	18,301,680	19,038,785
Ledging Facility Use Tax	9, 197, 924	9,509,673	10,008,143	10,773,706	11,119,551
Felephone License Tax	5,711,933	6,045,081	5,773,341	6,036,769	3.490,590
Telecommunications Excise Tax					6,366,299
Electrical Energy Fax	3,520,407	. 3,849,052	4,401,728	4,618,433	4,829,002
Wholesale Friergy Transaction Fax					1,705,093
Nursing Facility Bod Tax	6,579,620	6,572,123	6,200,413	5,713,357	6,054,947
Public Service Regulation Lax	1,915,092	1,780,150	2,154,289	2,383,511	2,309,137
Tobacco Products Tax	1,579,547	1,702,313	1,801,084	1,817,971	2,042,241
Emergency Telephone 911 System	2,100,359	1,719,562	3,666,571	2,868,094	3,145,387
Contractor's Gross Receipts Tax	1,621,441	1,963,791	2,290,944	3,320,401	2,162,223
Rail Car Tax	780,125	6,309,000	2,054,244	2,074,000	2,100,600
Abandoned Property	1,272,859	1,240,407	1,831,638	1,247,508	2,637,532
Telecommunications Service Fee	598,763	683,717	728,017	680'029	828, 183
Consumer Counsel Lax	815,801	781,279	779,809	877,935	934,826
Other Taxes, Deenses and Services	217,697	200,817	188,126	189,766	183,152
Subtotal	172,004,543	182,693,517	186,476,965	161,607,105	143,688,872
Liquor Taxes, Profits, and Licenses					
Liquor Profits, Licenses (to GF), and Tax Receipts	11, 191,611	10,260,292	11,394,940	12,085,603	12,258,887
Eiguor Beer, and Wine Laxes	12,094,518	11,074,324	11,440,392	11,891,047	12,673,526
Subtotal	23,286,129	21,334,616	22,835,332	23,976,650	24,932,413
TOTAL COLLECTIONS	\$ 714,352,382	\$ 752,041,730	\$ 782,988,867	\$ 809,484,741	\$ 837,514,987

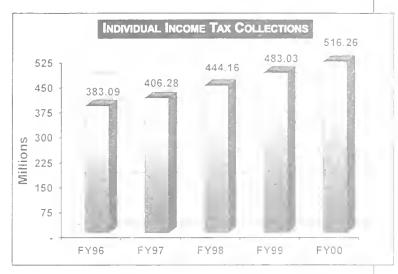
Source 110 Pervious Proble Propert, SPAS 1999 SABHES 2000 etc.
On Jamusey 1. 1996 all state and tocal our most gas favors and constituted from the Consolidation tocal year, from the median of an accompany for old toward and tocal governments, thosa collections are detailed in the Natural Resource. Tax section of this report.
They into the sund tending far was discendinged by 1999.

INCOME TAXES 13

#### Individual Income Tax

The income tax is Montana's largest source of state tax revenue. It is collected at rates ranging from 2% to 11% of taxable income. Revenue from the income tax is distributed 100% to the General Fund.

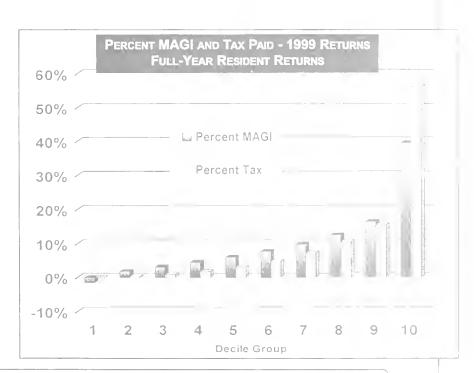
Income Tax	Collections
FY1996	\$ 383,091,612
FY1997	\$ 406,275.740
FY1998	\$ 444,160,729
FY1999	\$ 483,031,569
FY2000	\$ 516,261,911



Since 1981, Montana's income tax has been indexed to changes in the Consumer Price Index

(CPI). The personal exemption, standard deduction, and tax brackets are adjusted annually in response to inflation. During tax year 1999, the Department of Revenue processed 437,443 returns, 268,616 of which were refunds with an average refund of \$361.37. (MCA 15-30-101, et. seq.)

	ontana Adju me Limits fo Groups	
Decile	Lower	Upper
Group	Limit	Limit
1	under	\$ 3,235
2	\$ 3.236	\$6,471
3	\$6,472	\$ 9.905
4	\$ 9,906	\$13,610
5	\$13,611	\$17.683
6	\$17,684	\$22,465
7	\$22,466	\$28,616
8	\$28,617	\$36,751
9	\$36,752	\$50,508
10	\$50,509	and over



**Decile Grouping** - Decile grouping is a very useful tool in tax burden analysis. The population is divided into ten equal groups by income level. Group 1 is the 10% of the population with the lowest incomes, while group 10 represents the 10% of the population with the highest incomes.

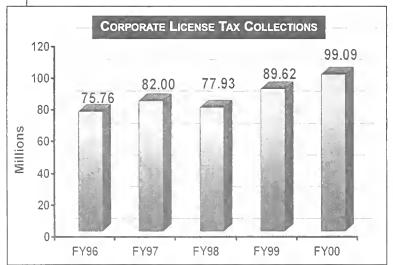
# Montana Individual Income Tax Comparison of Return Data, Full-Year Residents 1998 vs. 1999

		1000			10	99		Difference	in Total
Item of Information	Count	1330 -	Total	Count	) 3	Total	Abc	olute	Percent
Rem of information	Count		Total	Count		10(a)	ADS	Orace	Percent
Exemptions									
Taxpayer exemptions	368,367	S	428.059	373,468	S	433.935	S	5.876	1.37%
Spouse exemptions	169,598	V	193,718	169,564	V	193,902	V	184	0.09%
Dependent exemptions	124,504		223,521	124,794		222,121		(1,400)	-0.63%
Handicapped children exemptions			1,070	1,439		1,486		416	38.88%
Total Exemptions	459,441	\$	846.368	468,417	\$	851,444	\$	5,076	0.60%
Total Exemptions	455,441	Φ	040,300	400,417	Ф	031,444	Þ	3,076	0.00%
Income Items									
Wages, salaries, tips, etc.	357,999	S 7	730,368,021	364,440	S	8,026,893,371	\$ 296	6.525.350	3.84%
Interest income	284,971		621,815,058	284,686	Ů	602,599,181		.215.877)	-3.09%
Dividend income	135,770		312,283,165	143.502		340,080,522	,	7,797,357	8.90%
Net business income	73.782		584,177,538	73,496		599.188.613		5.011.075	2.57%
Capital gain or (loss)	124.800		060,173,721	131,877		1,115,780,493		5,606,772	5.25%
Supplemental gain or (loss)	18,364	٠,	47,856,022	17,932		44,390,511		,465,511)	-7.24%
Rents, royalties & partnerships	85,866		709.340.064	86.496		813.249.932	,	3.909.868	14.65%
Net farm income	23,433		35.308.642)	23,108		(75,241,136)		0,067,506	44.39%
Taxable social security	36,163	,	202,846,234	38,421		219,827,699		3.981. <del>4</del> 65	8.37%
Taxable IRA's, pensions & annuitie			021,092,250	0		1,107,480,754		5,388,504	8.46%
Taxable individual retirement acc'ts			203,153,165	29,842		231,811,599		3,658,434	14.11%
Taxable pensions & annuities	72.559		817,939,085	74.765		875,669,155		7.730.070	7.06%
Other income	130,682		(37,887,126)	130,881		(56,774,241)			49.85%
Total Income	458,733		116,756,305	467,700	0 4			3,887,115)	
Total income	430,733	\$ 14,	110,730,303	407,700	٦	12,737,475,699	\$ 020	),719,394	5.12%
IRA'Keogh/Self-empl. deductions	94,340	S	175,234,786	97,072	\$	194,438,545	\$ 19	,203,759	10.96%
Federal Adjusted Gross Income	458,693	\$ 11,	941,521,519	467,654	\$ 1	12,543,037,154	\$ 601	,515,635	5.04%
Additions									
	17.050	S	4 + 507 450	40.007	_	40 505 040	0	(0.40.044)	0.400/
Interest on local gov't bonds Federal income tax refunds	17,058 94.831		44,527,459	16,937	\$	43,585,248		(942,211)	-2.12%
Other additions	- 1		139,866,072	112,505		178,192,772		3,326,700	27.40%
	20,862		151,956,782	22,493	-	166,514,861		4,558,079	9.58%
Total Additions	121,662	\$	336,350,313	138,405	\$	388,292,881	\$ 57	,942,568	15.44%
FAGI Plus Additions	458,811	\$ 12,	277,871,832	467,775	\$ 1	12,931,330,035	\$ 653	3,458,203	5.32%
Reductions									
Capital gains exclusion	1.357	S	5.021.416	974	S	3,538,351	S /1	,483,065)	-29.53%
Elderly interest exclusion	60,998	0	46,975,919	61,700	J	46.033.716		942,203)	-2.01%
Savings bonds interest exclusion	40,455		88.525.656	40,268		85,520,376		.005.280)	-3.39%
Exempt retirement income	42,206		153,154,815	42,680		155,172,531	, ,	2,017,716	1.32%
Unemployment compensation	25.577		47,098,989	24.052		48,969,054		.870.065	3.97%
Medical savings accounts	2,048		4,126,187	2,566		5.327.000		,200,813	29.10%
Family education savings accounts			1,209,572	717		1,814,909		605,337	50.05%
First-time home buyers accounts	267		600.962	304		791.828			50.05% N/A
Other reductions	119,809		378,017,841	123,881		416,855,851	20	190,866 3,838,010	10.27%
Total Reductions	203,290	_	724,731,357	206,447		764,023,616		0,292,259	5.42%
70107 110000110113	200,200		,/31,33/	200,447		704,023,010	38	,,232,233	J.44 /0
Montana Adjusted Gross Income	456,312	\$ 11,	553,140,475	465,118	\$ 1	2,167,306,419	\$ 614	,165,944	5.32%

#### Montana Individual Income Tax Comparison of Return Data, Full-Year Residents 1998 vs. 1999

		1998		1999	Difference in	Total
Item of Information	Count	Total	Count	Total	Absolute	Percent
Itemized Deductions						
Medical Insurance Premiums	102,391	\$ 180,956,416	104,296	\$ 183 340 843	\$ 2,384,427	1 32 -
Medical and dental	58.045	156,773,776	59,876	168 701,852	11 928.076	7.61
Long term care insurance premiums	6,754	9.863.434	7.957	11,943,152	2.079.718	21.09
Federal income tax withheld	201.184	876,956,459	207,534	916.842,915	39.886.456	4.55 .
Federal estimated tax paid	52,573	430,156 255	52,293	443,284,399	13,128,144	3.051
Federal income tax balance	63,716	169,810.440	56.850	171,622,261	1.811,821	1.07
Federal income tax additional years	5.255	12,992,318	4.475	13.083,428	91,110	0.70
Property taxes	176,859	237,544 952	181,049	239,161,553	1,616,601	0.68
Other deductible taxes	116,401	41,551,576	123,573	47,059,216	5.507 640	13.251
	129,043	581,107,149	133,316	617,656,281	36.549.132	6 29
Home mortgage interest	10.347	33,781,808	9,986	33,564,150	(217,658)	-0 64
Other interest			168,588	275,164,610	16,060,552	6.20
Charitable contributions	163,991	259,104,058				-12.41°
Child/dependent care expenses	1,392	1,848,384	1,221	1,618,924	(229,460)	
Casualty and theft losses	376	2,727,108	436	3,058,367	331.259	12 15%
Employee business exp/other (Misc 1)		111,051,666	47.620	115,728,674	4,677,008	4.21%
Other misc. deductions (Misc 2)	2,343	6,239,943	1,878	3,053,592	(3,186,351)	-51 06° <sub>5</sub>
Gambling Losses	N/A	N/A	793	4,557,932	4,557,932	NA
Total Itemized	262,475	\$3,112,465,742	269,269	\$3,249,442,149	\$136,976,407	4.40%
Total Deductions	454,734	\$3,543,893,755	463,359	\$3,689,582,537	\$145,688,782	4.11%
Value of Exemptions	459,441	\$1,337,261,440	468,417	\$1,370,824,840	\$ 33,563,400	2.51%
Montana Taxable Income	388,277	\$7,226,109,321	397,339	\$7,658,519,166	\$432,409,845	5.98%
Tax	388,277	\$ 449,771,797	397,338	\$ 478,577,611	\$ 28,805,814	6.401.
Tax on lump sum distributions	189	194,089	225	233,732	39,643	20.43%
Tax before credits	388,324	\$ 449,965,886	397,393	\$ 478,811,343	\$ 28,845,457	6.41%
Investment credit recapture	35	\$ 664	33	\$ 5,360	\$ 4.696	707 23° -
Montana tax withheld	343,629	\$ 320,685,337	350,915	\$ 336,187,292	\$ 15,501,955	4.83-
Estimated payments	45,882	123,655,984	47,350	131,136,357	7,480,373	6.05
Elderly homeowner/renter credit	11,849	5,408,152	12,316	5,188,461	(219,691)	-4 06°
Total Payments	381,610	\$ 449,749,473	389,718	\$ 472,512,110	\$ 22,762,637	5.06%
Credits						
Physician credit for rural practice	72	\$ 277,813	65	<b>\$</b> 257,526	\$ (20,287)	-7 30°
College contribution credit	1,848	131,090	1.843	153,277	22.187	16.93°
Charitable endowment credit	860	3,191,545	1,266	5,547,290	2,355,745	73.81%
			41	28,611	(50,255)	-63 72°a
Elderly care credit	72	78,866		10,159,095		-31 46%
Other state/foreign tax credit	8,982	14,821,950	10,124		(4,662,855)	
Contractor's gross receipts credit	234	485,259	284	620,375	135,116	27.84%
Investment credit	73	14,940	39	5,635	(9,305)	-62.28%
Geothermal energy system credit	271	52,647	217	41,616	(11,031)	-20.95%
Energy conservation credit	1,862	130,774	1,777	132,907	2,133	1 63° o
Wind-powered generation credit	42	6,649	80	5,187	(1,462)	-21.99%
Recycling credit	54	257,108	49	95,489	(161,619)	-62.86%
Alternative fuels credit	3	3,400	1	3,375	(25)	-0.74° o
Montana capital company credit	12	249,456	7	183,441	(66,015)	-26.46° e
Dependent care assistance credit	2	1,605	6	3,697	2,092	130 34%
Employee health insurance credit	76	46,956	101	71,773	24,817	52 85%
Infrastructure users fee credit	0	0	1	27	27	N.A
Historic bldg, preservation credit	12	15,275	9	7,788	(7,487)	-49.01%
Increased research activity credit	N/A	N/A	2	3,056	3,056	NΑ
Mineral exploration credit	N/A	N/A	1	15	15	N A

#### CORPORATE LICENSE TAX



Montana's corporate tax rate is 6.75% of net income (gross income minus allowable deductions) or \$50, whichever is greater. Gross income is the same as for federal corporate taxes. For corporations electing water's edge filing methods, the tax rate is 7% of net income.

Allowable deductions include all ordinary and necessary business expenses, certain losses and depreciation of assets, resource depletion allowance, interest paid on business debts, taxes paid (except all taxes measured by net income or profits), certain charitable contributions, certain energy-related investments, and net operating losses.

Under Montana law, corporations are allowed to reduce corporate tax liability by claiming certain credits. These include contractor's gross receipts tax credit, Montana Capital Company credit, investment credit, university contribution credit, disability insurance premium credit, recycling credit, new industry credit, interest differential credit for low interest energy loans, credit for dependent care assistance, and a charitable endowment contribution credit.

Banks and savings and loan associations are treated, for corporate tax purposes, similarly to other corporations, but 80% of the tax they pay is returned to the counties in which the bank or savings and loan association is located. This allocation was designed to reimburse local governments for revenue lost when the property tax on bank shares was repealed in 1979. Corporations that have sales not exceeding \$100,000 in Montana and are domiciled elsewhere and do not own or rent real property within the state may elect to pay an alternate tax of .5% of gross sales made in Montana. Few corporations choose this alternative.

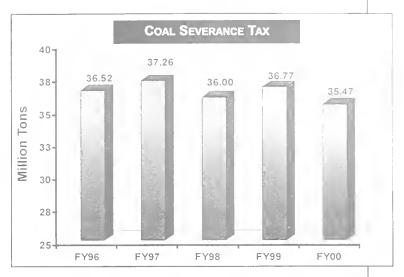
Corporation license tax collections (other than financial institutions) are allocated 100% to the general fund; collections from financial institutions are allocated 80% to local governments and 20% to the general fund.

	CORPORATE LICEN	SE AND INCOME T	AX COL	LECTIONS A	ND CREDITS		
Non-Financials Financials Total	<b>FY1996</b> \$ 63,665,234 	FY1997 \$ 68,613,383 	\$ 67,6 10,2	<b>1998</b> 73,725 <u>54,773</u> 28,498	FY1999 \$ 77,771,879 11,852,680 \$ 89,624,559	\$ 8 	F <b>Y2000</b> 8,581,126 <u>0,507,744</u> 9,088,8 <b>70</b>
		Fisc	al Year	1999	Fisca	l Year	2000
		Corporat	tions	Credit	<u>Corporatio</u>	ns	Credit
Contractors' Gross	Receipts Credit	118	\$	906,014	125	\$	847,950
Montana Capital C	Company Credit	30		62,112	19		15,541
Investment Credit		63		19,311	6		1,657
University Credit		36		6,676	34		8,933
Disability Insurance	e Premium Credit	11		6,820	11		7,468
Recycling Credit		15		140,544	9		54,290
Charitable Endown	ment Contribution Credit	58		313,675	100		462,002
Other Credits		10		112,027	12	-	129,758
Total			\$	1,567,179		\$	1,527,599

#### COAL SEVERANCE TAX

The coal severance tax applies to the value of coal F.O.B. (free-on-board) the mine less deductions for taxes, fees, government and tribal royalties, and processing allowances. (MCA 15-35-102)

Producers of over 50,000 tons of coal per year pay a quarterly tax on all production in excess of 20,000 tons. Producers of less than 50,000 tons per year are exempt from the tax. Surface mined coal is taxed at 15% if rated 7,000 BTU per pound and over and taxed at 10% if rated under 7,000 BTU per pound. Coal mined underground is taxed at 4% if rated 7,000 BTU per pound and over, and is taxed at 3% if rated under 7,000 BTU per pound.



COAL SEVERANCE TAX COLLECTIONS					
	FY1996	FY1997	FY1998	FY1999	FY2000
Number of producers Number of tons taxed Average value per ton	5 32,185,754 \$7.75	5 33,271,338 \$ 7.49	5 35,501,422 \$ <u>6.78</u>	5 34,975,407 \$ <u>6.00</u>	5 35,077,422 \$ <u>6.43</u>
Total Tax	\$ 36,260,949	\$ 37,740,212	\$ 35,045,243	\$ 36,767,488	\$ 35,469,791

#### Distribution of Coal Severance Tax Revenue

Coal severance tax collections are distributed to several trusts, funds, and programs, with 50% of revenues deposited into the Permanent Coal Trust Fund as mandated by the state constitution. The following table details current law coal severance tax distributions.

DISTRIBUTION OF COAL SEVERANCE TAX REVENUE					
50.00%					
26.79%					
12.00%					
8.36%					
1.27%					
0.95%					
_0.63%					
100.00%					

#### PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST OF THE COAL PERMANENT TRUST FUND

	Prin	cipal	Interest		
Fund	6/30/99	6/30/00	FY99	<u>FY00</u>	
Coal Severance Tax Bond Fund	\$ 11,066,948	\$ 6,933,282	\$ N/A*	\$ N/A*	
Treasure State Endowment Fund Coal Severance Tax Permanent Fund Treasure State Endowment Regional	64,749,752 541,587,573	76,976,715 544,861,285	5,030,847 41,177,971	5,123,375 39,195,203	
Water System Fund Coal Severance Tax School Bond	0	3,441,977	0	32,058	
Contingency Loan Fund	2,177,740	2,177,740	N/A*	N/A*	
TOTAL	\$ 619,582,013	\$ 634,390,999	\$ 46,208,818	\$ 44,350,636	
*Interest on these funds is credited to the	other trust funds				

# Coal Gross Proceeds Tax

Before 1989, the coal gross proceeds tax was determined by calculating a taxable value of the coal (45% of gross proceeds) and then applying the mill levies of all applicable taxing jurisdictions. Legislation passed during the 1989 special session established a statewide 5% flat tax on coal gross proceeds. The gross proceeds of coal are determined by multiplying the number of tons produced times the contract sales price.

Tax Year Production	Tons	Gross Value	Gross Proceeds	Tax
1996 Production	33,246,326	\$ 351,392,113	\$ 249,836,850	\$ 12,491,842
1997 Production	33,772,470	\$ 351,551,736	\$ 250,878,184	\$ 12,543,909
1998 Production	36,195,263	\$ 308,119,966	\$ 217,415,975	\$ 10,870,799
1999 Production	35,656,533	\$ 323,056,504	\$ 229,967,925	\$ 11,498,396

#### OIL AND NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION TAX

The 1995 Montana Legislature replaced all existing state and local extraction taxes on all oil and natural gas production with a single production tax based on the type of well and type of production. This tax became effective January 1, 1996.

The Oil and Gas Production Tax is filed and paid quarterly to the state. Total gross value is computed as the product of the total number of barrels or thousand cubic feet (MCF) produced each month and the average well head value per unit. Producers are allowed to deduct any oil or gas produced that is used in the operation of the well

OIL AND NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION TAX REVENUE COLLECTIONS				
OlL	FY1999	FY2000		
State Share General Fund Board of Oil and Gas Resource Indemnity Total State Oil	\$ 6,481,338 497,564 <u>818,342</u> \$ 7,797,244	\$ 10,267,783 863,810 <u>1,140,215</u> \$12,271,808		
Local Share Total Local Oil	\$ 12,664,440	\$ 20,292,613		
Total State & Local Oil	<u>\$ 20,461,684</u>	\$ <u>32,564,421</u>		
NATURAL GAS	FY99	FY00_		
State Share General Fund Board of Oil and Gas Resource Indemnity Total State Gas	\$ 1,024,279 152,893 <u>247,196</u> \$ 1,348,740	\$ 1,094,959 191,647 <u>258,876</u> \$ 1,545,481		
Local Share Total Local Gas	\$ _8,943,349	\$ <u>9,660,419</u>		
Total State & Local Gas	<u>\$ 10,367,718</u>	\$ <u>11,205,901</u>		
TOTAL OIL AND GAS				
Total State & Local Oil and Gas	\$ 30,829,402	\$ 43,770,322		

#### OIL AND NATURAL GAS TAX RATES

The 1999 legislature simplified the structure of oil and gas production tax rates. Effective January 1, 2000, the legislature consolidated tax rates, revised the definition of qualifying production, shortened incentive periods for qualifying production, and replaced Pre-1985 and Post-1985 categories with Pre-1999 and Post-1999. The Pre-1999 classification includes all wells drilled before January 1, 1999, while the Post-1999 classification refers to wells drilled on or after January 1, 1999. (MCA 15-36-304)

OIL PRODUCTION TAX RATES	
Royalties	15.1%
Pre-1999 wells not in another category	12.8%
Post-1999 wells not in another category	9.3%
Incremental production from secondary recovery	8.8%
Incremental production from tertiary recovery	6.1%
New horizontally recompleted wells and first 10 barrels per day from wells producing 3 to 15 barrels per day	5.8%
New production and wells producing less than 3 barrels per day	0.8%

NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION TAX RA	ATES
Royalties and regular production from pre-1999 wells	15.1%
Regular production post-1999 wells and all horizontally completed wells	9.3%
Pre-1999 wells producing less than 60 thousand cubic feet per day	11.3%
The first 12 months of new well production from post-1999 wells	0.8%

#### DISTRIBUTION OF OIL AND NATURAL GAS REVENUES

Revenue from the Oil and Gas Production Tax is divided between the state general fund, the resource indemnity and ground water assessment tax (RIGWAT), the Board of Oil and Gas Conservation (BOGC) and local governments. The four allocation formulas displayed in the box to the right show the distribution percentages for each different type of oil and gas production. (MCA15-36-324)

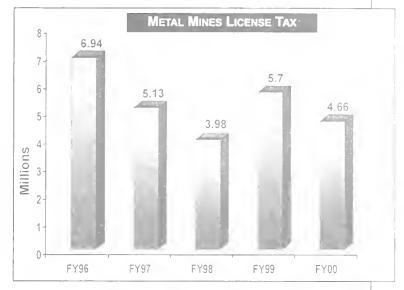
DISTRIBUTION PERCENTAGES FOR OIL AND NATURAL GAS REVENUES						
New Gas Wells, New Oil Wells, and Oil Wells Producing Less than 3 Barrels per Day						
RIGWAT	62.500%					
Board of Oil and Gas	37.500%					
New Horizontally Recompleted Oil Wells						
General Fund	86.210%					
RIGWAT	8.620%					
Board of Oil and Gas	5.170%					
Gas Royalties and Other Gas Production						
General Fund	10.752%					
RIGWAT	2.030%					
Board of Oil and Gas	1.218%					
Local Share	86.000%					
Oil Royalties and Other Oil Production						
General Fund	33.881%					
RIGWAT	3.388%					
Board of Oil and Gas	2.032%					
Local Share	60.700%					

#### METALLIFEROUS MINES LICENSE TAX

Mining operations in which metal or gems are extracted are subject to a license tax which is based on the gross value of the product.

The first \$250,000 of gross value of concentrate shipped to a smelter, mill, or reduction work is exempt from taxation and the increment above \$250,000 is taxed at 1.81% of gross value. The first \$250,000 of gross value of gold, silver, or any platinum-group metal that is dore, bullion, or matte that is shipped to a refinery is exempt from taxation and the increment above \$250,000 is taxed at 1.6% of gross value. Shipping and refining costs are deducted from revenue to determine gross value. (MCA 15-37-102, 103)

Of the revenue collected during the biennium, 58% is deposited in the General Fund, 24% to the county or counties identified as experiencing fiscal and eco-



nomic impacts under an impact plan, 8.5% in the orphan/abandoned share special revenue account, 7% in the reclamation and development grants program special revenue account, and 2.5% in the hard-rock mining impact trust account. If no impact plan has been prepared, that 24% goes to the county in which the mine is located (MCA 15-37-117)

	FY1996	FY1997	FY1998	FY1999	FY2000
Number of Producers	8	14	10	5	5
Gross value	\$ 323,201,965	\$307,986,391	\$302,013,004	\$298,741,683	\$ 324,743,563
Total tax	\$ 6,941,131	\$ 5,130,434	\$ 3,975,310	\$ 5,700,013	\$ 4,660,398

#### METAL MINES GROSS PROCEEDS TAX

For property tax purposes, metal mines are valued on their gross proceeds with no deductions allowed for extraction costs. Total gross proceeds means the monetary payment or value of the refined metal received by the mining company from the metal trader, smelter, roaster or refinery, less basic treatment and refinery charges; costs of transporting the mineral product from the mine or mill to the smelter or processor; quantity deductions; price deductions; interest; and penalty

#### METAL MINES GROSS VALUE OF PRODUCTION

	Gross Value	Taxable Value
1996 Annual Production	\$ 302,584,184	\$ 9,066,330
1997 Annual Production	\$ 301,805,597	\$ 9,049,227
1998 Annual Production	\$ 276,229,167	\$ 8,282,055
1999 Annual Production	\$ 282,110,429	\$ 8,460,977

metal, impurity, and moisture deductions as specified by contract between the mining company and the receiving metal trader, smelter, roaster, or refinery. The taxable value of metal mines is equal to 3% of annual gross proceeds. This amount is then subject to local mill levies in the jurisdictions in which the taxable value of the mining operation is allocated. Metal mines that produce less than 20,000 tons of ore in a year are exempt from property taxation on one-half of the merchantable value. (MCA 15-23-801, 802)

#### MISCELLANEOUS MINES NET PROCEEDS TAX

For property tax purposes, mines producing gems, vermiculite, bentonite, talc, limerock, gypsum, phosphate, silica, chlorite, and any other mineral except coal and metals are valued at 100% of the annual net proceeds. Net proceeds are determined by subtracting from the gross yield or value, specific costs allowed by statute, except for talc, vermiculite, and quicklime the gross yield or value is arrived at by multiplying the number of tons extracted, produced, and treated or sold by a specific price calculated each year by statute. This value becomes the net proceeds for these three minerals. The net proceeds or taxable value amounts are then subject to local mill levies in the jurisdictions in which the mining operation is located. (MCA 15-23-501-523)

Miscellaneous Mines Net Proceeds Tax						
Tax Year	_Tons_	Gross Value	Net Proceeds	Taxable Royalties	Taxable Value	
1996 Production 1997 Production 1999 Production 2000 Production	4,353,042 2,546,160	\$ 17,661,045 \$ 22,627,631 \$ 18,073,480 \$ 15,6127,644	\$ 6,704,050 \$ 7,076,916 \$ 6,908,942 \$ 4,770,722	\$ 169,684 \$ 421,834 \$ 289,372 \$ 0	\$ 6,873,734 \$ 7,498,750 \$ 7,198,314 \$ 4,770,722	

#### RESOURCE INDEMNITY AND GROUNDWATER ASSESSMENT TAX (RIGWAT)

All producers of nonrenewable resources are required to pay a resource indemnity tax at the rates itemized in the table to the right.

Tax collections are deposited 14.1% in a ground-water assessment account, 10% in the renewable resource grant and loan program, 30% to the reclamation and grants account, \$200,000 per year to the orphan share account, and the remainder to the Resource Indemnity Trust Fund. Prior to FY96, a portion (revenues from mines with gross value greater than \$250,000)

RIGWAT TAXATION RATES	
Mineral	Tax
Talc Coal Vermiculite Quicklime Industrial Garnets Other	\$25 plus 4% of gross value \$25 plus 0.4% of gross value \$25 plus 2% of gross value \$25 plus 10% of gross value \$25 plus 1% of gross value \$25 plus 0.5% of gross value

of revenues from the Metal Mines License Tax was allocated to RIGWAT. Metal mines with less than \$250,000 in gross revenue pay the RIGWAT rather than the metal mines license tax. The interest from the trust is used to develop Montana's water resources and to fund other projects to improve the environment. (MCA 15-38-104, 106, 202)

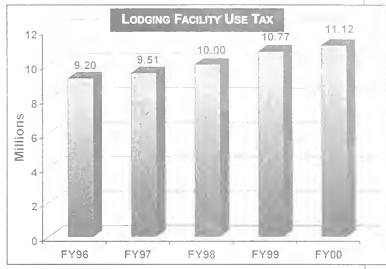
RIG	WAT TAX Collections By M	MINERAL
<u>Mineral</u>	<u>FY 99</u>	<u>FY 00</u>
Coal Metals Other	\$ 1,067,298 1,078 <u>203,363</u>	\$ 1,034,506 0 <u>288,595</u>
Total	\$ 1,271,739	\$ 1,323,101

#### LODGING FACILITY USE TAX

A tax is imposed on users of overnight lodging facilities. This tax is 4% of the lodging charge and is collected by the owner or operator of the facility.

LODGING FACILITY US	SE TAX COLLECTIONS
	\$ 9,197,924
	\$ 9,509,673
l .	\$10,008,143
	\$10,773,706 \$11,119,551
1 12000	9 11,110,001

Proceeds from the tax are deposited in a state special revenue fund to the credit of the Department of Revenue. Department administrative costs are paid, various state funds are reimbursed for taxes paid by state agencies for in-state lodging and \$400,000 each year goes to Mentana Heritage Preservation Fund.

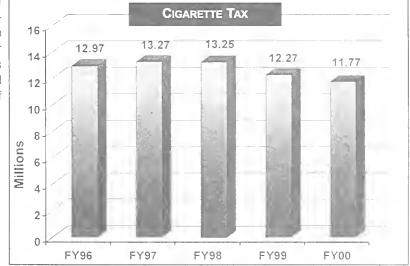


year goes to Montana Heritage Preservation Fund. The balance is distributed: 67.5% to the Department of Commerce for its direct use, 1% to the Montana Historical Society, 2.5% to the university system for the Montana Travel Research Program, and 6.5% to the Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks for maintenance of facilities. The remaining 22.5% goes to various regional nonprofit tourism corporations unless that particular city-county area collects in excess of \$35,000 in proceeds annually. In this instance, half of the amount available for distribution to the nonprofit tourism corporation would instead go to a nonprofit convention and visitors bureau in that city-county region. (MCA 15-65-111, 15-65-121)

#### CIGARETTE TAX

Montana cigarette wholesalers pre-collect a tax of 18¢ per package of 20 cigarettes. The tax is included in the retail price of the cigarettes. A tax insignia must be affixed to each package by the wholesaler licensed to purchase insignias at face value less allowances to defray costs of affixing insignias and pre-collecting the tax on behalf of the State of Montana.

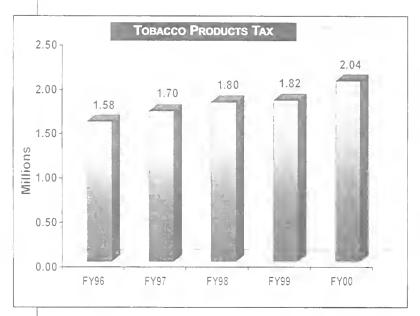
CIGARETTE 7	TAX COLLECTIONS
FY1996	\$ 12,969,137
FY1997	\$ 13,267,374
FY1998	\$ 13,245,000
FY1999	\$ 12,265,347
FY2000	\$ 11,766,271



Cigarette tax revenues, after tribal revenue sharing

payments, are distributed 73.04% to the General Fund; 15.85% to the Long-Range Building Account; and 11.11% to the Department of Public Health and Human Services. (MCA, 16-11-111; 16-11-119)

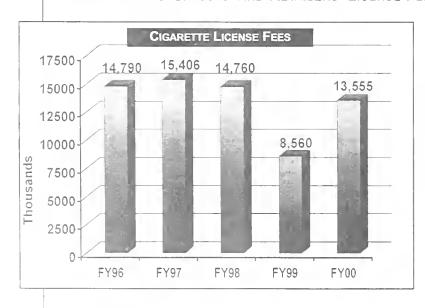
#### TOBACCO PRODUCTS TAX



All tobacco products, excluding cigarettes, are subject to a tax of 12.5% of their wholesale price. The tax is collected from the wholesaler less a 5% defrayment for collection and administrative expenses. Tobacco products tax revenues, after tribal revenue sharing payments, are deposited in the General Fund. (MCA 16-11-206; 16-11-202)

TOBACCO PRODUCTS	Tax Collections
FY1996	\$ 1.579.547
FY1997	\$ 1,702,313
FY1998	\$ 1.801,084
FY1999	\$ 1.817.971
FY2000	\$ 2,042,241

#### CIGARETTE WHOLESALERS' AND RETAILERS' LICENSE FEES



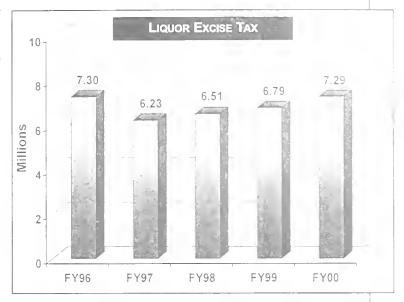
A license fee is imposed on cigarette dealers in Montana. Wholesalers, subjobbers and vendors (possessing 10 or more machines) pay an annual license fee of \$50. Retailers and vendors (possessing 9 or fewer machines) pay an annual license fee of \$5. (MCA 16-11-120)

CIGARETTE LICENSE FEE COLLECTIONS	
FY1996	\$14,790
FY1997	\$15,406
FY1998	\$14,760
FY1999	\$ 8,560
FY2000	\$13,555

#### LIQUOR EXCISE TAX

The Department of Revenue collects an excise tax of 16% of the retail selling price on all liquor sold by the state. The excise tax on products sold by companies whose annual sales do not exceed 200,000 proof gallons of liquor nationwide in the preceding year, is 13.8%. Collections are deposited with the State Treasurer, to the credit of the General Fund. (MCA 16-1-401)

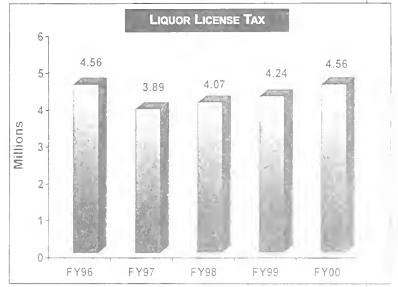
Liquor Excise	Tax Collections
FY1996	\$ 7,304,750
FY1997	\$ 6,230,501
FY1998	\$ 6,515,413
FY1999	\$ 6,786,469
FY2000	\$ 7,292,796



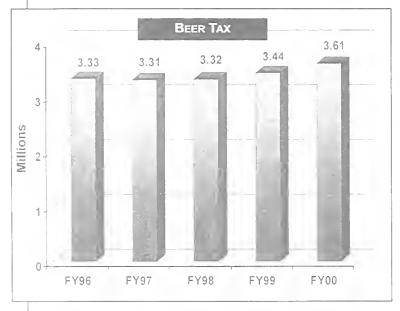
#### LIQUOR LICENSE TAX

A license tax equal to 10% of the retail selling price of all liquor sold by the state is levied in Montana. The license tax is in addition to the liquor excise tax. The liquor license tax on products sold by companies whose annual sales do not exceed 200,000 proof gallons of liquor nationwide in the preceding year is 8.6%. Collections are deposited 65.5% to Department of Health and Human Services, 31% to cities and towns, and 4.5% to counties. (MCA 16-1-404)

LIQUOR LICENSE TA	x Collections
FY1996	\$ 4,564,287
FY1997	\$ 3,893,221
FY1998	\$ 4,069,693
FY1999	\$ 4,238,338
FY2000	\$ 4,560,286



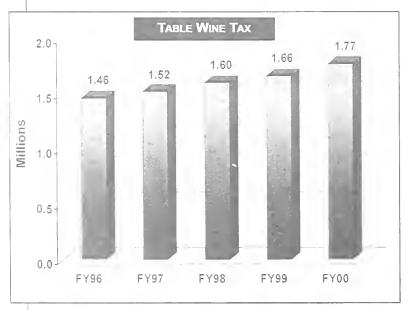
#### BEER TAX



A monthly tax of \$4.30 per barrel of thirty-one gallons is imposed on beer sold by any Montana wholesaler. This tax applies to all beer whether brewed in this state or imported from outside. Beer tax revenues are deposited 65.12% to cities and towns, and 23.25% to the Department of Public Health and Human Services for treatment, rehabilitation and prevention of alcoholism, and 11.63% to the General Fund. A small portion of beer tax revenue is refunded from the General Fund to the tribes that have a revenue-sharing agreement with the state. (MCA 16-1-406)

BEER TAX COLLECTIONS	
FY1996 FY1997 FY1998 FY1999 FY2000	\$3,329,867 \$3,318,448 \$3,324,479 \$3,443,466 \$3,613,076

#### TABLE WINE TAX



A tax of 27¢ per liter on table wine and a tax of 3.7¢ per liter on hard cider is levied on the amount imported by any distributor or the Department of Revenue. The revenues collected from the tax are deposited 59% to the General Fund, 31% to the Department of Public Health and Human Services for treatment, rehabilitation and prevention of alcoholism, 5% to counties, and 5% to cities and towns. A small portion of wine tax revenue is refunded from the General Fund to the tribes that have a revenue-sharing agreement with the state. (MCA 16-1-411)

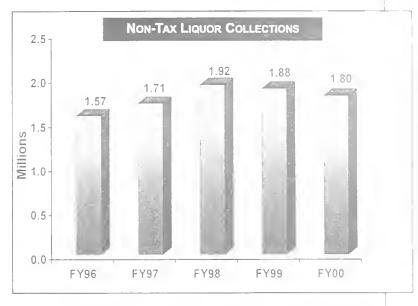
TABLE WINE	TAX COLLECTIONS
FY1996	\$ 1,459,901
FY1997	\$ 1,525,375
FY1998	\$ 1,600,500
FY1999	\$ 1,661,112
FY2000	\$ 1,767,654

## NONTAX ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE LICENSE & FEE COLLECTIONS

All-Beverage Licenses issued in cities with populations of 10,000 or more are subject to a one-time fee of \$20,000. In cities of 10,000 population or larger, an annual renewal fee of \$800 is charged. Smaller cities and towns require lower fees

Non-Tax Lig	UOR COLLECTIONS
FY1996	\$ 1,569,923
FY1997	\$ 1,711,383
FY1998	\$ 1,925,247
FY1999	\$ 1,847,265
FY2000	\$ 1,798,601

The number of licenses available in any given area depends on the population. Nationally chartered veterans organizations, airlines, railroads,



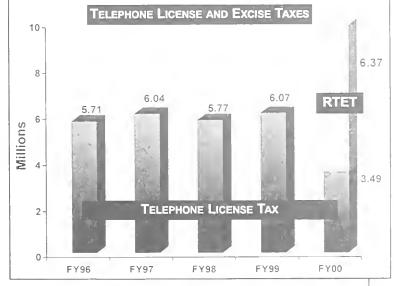
resorts and caterers pay specific fees different from those collected for other liquor licenses. Liquor license fees are deposited in the General Fund. Following the passage of HB574 in 1995, the state warehouses liquor and sells the liquor to authorized agencies statewide at a price sufficient to cover expenses. The state uses a contracted carrier to transport liquor to each agency. (MCA 16-4-201 - 16-4-210)

## TELEPHONE COMPANY LICENSE TAX AND RETAIL TELECOMMUNICATIONS EXCISE TAX (RTET)

Through 1999, Montana levied a telephone company license tax of 1.8% on the gross revenue that telephone companies earned from in-state telephone calls.

TELEPHONE LICENSE TAX COLLECTIONS '96 - '00 TELEPHONE EXCISE TAX COLLECTIONS '00			
FY1996 FY1997 FY1998 FY1999 FY2000	\$ 5,711,933 \$ 6,045,081 \$ 5,773,341 \$ 6,036,769 \$ 3,490,590	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A \$ 6,366,299	

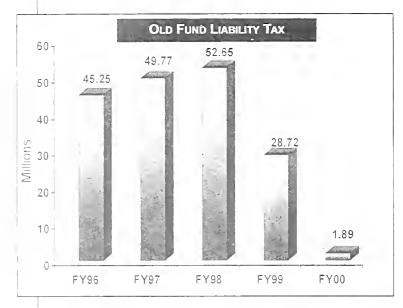
On January 1, 2000, this tax was replaced by the retail telecommunications excise tax, with a rate of 3.75%. This is a tax on retail sales of telecommunications services where one end of the transmission is in Montana and the bill is sent to a Montana



address. All receipts of both the telephone company license tax and the retail telecommunications excise tax are deposited in the General Fund. (MCA 15-53-128, 156)

## OTHER TAXES

#### OLD FUND LIABILITY TAX

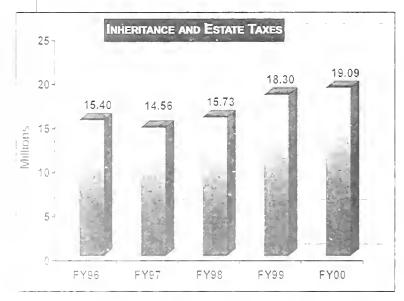


OLD FUND LIAE	BILITY TAX COLLECTIONS
FY1996	\$ 45,254,475
FY1997	\$ 49,770,930
FY1998	\$ 52,650.637
FY1999	\$ 28,722,230
FY2000	\$ 1,892,208

Effective July 1, 1993 the Old Fund Liability Tax replaced the Workers' Compensation Payroll Tax. For FY94, employers paid a 0.5% tax on payroll and employees paid a 0.2% tax, with some exceptions. The self-employed paid a 0.1% tax for tax year 1993 and 0.2% for tax year 1994. The revenue from this tax goes to the workers' compensation tax account in the state special revenue fund for bond repayment.

Any surplus must be used to reduce the unfunded liability in the state fund incurred for claims for injuries that occurred prior to July 1, 1990. Effective December 31, 1998, the OFLT is no longer levied, due to sufficient funds in the account. (MCA 39-71-2505)

#### INHERITANCE AND ESTATE TAXES



Montana's inheritance tax is levied on bequests made by Montana residents and on bequests of real property located in Montana. Bequests to surviving spouses and descendants are exempt, as are properties of a closely held business when left to a close relative. Tax rates depend on the relationship between the deceased and the heirs and on the size of the estate.

INHERITANCE AND E	STATE TAX COLLECTIONS
FY1996	\$ 15,404,110
FY1997	\$ 14,562,382
FY1998	\$ 15,726,605
FY1999	\$ 18,301,680
FY2000	\$ 19,038,785

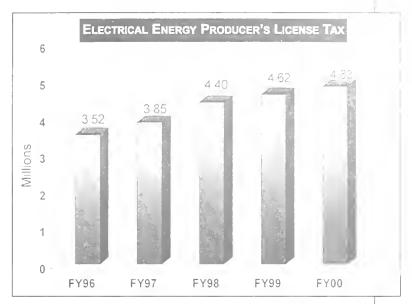
The federal estate tax allows a credit for state inher-

Lance and estate taxes. Moritana's estate tax is equal to the difference between inheritance taxes owed by an estate and the maximum credit against federal estate taxes. Montana's inheritance tax was repealed by the passage of 115 in November 2000. As a result, the Inheritance Tax will not apply to bequests made on or after Lanuary 1, 2001. The estate tax will continue to apply. Inheritance and estate tax collections are deposited in the General Fund. 1/104,701-107.

#### ELECTRICAL ENERGY PRODUCERS' LICENSE TAX

A quarterly tax is imposed on any business in the state engaged in the generation of electrical energy. The tax is \$.0002 per kilowatt hour of electrical energy generated, manufactured or produced. Electric energy producers license tax collections are deposited in the General Fund (MCA 15-51-101)

ELECTRICAL ENERGY	TAX COLLECTIONS
FY1996	\$ 3,520,407
FY1997	\$ 3,849,052
FY1998	\$ 4,401,728
FY1999	\$ 4,618,433
FY2000	\$ 4,829,002



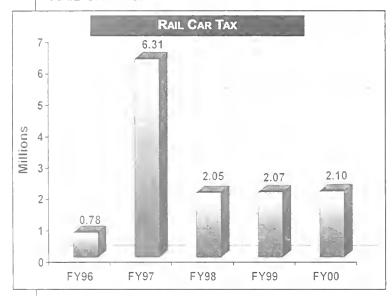
#### WHOLESALE ENERGY TRANSACTION TAX

The Wholesale Energy Transaction (WET) Tax generates revenue by taxing electric energy generation within Montana. HB174 (1999) reduced the taxable valuation rate applied to electric energy generation assets from 12% to 6%. To provide general fund replacement revenue from this change, HB174 also imposed a new Wholesale Energy Transaction (WET) Tax at a rate of \$0.00015 per kilowatt hour (Kwh) on all electricity transmitted by a transmission service provided in the state. The new tax, effective January 1, 2000, is paid on a quarterly basis; hence, fiscal 2000 only received two quarters worth of payments from this new tax. By statute, 100% of the Wholesale Energy Transaction Tax is deposited in the state General Fund. (MCA 15-72-101)

WHOLESALE ENERGY TRANSACTION TAX

FY2000 \$ 1,705,093

#### RAIL CAR TAX



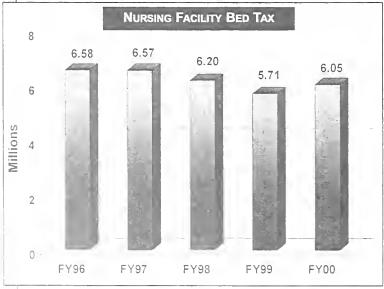
The Rail Car Tax provides for the central assessment of rail car companies' operating properties. The rail car tax is a tax assessed on the rolling stock of freight line companies. Section 15-23-214, MCA, states that the tax shall be computed by multiplying the taxable value of the property by the average statewide mill levy for commercial and industrial property. The General Fund receives 100% of the rail car tax revenue.

The large increase in General Fund collections in fiscal 1997 is due to a settlement agreement as a result of federal court litigation. The settlement brought in revenues due from prior years. (MCA 15-23-101; 214)

	RAIL CAR TAX
FY1996	\$ 780,125
FY1997	\$6,309,000
FY1998	\$2,054,244
FY1999	\$2,074,000
FY2000	\$2,100,600

#### NURSING FACILITY BED TAX

Nursing facilities in Montana pay a utilization fee of \$2.80 for each occupied bed day. All revenues are deposited to the General Fund. (MCA Title 15, Chapter 60)

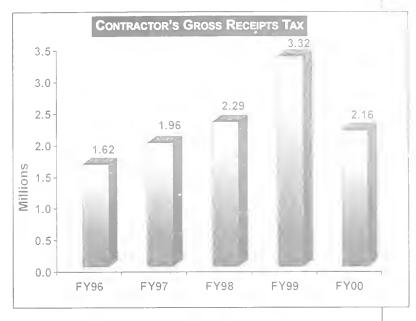


Nursing Facility	BED TAX COLLECTIONS
FY1996	\$6,579,620
FY1997	\$6,572,123
FY1998	\$6,200,413
FY1999	\$5,713,357
FY2000	\$6,054,947

#### Public Contractors' Gross Receipts Tax

Prime contractors and all levels of subcontractors must pay a tax amounting to 1% of all public contracts over \$5,000. Contractors can obtain part or all of the tax back by requesting refunds for personal property taxes paid on assets used in their contracting business and by claiming credit on their individual Montana income tax return or Montana Corporation License Tax return. Revenues are deposited to the credit of the General Fund (MCA 15-50-101)

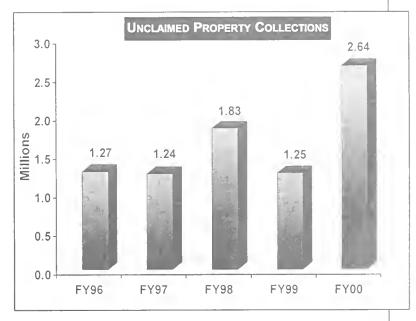
	N'S GROSS RECEIPTS TAX Collections
FY1996	\$1,621,441
FY1997	\$1,963,791
FY1998	\$2,290,944
FY1999	\$3,320,402
FY2000	\$2,162,223



#### UNCLAIMED / ABANDONED PROPERTY

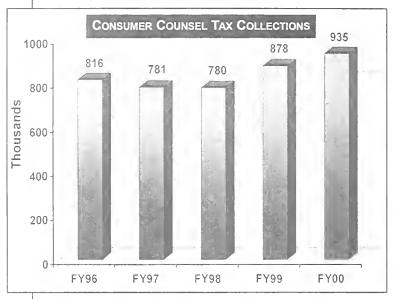
Under Montana's Uniform Unclaimed Property Act any intangible, and certain tangible property, unclaimed by its owner must be turned over to the Department of Revenue. Montana is considered a "custodial state" and holds such property on behalf of the owners of lost or abandoned property. The department maintains records on all abandoned property reported in Montana. Reports filed by holders of abandoned property (banks and insurance companies for instance) may be examined by the public.

UNCLAIMED PROP	PERTY COLLECTIONS
FY1996 FY1997 FY1998 FY1999 FY2000	\$ 1,272,859 \$ 1,240,407 \$ 1,831,638 \$ 1,247,508 \$ 2,637,532



All collections over \$100,000 (the amount allocated to the agency refund account) are transferred to the state's General Fund. The refund period for items valued at over \$50 is unlimited. Interest and dividends earned on the property are non-refundable. (MCA 70-9-801)

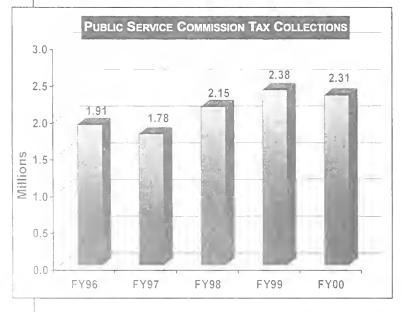
## CONSUMER COUNSEL TAX



All companies providing services which are regulated by the Public Service Commission are subject to a quarterly Consumer Counsel Tax on gross operating revenue. The tax rate is set annually for the succeeding fiscal year to cover appropriations to the office of the consumer counsel. All collections are deposited in a state special revenue fund. (MCA 69-1-201;223;224)

CONSUMER COUNSE	L TAX COLLECTIONS
FY1996	\$ 815,801
FY1997	\$ 781,279
FY1998	\$ 779,809
FY1999	\$ 877,935
FY2000	\$ 934,826

## PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TAX



All companies providing services which are regulated by the Public Service Commission are subject to a quarterly tax on gross revenues excluding revenues from sales to other regulated companies for resale. The tax rate is set annually for the succeeding fiscal year. All collections are deposited in a state special revenue fund. (MCA 69-1-402)

# PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TAX COLLECTIONS FY1996 \$ 1,915,092 FY1997 \$ 1,780,150 FY1998 \$ 2,154,289 FY1999 \$ 2,383,511 FY2000 \$ 2,309,137

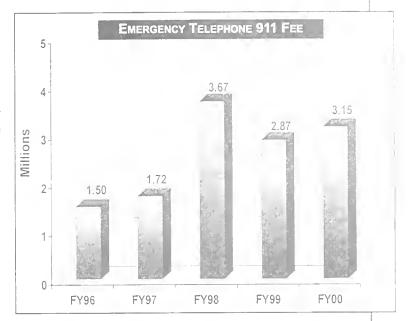
## STATEWIDE EMERGENCY TELEPHONE 911 SYSTEM FEE

A fee of 50¢ a month per access line (before July 1, 1997 the fee was 25¢) on each service subscriber in the state is imposed on the amount charged for telephone exchange access services. Services that the state is prohibited from taxing and coin operated public telephones are exempt from this fee. The fee revenue is deposited in a special revenue fund for the development of emergency 9-1-1 systems in the state. (MCA 10-4-201)

#### EMERGENCY TELEPHONE 911 FEE COLLECTIONS

FY1996 \$ 1,501,596 FY1997 \$ 1,719,562 FY1998\* \$ 3,666,571 FY1999 \$ 2,868,094 FY2000 \$ 3,145,387

\* rate changed from 25¢ to 50¢

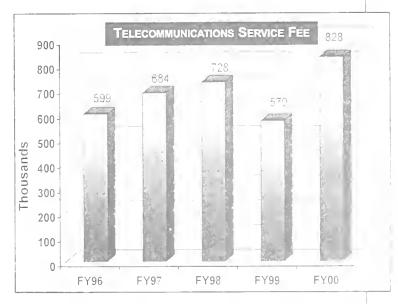


## TDD TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE FEE

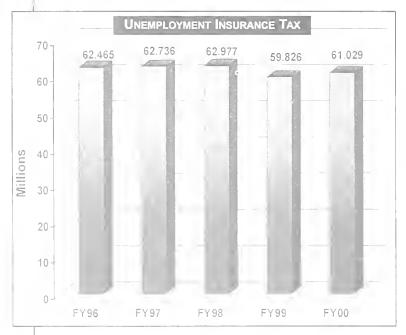
A fee of 10¢ a month per access line on each service subscriber in the state is imposed on the amount charged for telephone exchange access services. The revenue from this fee is deposited in the telecommunications special revenue fund for the physically disabled that are unable to use traditional telecommunications equipment. This fund is used to provide telecommunications devices for the deaf (TDD). (MCA 53-19-311.)

#### TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE FEE

FY1996 \$ 598,763 FY1997 \$ 683,717 FY1998 \$ 728,017 FY1999 \$ 570,089 FY2000 \$ 828,183



#### UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE TAX



In July 1997, the Department of Revenue and the Department of Labor and Industry Unemployment Insurance Division entered into a cooperative agreement which delegates certain Unemployment Insurance tax collection and related activities to the Department of Revenue. The tax collection activities include establishing employer experience rating, determining employer class, calculating the tax liability, tax collection and compliance. Each employer is included into an appropriate class of covered employers. Based on the employer's type of coverage a tax rate is calculated based on the contribution rate schedule and the employers reserve ratio. (MCA 39-51-101)

UNEMPLOY	MENT INSURANCE TAX
FY1996	\$ 62,465,253
FY1997	\$ 62,735,866
FY1998	\$ 62,976,826
FY1999	\$ 59,826,218
FY2000	\$ 61,028,845

#### CEMENT AND GYPSUM TAXES AND LICENSES

Producers and importers of cement and cement products are required to pay a license tax of \$0.22 per ton. Producers and improters of gypsum and gypsum products are required to pay \$0.05 per ton. Before July 1, 1997, individuals retailing cement and gypsum products in Montana paid a license tax of \$0.22 and \$0.05, respectively, for every ton that had not been paid for under any other law. This tax on retailers was repealed in House Bill 274 of the 1997 legislative session. All cement and gypsum collections are deposited in the general fund. (MCA 15-59-101)

CEMENT TAX COLLECTIONS		
FY1996 FY1997 FY1998 FY1999 FY2000	\$ 146,828 \$ 147,379 \$ 147,705 \$ 153,393 \$ 142,204	

#### THE DEPARTMENT'S ROLE

The Department of Revenue is responsible for insuring that all property in the state is treated fairly. The department's duties include the appraisal, assessment, and equalization of the value of all property in the state for the purpose of taxation. The rate of tax on the various classes of property and the establishment of the actual class es is a function of the Legislature.

Property, owned by companies, that is single and continuous and is in more than one county (such as rail to set telecommunications, electric utilities, and pipelines) is centrally assessed by the Department of Revenue Took, uation is apportioned to counties and other jurisdictions on a mileage basis or other basis judged to be able and proper."

In 1975, the legislature required the Department of Revenue to administer and supervise a program of the uation every five years of all taxable property within the state. In 1991, the legislature reduced future reaptocycles to three years beginning January 1, 1997. Revaluations (more commonly called reappraisal cycles and designed to insure that all property is taxed on current structural and market information.

Montana's second statewide reappraisal was completed in 1985; its third in 1992. The state's fourth reappraisal was completed on December 31, 1996. The 1997 Legislature passed Senate Bill 195 which mitigated the intract of the reappraisal values by phasing-in those values at the rate of 2% per year and by reducing the tax rate by 022 points per year. The SB195 phase-in values were used for tax years 1997 and 1998. The 1999 Legislature once again addressed the impacts of the 1997 reappraisal with Senate Bill 184.

To mitigate the impacts of the 1997 reappraisal, SB184 phases-in the changes in assessed values of agricultural land (class 3), residential and commercial properties (class 4), and forest land (class 10), over a 4-year period beginning in tax year 1999. SB184 establishes a residential homestead exemption for the first time in Montana (rental property, including duplexes, triplexes, fourplexes, etc., is considered residential property). SB184 also provides a similar exemption for commercial properties. The exemption excludes a specified percentage of the market value of a homestead property from taxation. The bill also reduces the taxable valuation rates for classes 3, 4, and 10.

The homestead exemption percentage of market value excluded from taxation for commercial and residential property, and the reduction of taxable valuation rates are listed below:

	Homestead	Homestead Exemption Taxable Valuation Ra							
Tax_Year	Residential	Commercial	Class 3 & 4	Class 10					
1999	16.0%	6.5%	3.710%	0.68%					
2000	23.0%	9.0%	3.627%	0.57%					
2001	27.5%	11.0%	3.543%	0.46%					
2002 and after	31.0%	13.0%	3.460%	0.35%					

SB184 also exempts from property tax the amount of residential land value that is in excess of 75% of the value of residential improvements situated on the land (up to 5 acres of land). For example, if a parcel of land valued at \$90,000 has a residential dwelling valued at \$100,000 on it, then \$15,000 of the land value is exempt from tax.

#### OTHER SIGNIFICANT PROPERTY TAX BILLS PASSED BY THE 1999 LEGISLATURE

- 1. SB200 exempts from property tax the business equipment of those entities owning equipment that has a total market value of \$5,000 or less and reduces the taxable rate from 6% to 3%. SB200 also phases down the taxable rate for Class 6 (Livestock) from 4% to 0% over a 4-year period beginning in tax year 2000.
- 2 HB128 imposes a new excise tax of 3.75% on the sales price of retail telecommunication services and repeals the current law Telephone Company License Tax. The excise tax on telecommunication services is applied to two-way transmission of voice, image, data, or other information that originates or terminates in Montana, and is billed to a customer with a Montana service address. The bill moves Class 9 telecommunication property from Class 9 with a taxable rate of 12% to a newly created Class 13. Class 13 property has a taxable rate of 6% applied to market value. Class 7 rural telecommunication service provider property previously with a taxable rate of 8% is moved to Class 5 with a taxable rate of 3%.
- 3. HB174 imposes a new wholesale energy transaction (WET) tax on all electricity that is sold in the state. The tax is applied to electricity produced in Montana for sale in or out of the state and electricity imported into Montana from other sources. HB174 also moves electrical generation property, including coal fired generation plants and hydro-electric producing dams, from class 9 centrally assessed property with a taxable rate of 12°- to new Class 13 centrally assessed property. The tax rate on Class 13 property is established at 6%.
- SB111 exempts intangible personal property from property taxation. Historically, the department has only taxed intangible personal property associated with centrally assessed properties. Phase-in provisions contained in the bit apply only to the intangible personal property of centrally assessed companies. The exemption is phased in over three years. In tax year 2000, one-tenth of intangible personal property will be exempt from taxation. In tax year 2001, two-thirds of intangible personal property will be exempt from taxation. In tax year 2002, all intangible personal property of centrally assessed companies will be exempt.
- 5. SB274 exempts from taxation the personal property of businesses, contractors, and subcontractors that engage in the design, manufacture, launch, repair and maintenance of space vehicles in the state. This incentive was provided in an effort to encourage the Venture Star Program to locate a space shuttle launching site in Montana. The legislation will only have an impact if the Venture Star Program locates in Montana.
- 6. SB532 provides an exemption from tax for business equipment and livestock of "industrial dairies". An industrial dairy must operate with at least 1,000 milking cows and includes the integral machinery and equipment used to produce milk and milk products for export from the state. Montana currently does not have an industrial dairy
- 7. SB192 exempts the income of Internet access service providers from the Telephone Company License Tax. Under HB128, the Telephone Company License Tax is repealed effective January 1, 2000; it will be replaced by the new Telecommunications Excise Tax, which also will not be applied to the income of Internet access service providers under provisions of federal law
- 3. HB418 provided for an exemption from real and personal property taxes for property of veteran's club-houses of fraternal organizations that currently have a liquor bar. Other types of fraternal organizations received this exemption during the 1997 legislative session; this exemption provides equality in treatment of all fraternal organizations.
- 9 HB479 provided for an abatement of property taxes for "newly acquired aircraft" and "newly acquired equipment" of air the companies. The newly acquired property is taxed at 28% of full and true value in its first team with value increasing by 8% each year until full and true value is reached. The bill impacts one airline company only.
  - SB16T exempts by income rental nousing from property taxation if it meets rent-restriction and other criteria. The nousing must be built by an entity in which a general partner is a nonprofit corporation exempt from exect or under 26 U.S.C. 501(a)(3), or meets other qualifying criteria.

#### CALCULATION OF PROPERTY TAXES

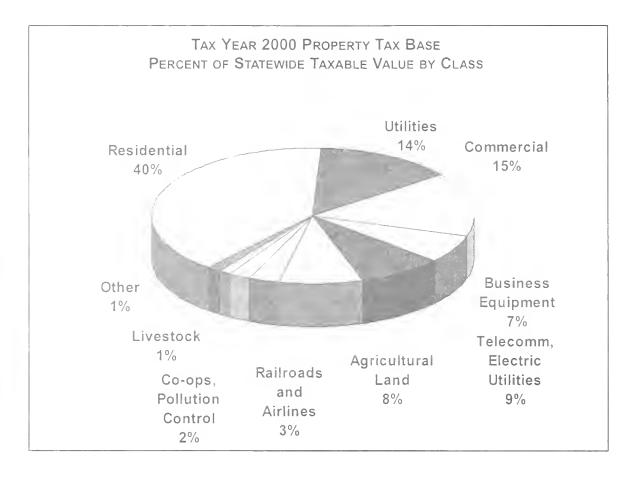
Property tax liability is based on the assessed value of the property, the statutory taxable rate for the class cappingenty to which it belongs, and the mill levy in the jurisdiction in which the property is located. Property tax bability is calculated as follows (Class 4 property has an additional step subtracting the residential and commercial homestead from the assessed value.):

## Assessed Value x Taxable Rate = Taxable Value Taxable Value x Mill Levy = Property Tax Liability

Following is an example of a property tax liability computation for a home using a mill levy of 394 mills. A mill is a tenth of a cent, so a levy of 394 mills translates to \$394 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation.

COMPUTATION OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY TAX LIAB	BILITY - TAX	YEAR 2001
Assessed Value (market value) Homestead	\$	100,000 27.5%
Amount Exempted due to Homestead	\$	27,500
Market Value minus Exempted Amount	S	72,500
Taxable Valuation Rate (Class 4 = 3.543%)	Х	.03543
Taxable Value (\$72,500 x 0.543)	S	2,568.68
Mill Łevy (394 mills)	X	394
Property Tax Liability	\$_ =	1,012.06

	PROPERTY CLASS	IFICATION FOR	Tax Purposes	
Cla	ass/Description	2000 Rate	2001 Rate	MCA Cite
1	Net Proceeds	100.000%	100.000%	15-6-131
2	Gross Proceeds	3.000%	3.000%	15-6-132
3	Agricultural Land	3.627%	3.543%	15-6-133
4	Real Residential & Commercial Property	3.627%	3.543%	15-6-134
5	Co-operatives and Pollution Control	3.000%	3.000%	15-6-135
6	Livestock	3.000%	2.000%	15-6-136
7	Qualifying Rural Electric Associations	8.000%	8.000%	15-6-137
8	Business Equipment	3.000%	3.000%	15-6-138
9	Pipelines, Non-electric Generating Property	12.000%	12.000%	15-6-141
10	Timber	0.570%	0.460%	15-6-143
12	Railroads and Airlines	4.270%	recalculated annually	15-6-145
13	Telecomm. and Electric Generating Property	6.000%	6.000%	15-6-156



Tax Year 20	000 State	WIDE <b>T</b> AXABLE <b>V</b>	ALUES
Class Description	Class	Taxable Value	Percent of Total
Livestock	6	\$ 17,971,637	1.07%
Agricultural Land	3	139,318,879	8.29%
Residential Real	4	669,015,067	39.83%
Commercial Real	4	251,521,120	14.97%
Business Equipment	8	112,782,734	6.71%
Co-ops & Pollution Control	5	39,008,610	2.32%
Utilities	9	230,832,978	13.74%
Railroads and Airlines	12	49,641,444	2.96%
Telecomm. Electric Utilities	13	147,142,750	8.76%
Other	1, 2, 7, 10	22,504,656	1.34%
Total		\$1,679,739,875	100.00%

## PROPERTY TAX - Statewide Property Value

DASS   Mar Process   S	Statewide Property Value	1999								2000		
CLASS   Process	Statewide Property Value											
CLSSS   Dross Process		7,0,00										
CLASS   Agrinutural land									S			
Tilbe   Promised   311   2021   1999   199			\$	276 068 509	5	8 282 057			3	a a below depth out on the server	Ş	5 450 9 15
CLASS 1 Lend and immonsheratins	Triable Imagated 3 T1: 3 62T1: Tillable Non-Imagated 3 T1: 3 62T1: Grazing 3 T1: 3 62T1: Wild Havid T1: 3 62T1: Non-Quarfied Agitand 25 9T 26 3891: Eliable Mining Claims 3 71: 3 62T1:	12 399,716 35 193 759 359 395 650 113 10 030	_	1 859 056 206 1 091 430 623 182 135 396 22 499 998 442 542		68 971 095 40 494 673 6 757 259 5 843 284 16 432		12 393 924 35 206 447 856 247 870 028 10 044		1 961 T01 005 1 149 T68 401 166 545 048 24 366 840 439 091	\$	6 62 62 6
Research   3 min   3	Class 3 Subtotal	50 732 607	\$	3 616 735 374	Ş	139 192 024		50 801 857	5	3 694 949 939	S	19911973
Rural Electron of Teleprone Co-Op (3)	Residential 3 T15: 3 62T5:  Residential Low Income			338 861 267 479 451 683 19 495 722 5 672 097 102 727 294 344 75 307 681 60,569 362 13 433 332		6 437 352 17 783 447 365 291 210 435 288 26 982 635 1 611 143 1 123 561 264 387			5	335 416 106 505 946 199 19 043 235 6 105 365,696 743 944 724 78,561 840 65 950 888 11 138 223	5	6 101 767 18 346 590 356 148 221 441 598 26 962 394 1 705 201 1 194 246 197 181
Rural Electron of Teleprone Co-Op (3)	CLASS 5											
Research and Development 01-32-1	Rural Electing and Telephone Co-Op /31 - Qualified New Industrial (35 all Poliution Control (305)		\$	24 000	\$	720			S	24 000	S	720
Lestock (4%, 2%)   S	Research and Development (0):-31: Alumnum Fleotrolytic Equipment (3):-1		**	29.053.736	\$	871,612			\$	30 899 541	S	989 989
CLASS 7 Independent Telephone (8% 3%)	Livestock (4% 35): Lease and Renta, Equipment (4% 35):		\$		\$				\$		\$	*= 139 <b>6</b> 04 232 033
Independent Telephone (8% 3%:1   \$ 23,520,270   \$ 1,881,621   \$ 1,943,344   \$ 1,55,567			\$	564 279 771	\$	22,570 979			S	599 163 729	5	17 971,637
Machinery (6%, 3%)         \$ 1,995,269,603         \$ 113,756,543         \$ 2,123,625,612         \$ 61,438,887           Farm Implements (6%, 3%)         726,378,605         43,582,991         711,706,659         21,351,600           Furniture and Fixtures (6%,3%)         651,633,271         39,098,152         565,146,504         19,684,688           Other Business Equipment (6%,3%)         332,758,426         19,310,406         343,515,240         10,301,559           Class 8 Subtotal         \$ 3,706,039,905         \$ 215,748,092         \$ 3,334,996,015         \$ 112,762,734           CLASS 9         Whitties (12%)         \$ 4,150,706,200         \$ 498,030,237         \$ 1,923,996,519         \$ 230,832,978           CLASS 10         Timber Land (0,68%, 0,57%)         4 102,617         \$ 1,252,954,161         \$ 8,520,090         4 082,749         \$ 1,527,787,335         \$ 3,738,649           CLASS 12         Railroads (6,08%, 4,27%)         \$ 1,018,380,649         \$ 61,921,740         \$ 1,047,767,193         \$ 44,683,420           Aurines, (6,08%, 4,27%)         \$ 1,018,380,649         \$ 61,921,740         \$ 1,047,767,193         \$ 44,683,420           Class 12 Subtotal         \$ 1,213,229,900         \$ 68,192,588         \$ 1,156,52,465         4,956,024           Class 13 Subtotal         \$ 2,466,295,228         \$ 100,3	Independent Telephone (8% 3%)		\$	23,520 270	\$	1,881 621			Ş	1 948 344	\$	155 367
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)  \$ 4 150,706,200 \$ 496 030 237 \$ \$ 1 923 996 519 \$ 230 832 978  CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)  CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Airlines (6,08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal  CLASS 12  Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%) Class 13 Subtotal  CLASS 13  S 4 150,706,200 \$ 496 030 237 \$ \$ 1,527 787 335 \$ 230 832 978  S 1,018,380 649 \$ 61,921 740 \$ 1,527 787 335 \$ 8,706 849  S 1,047,767,193 \$ 44,683,420 115,652,465 4,958,024 CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%) Class 13 Subtotal  S 2,466,295 228 \$ 147 142,750	Machinery (6%, 3%) Farm Implements (6%, 3%) Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%) Other Business Equipment (6%, 3%)		\$	726,378 605 651,633,271 332,758,426	S	43,582,991 39,098,152 19,310,406	4 1		_	711 708 659 656 146,504 343 515 240	S	21 351 600 19 684,639 10 307 559
Utilities (12%)       \$ 4 150,706,200       \$ 496 030 237       \$ 1 923 996 519       \$ 230 832 978         CLASS 10         Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)       4 102 617       \$ 1 252,954 161       \$ 8,520,090       4 082 749       \$ 1,527 787 335       \$ 8,738 849         CLASS 12         Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)       \$ 1,018,380 649       \$ 61,921 740       \$ 1 047 767,193       \$ 44 683,420         Aurlines (6,08%, 4 27%)       \$ 1,018,380 649       \$ 61,921 740       \$ 1 047 767,193       \$ 44 683,420         Aurlines (6,08%, 4 27%)       \$ 1,018,380 649       \$ 61,921 740       \$ 1 047 767,193       \$ 44 683,420         Aurlines (6,08%, 4 27%)       \$ 1,018,380 649       \$ 61,921 740       \$ 1 047 767,193       \$ 44 683,420         Class 12 Subtotal       \$ 1 121,329 900       \$ 68,192,588       \$ 1 163,419 658       \$ 49,641 444         CLASS 13       Electrical Generation Property (6%)       \$ -       \$ -       \$ 1,673,174,173       \$ 100,390,450         Telecommunication Property (6%)       \$ -       \$ -       \$ 2,466,295 228       \$ 147 142,750         Class 13 Subtotal       \$ 2,466,295 228       \$ 147 142,750	0.000 0 000.00		3	3,100,034,500	٥	210/40,002			٥	3,334 335 013	Ş	172 102 34
Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)  4 102 617 \$ 1 252,954 161 \$ 8,520,090 \$ 4 082 749 \$ 1,527 787 335 \$ 8,738 849  CLASS 12  Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)  Airlines (6 08%, 4 27%)  Class 12 Subtotal  CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Telecommunication Property (6%)  Class 13 Subtotal  S 1 02 617 81 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Utilities (12%)		\$	4 150,706,200	\$	498 030 237			\$	1 923 996 519	\$	230 832 978
Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)       \$ 1,018,380,649       \$ 61,921,740       \$ 1,047,767,193       \$ 44,683,420         Airlines (6,08%, 4 27%)       102,949,251       6,270,848       115,652,465       4,958,024         Class 12 Subtotal       \$ 1,121,329,900       \$ 68,192,588       \$ 1,163,419,658       \$ 49,641,444         CLASS 13         Electrical Generation Property (6%)       \$ - \$ - \$       \$ 1,673,174,173       \$ 100,390,450         Telecommunication Property (6%)       \$       7,93,121,055       46,752,300         Class 13 Subtotal       \$ - \$ - \$       \$ 2,466,295,228       \$ 147,142,750	Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	4 102 617	\$	1 252,954 161	\$	8,520,090	To office the second	4 082 749	S	1,527 787 335	\$	8,738,849
Electrical Generation Property (6%)	Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Aidripes (6,08%, 4 27%)		\$	102 949 251	_	6.270.848				115,652,465	\$	4,958,024
Total \$ 40 638 187 730 \$ 1 000 647 605 \$ \$ 40 430 460 614 \$ 1 670 730 976	Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Telecommunication Property (6%)		_		_				\$	793,121,055	_	46,752,300
Lores 4 Anitonitorium 4 1/200/201/2007 (2) 4 AT(407/400/2)14 9 1/20/2/20/2/2	Total		\$	40,638,187,730	\$	1,900,647,605			\$	42,432,460,514	S	1,679,739,875

# 40 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - BEAVERHEAD

Beaverhead	***************************************	1999			2000						
	Acres	_/	Assessed		axable	1	Acres	_/	Assessed	Taxable	
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$	-	S				\$	-	\$	-
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		\$	*		-	\$	-	\$	-
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.71%, 3.627%) Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71%, 3.627%) Grazing (3.71%, 3.627%) Wild Hay (3.71%, 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97, 25.389%) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71%, 3.627%)	129,522 9,042 893,517 24,027 10,962	\$	28 237 900 1,261,564 38,040 664 4,535,183 384,127	\$	1,047,629 46,804 1,411,350 168,258 99,751		127.586 9.027 895.106 24.041 11,725	\$	28,958,320 1,261,464 39,854,797 4,646,400 430,406	\$	1,050,305 45,754 1,445,532 168,523 109,265
Class 3 Subtotal	1,067,069	\$	72.459,438	\$	2,773 792		1 067 486	\$	75,151 387	\$	2.819,379
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71%, 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597%, 0.725% to 2.539%)  Mobile Homes (3.71%, 3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597%, 0.725% to 2.539%)  Commercial (3.71%, 3.627%)  Industrial (3.71%, 3.627%)  New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71%, 1.814% to 3.627%)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855, 1.814%)  Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%, 0.725% to 3.627%)		\$	158.876.048 3.741.334 6.793.623 245.803 43.332.829 4.792.197 2.766.728 49.682	\$	5,894,101 75,666 252,049 4,983 1,607,664 177,786 67,247 922			\$	170,278,070 3,733,719 6,720,682 248,187 49,382,674 5,811,091 1,978,977 51,345	\$	6.176.250 68,507 243,776 5.132 1,791,126 210,771 38,779 931
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	220.598.244	\$	8 080,418			\$	238.204 745	\$	8,535,272
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Qp (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3%)  Pollution Control (3%)		\$	11,174,585 - 179,369	\$	335,235			S	15 039,139 - 152,912	\$	451,173 - 4,587
Gasohol Related (3%)			179,303		3,301				132,312		4,007
Research and Development (0%-3%) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)					-				-		
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	11,353,954	\$	340,616			\$	15,192,051	\$	455,760
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	27,282,381 302 285	\$	1,091,286			\$	30,680,015 286,999	S	920,346 8,611
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	27,584,666	\$	1,103,376			\$	30,967.014	\$	928,957
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8% 3%)		\$	3,168,353	\$	253,470			\$	2,148	\$	172
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment		\$	27,137,561 11,805,767 5,903,632 3,699,615	\$	1.528,172 708,353 354,233 210,325	a state of the state of the state of		\$	29,926,252 12,785,573 5,105,084 3,634,337	\$	868,589 383,575 153,154 109.057
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	48,546,575	\$	2,801,083	. !		\$		\$	1,514.375
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	15,240,211	\$	1,828,827	- 4		\$	11,670,599	\$	1,400,473
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	25,564	\$	4,821,044	\$	32,792	1775		\$	5,935,731	\$	33,837
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08 %, 4 27%) Airlines (6 08 %, 4 27%)		\$	5,116,684	\$	311,095	Selfale.		\$	5.528 421	\$	236,064
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	5,116,684	\$	311,095			S	5,528,421	\$	236,064
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Telecommunication Property (6%)  Class 13 Subtotal		\$	- - -	\$	· -	The second second		\$ 	3,827,101 3,827,101	\$	229,627 229,627
Total			408,889,169		17,525,469	- 0			437,930,443		16,153,916

# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - BIG HORN

Big Horn			1999			**********		2000		
big nom	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
_						<u></u>			_	
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		Ş		\$	-		\$		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		S			5		5	
CLASS 3: Agnoultural Land  Tillable Imgated (3 T1 + 3 62T)  Tillable Non-Imgated (3 T15 3 62T)  Grazing (3 71 + 3 62T) +  Wild Hay (3 711 3 62T +  Non-Qualified Ag Land (25 9T 25 389 +  Eliqible Mining Claims (3 71 + 3 62T +	42 710 140 373 1 321 091 23 663 6 919 0	\$	17 129 453 24 755 791 46 086 681 5 978 825 232 644	\$	635 512 918,458 1 709 952 221,797 60 414	43 656 140 581 1 327 786 23 627 6 860 0	\$	17 894 010 24 817 837 48 702 469 8 112 077 244 793	\$	649 L01 600 154 1 766 630 201 691 60 150
Class 3 Subtotal	1 534 755	\$	94 183,394	S	3 546 133	1 542 713	S	97.77.470	Ş	3 599 551
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential 3.71 :: 3.627 :: 1  Residential Low Income: 0.742 - to 2.597 :: 0.725 - to 2.539" :: 1  Mobile Homes (3.71 - 3.627 :: 1)  Mobile Homes Low Income: 0.742° to 2.597 :: 0.725 - to 2.539  Commercial: 3.71° - 3.627° :: 1  Industrial: (3.71° - 3.627° :: 1)  New Manufacturing: (1.855° : to 3.71° - 1.814 - to 3.627%)  Qualified Golf Courses: (1.855, 1.814° :: 1)		S	79 730 868 1 768 343 5 624 887 19 189 29 175 605 72 732,646 463 051	\$	2 957 910 33 205 208 685 381 1 082 383 2 698,380		\$	81 002 075 1 585 601 5 991 274 62 941 29 986 439 72 126 351 463 375	(7)	2 935 755 30 121 217 133 357 1 037 572 2 616 022
Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71°), 0.725% to 3.627%)		_	189 514 589	<u> </u>	6 989,534			191 219,056	S	6 898 438
Class 4 Subtotal		S	109 214 209	\$	0 909,004		ý.	181 218,000	Ş	7 050 400
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3%)		S	13,370,148	S	401,106		\$	19 630 147	\$	588 904
Pollution Control (3%)			3 501,471		105 044			3 439,700		103 191
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)			-					•		
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)								-		
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	16,871,619	\$	506,150		S	23 069 847	S	692 095
CLASS 6 Livestock (4% 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4 : 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4% 3%)		\$	20,837 226 23 401	\$	833,473 935		\$	21 313 931 27 032	Ş	639 365 810
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	20.860,627	\$	834,408		\$	21 340 963	\$	640 175
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	5,234 582	\$	418,767		\$	-	\$	*
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%) Farm Implements (6%, 3%) Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%) Other Business Equipment		\$	86,761,076 18,340,903 4,033,481 14,777,304	\$	5.205.677 1,100 469 242 011 880 070		\$	123 612 992 18,145 539 3,936,964 24,179,528	\$	3,708 393 544 370 118 118 725 418
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	123 912 764	\$	7,428,227		\$	169,875.023	\$	5 096 299
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	33,125,036	\$	3.975,008		\$	26,696 340	S	3 203 560
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	76,680	S	6,363,133	\$	43 271	76,680	S	8.832 742	S	50 374
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Authors (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	20 678,084	\$	1 257,226		S	22 124 874	\$	944 735
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	20,678,084	\$	1 257,226	ŀ	S	22 124 874	S	944 735
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$	-	\$	-	c	\$	4 002 695	\$	229,199
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$	-	*	5	4,093,685 4,093,685	\$	229 199
Total		ç	510,743,828	ς	24,998,724		<	565,023,700	S	21,354,436
10(a)		7	310,143,020	<u> </u>	24,000,124	Σ÷	÷	505,625,100	=	£1,004,400

## 42

## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - BLAINE

Blaine			1999					2000		
	Acres		Assessed		axable	Acres		Assessed	Taxable	
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		S			S		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		S			S	-	S	_
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Imgated (3.71% 3.627%) Tillable Non-Imgated (3.71% 3.627%) Grazing (3.71% 3.627%) Villd Hay (3.71% 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97.25.389%) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71% 3.627%)	46 275 357 269 1 118.246 23 497 3 122	\$	11 125 385 49,253 673 40 171 812 6 513,462 98 655	\$	412 747 1 827 288 1 490 387 241 650 25 616	46 275 357 269 1 118 515 23 497 3 122	\$	11 424,711 49,319 748 42,303 258 6,648,941 103,357	\$	414,378 1,788,834 1,534,296 241,163 26,240
Class 3 Subtotal	1 548 409	S	107,162 987	\$	3 997 688	1,548,678	\$	109,800,015	\$	4,004,911
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71 %, 3.627 %)  Residential Low Income (0.742 % to 2.597 %, 0.725 % to 2.539 %)  Mobile Homes (3.71 %, 3.627 %)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 % to 2.597 %, 0.725 % to 2.539 %)  Commercial (3.71 %, 3.627 %)  Industrial (3.71 %, 3.627 %)  New Manufacturing (1.855 %, to 3.71 %, 1.814 %, to 3.627 %)	))	\$	57 803,583 754 727 2,030,299 23 396 13 123 711 1,678,459	S	2 144 140 14 611 75 320 535 486,905 62,270		\$	55,130,045 656,679 1,945,855 22,600 12,334,725 1,731,929	\$	1,999 837 12 574 70 583 531 447,393 62,816
Qualified Golf Courses (1.355   1.814 <sup>3</sup> ).  Remodeled Commercial (0.742 <sup>3</sup> ), to 3.71 <sup>3</sup> (0.725% to 3.627%).			340 437		6 316			331 335		6,010
Class 4 Subtotal		S	75 754 612	\$	2 790 097		S	72 153,168	\$	2 599.744
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3.1)  Oualified New Industrial (3.5)  Pollution Control (3.5)		\$	8 559 572	\$	256 789		\$	9 057 003	\$	271,708
Gasohol Related (3" Research and Development (0% 3")			-					-		-
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3":)  Class 5 Subtotal		S	8 559 572	\$	256,789		\$	9,057,003	\$	271,708
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3 %) Lease and Rental Equipment (4% 3%)		\$	14 984 045 7 053	\$	599,368 282		\$	16 310,276 8 274	\$	489 294 248
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3°, ) Class 6 Subtotal		\$	14 991,098	\$	599 650		\$	16,318,550	\$	489,542
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	-	\$			\$		\$	-
CLASS 8  Machinery (6% 3%)  Farm Implements (6% 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6% 3%)  Other Business Equipment		\$	2,783,551 19,872,242 1,547,090 3,592,431	\$	167.025 1.192.334 92.829 213.756		\$	3,652,191 20,064 091 1,703,065 4,308,430	\$	109,583 601,921 51,086 129,254
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	27,795,314	S	1,665,944		\$	29,727,777	\$	891,844
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	26 242,100	\$	3,149,055		\$	23,145,737	\$	2,777 488
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68% 0.57%)	3,017	\$	249.876	\$	1,698	3,017	\$	347 238	\$	1,984
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08% 4 27%) Artines (6 08% 4 27%)		\$	19,908,712	\$	1 210,450		\$	21,307,740	\$	862,962
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	19,908 712	\$	1,210,450		\$	21,307,740	\$	862,962
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%) Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$	- 10 mm		\$	3,041,021 3,041,021	\$	179,424 179,424
Total		S	280,664.271	5	13,671,371		S	284,898,249	\$	12,079,607

## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - BROADWATER

			1000					2000		
Broadwater			1999					2000		
-	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres	F	Assessed		axable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$	146 338	S	146 338		S	1F7 644	Ş	125 Fu4
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S	14 958 494	\$	448 755		Ş	G * 74 4 - 7	\$	. 6.33
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land Titlable Impated 3 71 = 3 627 // Titlable Non-Impated 3 71 = 3 627 Grazing 3 71 + 3 627 Wild Hay (3 71 : 3 627 // Non-Qualified Ag Land 25 97 25 389 Eligible Mining Claims (3 71 = 3 627 //	45 296 69 302 318 636 7 343 9 817 0	\$	12 812 005 8 895 163 6 357 852 1 579 219 342 778	4	401 130 330 017 235 890 58 588 89 008	45 309 69 699 326 943 10 036 10 004	9	11 057 R47 6 379 236 6 349 827 1 810 736 866 446	*	400 155 205 / 245 L 1 55 455 20 555
Class 3 Subtotal	450 096	5	27,987 014	S	1,114 635	459 022	\$	28 889 063	S	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
CLASS 4 Land and improvements  Residential (3.7.1 - 3.627 +		\$	59 592 788 2 217 889 6 964 472 320 692 11 509 046 4 095,570 964 391	S	2 210 822 46 206 258 386 6 388 426 990 151 943 20 899		S	65 129 534 0 101 464 7 501 563 345 424 12 315 671 4 184 425 1 135 852	ς,	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Class 4 Subtotal		S	85 664 848	\$	3 121 434		\$	93 099 939	S	1 315 265
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3")		S	2,595,557	S	77 867		\$	2 679 616	\$	80 <b>383</b>
Pollution Control (3° )  Gasohol Related (3° )  Research and Development (0° -3° )			486,319 - -		14 590 - -			410 496 - -		12.315
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3°.)  Class 5 Subtotal		\$	3,061 876	\$	92 457		S	3 090 112	\$	32.703
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	5,431 146 29,136	S	217 246 1 165		\$	6 000 099 33 295	S	179 592 568
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	5 460,282	\$	218 411		\$	6,033 394	S	180 990
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%		S	-	S			\$		\$	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%) Farm Implements (6%, 3%) Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%) Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtotal		\$	19.628 124 8.185,855 1,441,768 762,858 30,018,605	\$	1,160,753 491,158 86,510 38,085 1,776,506		\$	17 590 108 7 867,543 1,382,148 594,466 27,434 265	\$	522 523 236 030 41 464 17 846 817 863
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	33,662,233	\$	4,039,470		\$	25,348,769	S	3,041,853
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	35,093	\$	6.667,780	\$	45,341	35,093	S	8 189,846	\$	46 678
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Artlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	14 382,355	\$	874 448		\$	13 641 157	\$	613 853
Class 12 Subtotal  CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%)		\$ \$	14,382,355	\$ \$	874,448		\$	13 641 157	\$	613 553
Telecommunication Property (6%)  Class 13 Subtotal		\$		\$ 			\$ 	9,650,971 9,650,971	\$	579.059 579.059
Total		\$	222,029,825		11,877,795		\$	224,715,637	\$	10,254,319

## 44 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - CARBON

Carbon	**********		1999					2000		
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
•										
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$	-	\$	-		\$	3.450	\$	3,450
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		\$	•		\$		\$	
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Imgated: 3.71%: 3.627%) Tillable Non-Imgated: 3.71%: 3.627%) Grazing:(3.71%: 3.627%) Wild Hay:(3.71%: 3.627%) Non-Qualified: Ag. Land:(25.97.25.389%) Eligible Mining:Claims:(3.71%: 3.627%)	70 322 41,148 525 497 13,370 15 021	\$	28.029.269 6 737,917 19.519,700 3,063,156 523,987	\$	1,039,888 249,985 724,195 113,640 136,069	70 302 41 127 525 339 13 371 15 683	\$	28.649.112 6 736 405 20 435.841 3.130,725 572.973	\$	1,039,110 244,332 741,225 113,540 145,471
Class 3 Subtotal	665 357	S	57,874,029	S	2,263,777	665 822	\$	59,525,056	S	2,283,678
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71% 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539%)  Mobile Homes (3.71 = 3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597%, 0.725% to 2.538%)  Commercial (3.71 = 3.627%)  Industrial (3.71 = 3.627%)  New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71 = 1.814% to 3.627%)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855%) 1.814%		\$	253 575.850 5715.317 5,508,129 178 455 43,192.880 2,414,534 - 1 413 914	S	9 407, 390 111, 405 204, 348 3 498 1 602, 448 89, 578 - 26, 228		S	275,656,545 5 036,302 6 011,723 157,010 47,780,089 2 421 223	\$	9,998,343 91,614 218,043 2,857 1,732,976 87,816
Remodeled Commercial (0.742° to 3.71° 0.0.725° to 3.627° 61				_			_	-	_	
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	311,999 079	\$	11,444 895		5	338.511.733	\$	12,157,931
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3")  Qualified New Industrial (3"-)  Pollution Control (3%)		Ş	4 981.045	S	149 432		\$	6.843.044	S	205.290
Gasohol Related (3%)					-					
Research and Development (01%-31%)										-
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3°:) Class 5 Subtotal			4.981.045	<u> </u>	149,432		S	6,843,044	S	205,290
		•	4,00,100	•	170,702		•	TP0,070,0	•	200,200
CLASS 6  Livestock (4%, 3%)  Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%)  Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	11,545,742 53,371	\$	461,813 2,136		\$	12,148,124 68,562	S	364 376 2,057
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	11,599,113	\$	463,949		\$	12,216,686	\$	366,433
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	1 497.093	S	119,768		\$		\$	
CLASS 8										
Machinery (6%, 3%) Farm Implements (6%, 3%) Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%) Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtotal		\$	6,274,351 12,334,633 3,928,710 4,268,068 26,805,762	\$	376,458 740,092 235,731 243,263 1,595,544		\$	6,543,182 11,187,237 3,592,444 3,332,195 24,655,058	\$	197,183 335.868 107,783 100.004 740,838
CLASS 9 Utilities (12°F)		S	74.092.548	\$	8.891 107		\$	58,357,580	\$	7,002,909
CLASS 10 Timber Land   0.68%   0.57% (	11,311	\$	1,102,947	\$	7 497	11,301	S	1 523,987	\$	8,697
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 081 - 4 27%) Aid nes (6 081 - 4 271.)		\$	10,702,346	\$	650,703		ŝ	11,456,672	\$	489.200
Class 12 Subtotal		S	10,702,346		650.703		\$	11,456,672	S	489.200
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (61)  Telecommunication Property (61)		S	-	\$			\$	8 584 893	\$	496,316
Class 13 Subtotal		S	-	S	- # #		S	8,584,893	\$	496,316
Total		S	500,653,962	S	25,586,672		S	521,678,159	\$	23,754,742
a set			700,000	Ť			÷	221,010,00	_	20,107,172

# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - CARTER

Care				4000					2000	-		
CLASS   Net Proceeds	Carter											
CLASS 2 (Class Proceeds   S		Acres		Assessed		axable	Acres		Assessed		axable	
CLASS 3 Agroulus Land   Discussion   Discu	CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$	3,972,006	\$	3.972,006		\$	2 325 193	\$	2 325 193	
Titale Infrages (371) 36277	CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		\$			\$		\$		
Non-Object   Section   S	Tillable Imgated (3.71° $=$ 3.627° Tillable Non-Imgated (3.71° $=$ 3.627° ) Grazing (3.71° $=$ 3.627° $=$ )	97,261 1 228 909	\$	38 669 791	\$	1 434 737	97 261 1 229 364	\$	40 842 641	S	1 481 307	
CLASS 4   Land and Improvements   S   15 474 573   S   574 033   S   14 628 889   S   50.714	Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97) 25.389 Eligible Mining Claims (3.71): 3.627%)	993 0		34 624		8 988	987	_	36 055		9 156	
Residental of 2111 362714   362714   1229 to 2 5914   07251 to 2 5919 to 1 299255   5-539   235,084   4172   41765   4	Class 3 Subtotal	1,370,007	\$	56 146,195	\$	2,090 805	1,370 457	S	59 543 764	\$	2 131 187	
Class 4 Subtotal   Courses (1855 1814*)   S   18 429 123   S   678 1699   S   17 689 878   S   637 230	Residential (3.71% 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539% Mobile Homes (3.71%, 3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.53 Commercial (3.71%, 3.627%)  Industrial (3.71%, 3.627%)		\$	292,255 1 022,710 18,066	S	5 639 37 939 401		\$	235 084 1 134 928 13 619	\$	4 172 41 166 338	
CLASS 5	Qualified Golf Courses (1 855, 1 814%)			-		-			-		-	
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)   S 2,929 123   S 87,872   S 2,830,448   S 84,916     Qualified New Industrial (3%)   S 2,929 123   S 87,872   S 2,830,448   S 84,916     Pollution Control (3%)   S 2,929 123   S 87,872   S 2,830,448   S 84,916     Research and Development (3%)   S 2,929 123   S 87,872   S 2,830,448   S 84,916     Class 5 Subtotal   S 2,929 123   S 87,872   S 2,830,448   S 84,916     Class 6 Subtotal   S 15,353,721   S 614,105   S 16,701,155   S 501,026     Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%)   S 15,353,721   S 614,105   S 16,701,155   S 501,026     Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%)   S 15,420,878   S 616,851   S 16,701,155   S 501,026     Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%)   S 15,420,878   S 616,851   S 16,772,034   S 503,152     CLASS 7			\$	18 429,123	\$	678,169		\$	17,689 878	\$	637 230	
Pollution Control (3%)   Gaschol Related (3%)   Research and Development (0%-3%)   Altrmourn Electrolytic Equipment (23%)   \$ 2,999 123   \$ 87,872   \$ 2,890 448   \$ 84,916	Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)		\$	2,929,123	\$	87,872		S	2 830 448	S	84 916	
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)   \$ 2,929,123   \$ 87,872   \$ 2,830,448   \$ 84,916     CLASS 6	Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%)			-							-	
Livestock 14%, 3%   S   15,353,721   S   614 165   S   16,701 155   S   501 026     Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%)   S   15,420,878   S   616,851   S   16,772 034   S   503 152     CLASS 6 Subtotal   S   15,420,878   S   616,851   S   16,772 034   S   503 152     CLASS 7   Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)   S   2,704,776   S   162,315   S   2,662 017   S   79,928     Farm Implements (6%, 3%)   10,353,312   621,191   10,671,894   320,154     Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)   10,353,312   621,191   10,671,894   320,154     Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)   178,558   10,715   110,459   3,316     Other Business Equipment   116,685   6,939   92,192   2,765     Class 8 Subtotal   S   13,353,331   S   801,160   S   13,536,562   S   406,163     CLASS 9   Utilities (12%)   S   5,651,154   S   678,137   S   5,878,076   S   705,370     CLASS 10   Timber Land (0,68%, 0,57%)   21,603   S   1,816,479   S   12,359   21,602   S   2,522,117   S   14,396     CLASS 12   Railroads (6,08%, 4,27%)   S   S   S   S   S   S     CLASS 13   Electrical Generation Property (6%)   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S     CLASS 13   Electrical Generation Property (6%)   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)		\$	2,929.123	\$	87,872		\$	2 830 448	\$	84 916	
Class 6 Subtotal	Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%)		S		\$			\$		\$		
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)   S			\$	15,420,878	\$	616,851		S	16,772,034	\$	503 152	
Machinery (6%, 3%)         \$ 2704776         \$ 162 315         \$ 2662 017         \$ 79 928           Farm Implements (6%, 3%)         10.353.312         621.191         10 671 894         320.154           Furniture and fixtures (6%, 3%)         178.558         10.715         110 459         3 316           Qther Business Equipment         116.685         6,939         92.192         2.755           Class 8 Subtotal         \$ 13.353,331         \$ 801,160         \$ 13,536,662         \$ 406,163           CLASS 9         Utilities (12%)         \$ 5,651,154         \$ 678,137         \$ 5,878,076         \$ 705,370           CLASS 10         Timber Land (0.68%, 0.57%)         21,603         \$ 1,816,479         \$ 12,359         21,602         \$ 2,522,117         \$ 14,396           CLASS 12         Railroads (6.08%, 4.27%)         \$ 5,651,154         \$ 678,137         \$ 2,522,117         \$ 14,396           CLASS 12         Subtotal         \$ 7,500	Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	-	S			S		\$	-	
Class 8 Subtotal       \$ 13,353,331       \$ 801,160       \$ 13,536,562       \$ 406,163         CLASS 9       Utilities (12%)       \$ 5,651,154       \$ 678,137       \$ 5,878,076       \$ 705,370         CLASS 10       Timber Land (0.68%, 0.57%)       21,603       \$ 1,816,479       \$ 12,359       21,602       \$ 2,522,117       \$ 14,396         CLASS 12       Railroads (6.08%, 4.27%)       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -         Arlines (6.08%, 4.27%)       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -         Class 12 Subtotal       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -       \$ -         CLASS 13       Electrical Generation Property (6%)       \$ - </td <td>Machinery (6%, 3%) Farm Implements (6%, 3%) Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>10.353.312 178,558</td> <td>\$</td> <td>621,191 10,715</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>10 671 894 110 459</td> <td>\$</td> <td>320,154 3.316</td>	Machinery (6%, 3%) Farm Implements (6%, 3%) Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)		\$	10.353.312 178,558	\$	621,191 10,715		\$	10 671 894 110 459	\$	320,154 3.316	
Utilities (12%)       \$ 5,651,154       \$ 678,137       \$ 5,878,076       \$ 705,370         CLASS 10       Timber Land (0 68%, 0.57%)       21,603       \$ 1,816,479       \$ 12,359       21,602       \$ 2,522,117       \$ 14,396         CLASS 12         Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)       S <td row<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td>			\$		\$		1	\$		\$	
Timber Land (0 68%, 0.57%)       21,603       \$ 1,816,479       \$ 12,359       21,602       \$ 2,522,117       \$ 14,396         CLASS 12         Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)         Class 12 Subtotal        \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	1		\$	5,651,154	\$	678,137	l'e	\$	5,878,076	\$	705,370	
Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)		21,603	\$	1,816,479	\$	12,359	21,602	\$	2,522,117	\$	14,396	
Class 12 Subtotal         \$         -         \$	Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$		\$		7	S		\$	-	
Electrical Generation Property (6%)         \$         -         \$         -         \$         -         S         -         \$         -         1,042           Class 13 Subtotal         \$         -         \$         -         \$         34,745         \$         1,042			\$	-	\$	-	4	\$		\$		
Class 13 Subtotal \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 34 745 \$ 1,042	Electrical Generation Property (6%)		\$		\$		4	\$		\$	1,042	
Total \$ 117,718,289 \$ 8,937,359 \$ 120,132.817 \$ 6,808,649			\$		\$	-	4	\$		\$		
	Total		\$	117,718,289	\$	8,937,359	-	\$	120,132,817	\$	6,808,649	

## 46 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - CASCADE

Cascade			1999			2000					
-	Acres		Assessed		Taxable			Assessed		Taxable	
JUASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		S			S	_	S		
CL498 2 Gross Proceeds		5					5		S		
ULASS 3: Agricultura Land Tilacle Imgated (3.71%) 3:627 Tilacle Norwingated (3.71%) 3:627 Grazing (3.71%) 3:627 Mid Hay (3.71%) 3:6271 NorwQualified Agilland (25.97) 25:359	42 46* 355 959 813 563 61 240 31 906	\$	*1 307 508 66 953 747 29 139 596 *4 177 490 1 142 330	8/2	382 379 2 483 955 1 981 393 525 993 258 888	42 643 355 028 813 302 67 036 32 689	3/2	10 675 862 65 667 556 30 662 738 14 505 927 11 69 242	S	387 217 2 425 291 1 111 795 526 140 301 886	
Elgible Mining Claims, 3-71 (13-607) Class 3-Subrota	304 1301434	-	13 762	- 3	4762 828	* 300 981	-	14 520 123 905 855	3	527 4 752 856	
Du488 4 Land and more vements  Residential 3 T1 = 3 60T  Residential Jown come = 0.140 = to 0.597 = 0.705° k to 0.639° Mobile momes 3 T1 = 3 60T  Mobile momes Low income = 0.142 = to 0.697 = 0.705° k to 0.639° Dommero al 3 T1 = 3 60T  Industrial 3 T1 = 3 60T  New Manufacturing in 365 = to 3 T1 = 1.814 = to 0.697 = 0.104 for 0.607 and		():	1 323 188 348 25 786 436 26 334 362 1 432 346 561 690 636 21 613 690 10 681 239 2 641 239 5 11 291 1 990 234 561		49 191 456 461 401 970 066 26 610 21 066 692 1 086 692 1 086 700 49 107 134 499 78 009 866	300 20	3/1)	1 334 875 959 26 281 215 29 106 100 1 439 980 591 575 898 28 993 314 10 021 394 2 654 386 1 661 258 2 026 629 274	\$		
Ulass 4 Subtota 17 498 5		2	880 434 10	3	3 204 320		5	T 07D 274 5 #	\$	2   11   52	
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Col. 3 Qualified New Industrial (3)		Š	9 977 927	5	288 333		\$	10 469 549	\$	3*4 089 -	
Poliution Centrol 3 Basono Related 3: Research and Development 10-3			7 399 980 -		134 799			5 6*4 793		144 147 -	
<u> 4. minum Elestro y a Egulpment (31)</u> Olassič Subtota		-	17377827	<u> </u>	434 132		-5	17 264 342		458 236	
2LASS 6 Livestock 41 3 Lease and Rental Equipment 4 3		S	16 240 447 435 201	5	649 559 -1 401		8	17 091 770 415 820	\$	512 607 12 475	
Cand a Seed Processing Equipment 4 31 Class 6 Suptota		\$	16 675 648	5			\$	*7 507 590	-	525 082	
CLASSIT Non-Centrally Assessed Public Ut 18 13		S	* 556 777	S	132 541		S	1 853 179	\$	148 254	
ILLASS 8  Wachinery 6 : 3 : Farm implements 6': 3'  Fum ture and Fixtures 6': 3'- Cther Business Equipment  Diass 8 Subtotal		8	75 624 241 16 704 296 64 557 203 12 511 256 169 396 993		3 769 885 1 002 266 3 873 373 719 524 9 365 048		8	79 762 619 16 207 811 66 910 655 9 773 663 172 654 748		486 233 2 007 347 293 340	
CLASS 9 UK tes 12 <sup>5</sup>		S	182,856 84*	S	21 942 822		Ş	80 013 114	S	9 601,578	
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68), (0.67)	44 686	S	9 191 552	ŝ	62 493	44 472	S	11 290 405	\$	64 345	
OLASS 12  Rai roads (6 C6 ), (4 C77) <u>Air nes (6 C6) (4 C7)</u> Diass 12 Subtotal		S	33 049 807 18,528,636 51 578 443	ş	2 009 429 1 126 543 3 135 972		\$	35 321 941 18 217 006 53 538 947	S	T78,355	
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property 6 Telecommunication Property 6 Class 13 Subtora		2		0	- 3) - 5		9	170 682 717 52 857 549 223 570 285	\$	10 240 963 3 148 243	
Total		\$	2,560,672,590	\$	113,512,155		\$	2.728,247,779	\$	108,769,311	

# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - CHOUTEAU

01			1000					2000		
Chouteau			1999					2000		
_	Acres		Assessed	_	Taxable	Acres	_	Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$		S			S	-	\$	-
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		\$			\$		\$	
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land Tillable Imgated (3.71% 3.527* Tillable Non-Imgated (3.71% 3.627* Grazing (3.71% 3.527%) Wild Hay (3.71% 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97% 25.389%) Eliqible Mining Claims (3.71% 3.627%)	7 291 1,101 320 913,759 21 634 3 781	\$	1,523 736 213,541 242 30,011 160 5,035 022 133 199	\$	56 532 7 922 383 1 113.626 186 800 34 594	7 291 1 100,554 913 925 21 614 3 854	\$	1 571 698 213 555 919 31 662 360 5 142 515 141 811	ŝ	57 000 7 745 690 1 146 635 126 510 36 995
Class 3 Subtotal	2 047 785	S	250 244 359	S	9 313 935	2 047 237	S	252 075 303	5	9 173 953
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71°- 3.627°-)  Residential Low Income (0.742°-) to 2.597°-> 0.725°- to 2.539°-)  Mobile Homes (3.71°-, 3.627°-)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742°-) to 2.597°-> 0.725°- to 2.539°  Commercial (3.71°-, 3.627°-)  Industrial (3.71°-, 3.627°-)  New Manufacturing (1.855°-) to 3.71°-> 1.814°-> to 3.627°->)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855°-) to 3.71°-> 1.814°-> to 3.627°->)  Remodeled Commercial (0.742°-) to 3.71°-> 0.725°-> to 3.627°->)	n)	\$	92,235,798 961,605 1,238,149 10,827 9,920,380 7,135,836	\$	3 421 664 17 654 45 939 200 368 051 264 743		\$	93 072 910 1 117 508 1 329 125 2 394 10 042 998 6 904 513 112 534 451,543	<i>S</i>	3 315 899 17 874 48 213 49 364 279 250 428 2 857 3 274
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	111,502,595	\$	4,118,251		\$	113,033,525	\$	4 062 867
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3%)  Pollution Control (3%)		S	10,431,324	\$	312 942 - -		\$	10 594 900 - -	S	317,848 - -
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)			-					-		-
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)				_						
Class 5 Subtotal		S	10 431,324	\$	312,942		S	10.594,900	S	317 848
CLASS 6 Livestock (4% 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4 & 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	10,307,414 7,699	\$	412,284		\$	10,966,843 17 959	\$	328 976 539
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	10,315,113	\$	412,592		\$	10 984,802	S	329 515
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$		\$			\$		S	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	3,169,890 48,854,403 1,396,858 2,000,558 55,421,709	\$	190,214 2,931,263 83,820 100,737 3,306,034		\$ 	3,841,273 46,844,149 1,296,440 1,943,029 53,924,891	\$	114 779 1 405,327 38,899 58,313 1 617,318
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		S	63,071,747	S	7,568,607		S	51,073,252	S	6,128,791
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	14,094	\$	1,412,168	\$	9,603	4 14,094	\$	1,950 013	\$	11 126
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)	, :	ŝ	8,066,399	S	490.436		S	8,609,575	\$	367 629
Arrlines (6.08%, 4.27%)				_					_	
Class 12 Subtotal CLASS 13		\$	8,066,399	\$	490,436	4	\$	8,609,575	\$	357,629
Electrical Generation Property (6%)		\$	-	\$		9	\$		\$	
Telecommunication Property (6%)  Class 13 Subtotal		\$		\$	<u>-</u> -		<u> </u>	5,133,492 5 133,492	<u> </u>	304,296 304,296
Total		ė	510 455 444		26 522 400		ę.		ė	
Total		=	510,465,414	\$	25,532,400		3	507,379,753	-	22,313,243

## 48 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - CUSTER

Custer	***************************************		1999			***************************************		2000		*********
_	Acres		Assessed	_	Taxable	Acres		Assessed	_	Taxable
CUASSIT Net Proceeds		5	*	ŝ			S	-	S	-
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$	-	S			S	-	S	
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land Triable impated 3 T1 + 3 60T Triable Non-Impated 3 T1   3 62T Grazing 3 T1   3 62T   Who Hay 3 T1   3 62T   Non-Qualified Agruand v25 9T   25 359 Eligible Mining Clams 3 T1   3 60T	26 263 67 456 1 582 314 20 696 15 965	\$	10 740 501 8 507 356 42 135 505 3 759 548 556 377	S	395 470 315 522 1,563 222 139 473 144 483	26 196 67 452 1 682 608 20 686 15 982	3	10 871,004 8 538 534 44 515 305 3 649 442 583 423	S	394 293 309,689 1 614 518 139 625 148 117
Class 3 Suptotal	1 313 214	\$	65 699 317	ŝ	2 561 270	1 812 934	5	68 357 708	3	2 506 242
CLASS 4: Land and improvements  Resident a: 3 1 1 3 621  Resident a: Low income: 0.742   to 2.597 + 0.725  ; to 2.5397  Modice Homes: 3.71   3.627  ;  Modice Homes: Low income: 0.742  ; to 2.597  ; 0.725  ; to 2.5397  Commercia: 3.71   3.627  ;  New Manufacturing: 1.6557   to 3.717   1.8147  ; to 3.627  ;		(0)	135 533 388 4 456 319 5 333 935 231 094 53 271 734 6 390 320	S	5 023 056 86 516 197 903 6 005 1 916 396 237 080		</td <td>135 232 742 4 783 143 5 554 643 276 659 54 856 972 6 624 108</td> <td><i>S</i></td> <td>4 907 006 86 792 201 472 6 285 1 989 686 240 257</td>	135 232 742 4 783 143 5 554 643 276 659 54 856 972 6 624 108	<i>S</i>	4 907 006 86 792 201 472 6 285 1 989 686 240 257
Qualified Golf Courses 1 855 1 314 -			516 340		9 5 7 3			521 542		9 461
<u>Pemode ed Commercia, IC 7421, to 3 71 - 10 7251; to 3 6271.</u> Class 4 Subtota		\$	415 309 206 208 109	5	6 747 7 543 281		3	453,215 208,353,064	\$	9,911 7,450,870
OLASS 5  Purar Electric and Telechone Co-Op. 31  Qualified New Industrial (3)		0	4 573 373	Ŝ	146 202		Š	4 827 324	S	144 618
Polition Control 31- Gaschof Related 31- Research and Development (31,-31)			-		-					-
Alumbum Electrolytic Equipment 3 Class 5 Subtota		-	4 873 378	\$	146 202		S	4 827 324		144 818
CLASS 5  Livestock (41): 31  Lease and Rental Equipment (41): 31  Cancila Seed Processing Equipment (41): 31:		\$	14 980 857 240 529	ŝ	599 248 9 621		\$	15 <sup>-</sup> 14 293 224 185	\$	471 381 6 724
Class 6 Subtota		\$	15 221 386	3	608 869		S	15 938 478	\$	478 105
OLASSIT Non-Centra + Assessed Public Utri 18 ± 31±4		ŝ	4	S			ŝ	4	3	
OLASS 8  Wachinery 16 in 31  Farm implements 161: 31  Furniture and Fixtures 161: 31:  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		0	6 450 880 9 416,903 11 515 433 1 245,743 28 628 959	\$	387 060 565 020 690 932 67.726 1.710,738		\$	7 678 622 9 176 741 9 048 236 1 238 401 27 142 000	\$	230 365 275 305 271 443 37.180 814 293
OLASS 9 Utilities I12 -		ŝ	20 142,627	S	2 417 115		ŝ	11 003.703	S	1 320 442
QUASS 10   Timber Land   0.68+   0.57+	37 793	\$	3 177 283	S	21 606 🔭	37 776	S	4 409 399	S	25,159
OLASS 12 Paircads (5.08) (4.27) ( 4.17) (4.05) (4.27) ( Class 10 Sucrota)		3	17 171 410 663 963 17 725 373	0	1 044 021 33 690 1 077 741		\$	18 249 970 619,953 18 888 923	\$	779 275 26 429 805 704
DLASS 13  Electrical Generation Procemy 61  Telecommunication Property 6  Dlass 13 Sucrota		\$	- -		· · · · ·		\$	1 084 998 11 473 048 12 558 246	\$	65 100 678 419 743 519

# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - DANIELS

	1999 Assessed					2000		
			axable	Acres		Assessed	T	axable
ŝ		S			ŝ		ŝ	
S .		5			S		5	
\$		Ş			Ş		2	
31 34 35 34	195 348 54 989 481 6 630 722 615 169 28 155	\$	7 246 2 040 105 246 056 22 824 7 313	457 936 209 776 4 355 794	\$	201 530 55 104 500 7 000 179 609 376 20 314	Ş	7 (19 1 73 - 27 1 72 245 20 20 7 441
6 S	52 458 875	S	2 323 544	673.701	Ş	62 964 903	\$	2.090 *57
ŝ	28 047 316 414 500 947 209 3 968	S	1 040 459 9 296 35 143 100		S	26 762 673 415 987 996 311	( )	910 104 8 355 35 136 -
	1 209 767		44 881			1 270 811		46 292
	71 889		1 333			70 426		1 277
S	35 651 05	S	1,315 116		\$	34 373 806	\$	1 238 743
\$	7,065 262	\$	211 958		\$	6 124 564	\$	183 738
	-							
S	7 065 262	\$	211 958		S	6 124 564	\$	183 738
\$	4,315 210 30 136	\$	172,609 1 206		S	4 324 573 32 788	ŝ	129 731 983
\$	4 345,346	S	173,815		\$	4 357 361	S	130 714
\$		\$			S		\$	-
	16,461,960 798,513 869,008		987,717 47,911 52,011		_	16 356 162 668 487 368 933	S	35 168 490 682 20 061 11.075
\$	18,585,545	S	1,115 012		\$	18 565 7/3	\$	556 986
\$	1,830 364	S	219,642		\$	717 549	\$	86 106
0 \$	-	\$			S		S	
\$	4,463,970	S	275 427		\$	4,953,363	\$	211.509
	4 403 97U		2 5 42			4 500 3 <u>0</u> 3		. 1.
		5			S .	5 192 937 5 192 937	5	311.678
_		~			-		-	
	\$11  \$  \$31  \$  \$31  \$  \$  \$31  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$  \$	\$ 195 348 \$ 54 989 481 6 630 722 6 5 615 169 6 2 3 155 0 76 \$ 62 458 875  \$ 28 347 316 414 500 947 209 3 868 4 956 508 1 209 767 71 889  \$ 35 651 057  \$ 7,065 262  \$ 4,315 210 30 136  \$ 4 345,346  \$ 5  \$ 456 064 16,461,960 798,513 869,008 \$ 18,585,545  \$ 1,830 364  0 \$ \$ 4,463,970 \$ 4 463 970 \$ \$ 4 463 970	\$ 195 348 \$ \$ 54 989 481 6 630 722 655 615 169 644 28 155 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	\$ 195 348 \$ 7 246 \$ 54 989 481	\$ 195 348 \$ 7 246 \$ 841 \$ 54 988 481 \$ 2 040 105 \$ 457 936 \$ 209 776 \$ 6 15 169 \$ 22 824 \$ 4 355 \$ 794 \$ 796 \$ \$ 62 459 875 \$ \$ 2 323 544 \$ 673 705 \$ \$ 28 347 316 \$ \$ 1 040 459 \$ 9296 \$ 947 209 \$ 35 143 \$ 3 868 \$ 122 4,956 508 \$ 183 894 \$ 1 209 767 \$ 44 885 \$ 71889 \$ 1 333 \$ \$ 35 651 057 \$ \$ 1,315 116 \$ \$ 7,065 262 \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7065 262 \$ \$ 211 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ \$ 2 11 958 \$ 7 065 262 \$ 2 11 95	\$ 195,348 \$ 7,246 \$ 841 \$ 81 \$ 54,989,481 \$ 2,040,105 \$ 457,936 \$ 248,056 \$ 209,776 \$ 28,155 \$ 7213 \$ 794 \$ 28,155 \$ 7213 \$ 794 \$ 28,155 \$ 7213 \$ 794 \$ 29,176 \$ \$ 22,824 \$ 355 \$ 7213 \$ 794 \$ 29,176 \$ \$ 22,824 \$ 355 \$ 7213 \$ 794 \$ 29,176 \$ \$ 23,23,544 \$ 673,721 \$ \$ \$ 28,347,316 \$ 1,040,459 \$ 9,296 \$ 947,209 \$ 35,143 \$ 3,968 \$ 1,73 \$ 3,	\$ 195.348 \$ 7.246	11 S 195 348 S 7 246 841 S 201 512 S 151 54 989 481 2 040 105 45 936 55 134 517 144 6630 722 246 055 29 76 7 201 114 6 630 722 246 055 29 76 7 201 114 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 14

# 50 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - DAWSON

Dawson			1999			4			2000		
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	_	Acres	/	Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$	-	\$	-			\$		\$	-
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		\$				\$		\$	-
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land Tillable Iringated (3.71%, 3.627%) Tillable Non-Iringated (3.71%, 3.627%) Grazing (3.71%, 3.627%) Wild Hay (3.71%, 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97, 25.389%) Eliqible Minning Claims (3.71%, 3.627%)	18.605 415,861 904,441 945 3,079	\$	7.255,277 51,572,564 25,937,803 128,866 107,382	\$	269 173 1,913,354 962,315 4 780 27,883		18,551 415,531 903,843 945 3,072 0	\$	7,367,096 51,750,436 27,369,367 132,803 112,273	\$	267,198 1,876,981 992,715 4,816 28,503
Class 3 Subtotal	1,342.931	\$	85,001,892	S	3,177,505		1 341,942	\$	86.731,975	\$	3,170,213
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements Residential (3.71 %, 3.627 %) Residential Low Income (0.742 % to 2.597 %, 0.725 % to 2.539 % Mobile Homes (3.71 %, 3.627 %) Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 % to 2.597 %, 0.725 % to 2.53 % Commercial (3.71 %, 3.627 %) Industrial (3.71 %, 3.627 %) New Manufacturing (1.855 % to 3.71 %, 1.814 % to 3.627 %) Qualified Golf Courses (1.855, 1.814 %)		\$	102,949,216 1,183 167 3,409,326 133,661 26,875,315 2,869,265 3,459	\$	3,819,097 23,395 126,486 2,851 997,072 106,462 90			\$	101,894,020 1,333,724 3,422,087 139,322 26,906,678 2,772,883 3,367	\$	3,695,867 25,630 124,120 2,841 975,921 100,565 98
Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%, 0.725% to 3.627%) Class 4 Subtotal		S	1,224,627 138.648.036	<u> </u>	27,216 5,102 669			<u> </u>	1,126,252 137,598,333	<u> </u>	31,483 4,956,525
CLASS 5		Ş	130,040,030	Ĵ	3,102 009			٦	131,390,333	٥	4,900,020
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3') 1 Qualified New Industrial (3%) Pollution Control (3%)		\$	13,054 595	\$	391,637			\$	16,374,241	\$	491,228
Gasohol Related (3%)			-		-						•
Research and Development (0%-3 %) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)											
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	13,054,595	\$	391,637			\$	16,374,241	\$	491,228
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	8,849,414 45,238	\$	353.970 1.809			\$	9.498,030 61,972	\$	284,899 1,858
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	8,894,652	\$	355,779			\$	9,560,002	\$	286.757
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$		\$	-			\$		\$	-
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	5,176,733 17,739,156 4,292,068 3,913,988 31,121,945	\$	307,985 1.064,346 257,517 228,297 1,858,145	7		\$	6,250,846 17,416,308 4,361,658 4,071,310 32,100,122	\$	186,744 522,501 130,856 122,160 962,261
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	35,381,199	S	4,191,241			\$	22,809,914	\$	2,690,615
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	0	S		\$		4	0	S	*	\$	
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08% 4 27%) Arrlines (6 08% 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal		\$	36,241,908 160,112 36,402,020	\$ 	2,203,508 9,735 2,213,243			\$	38,700,978 127,602 38,828,580	\$ 	1,652,531 5,449 1,657,980
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		S		\$				\$	2 760 997 12,142,725	\$	165,660 724,363
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	•	\$	-			\$	14,903,722	\$	890,023
					17,290,219	. 1					

## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - DEER LODGE

Deer Lodge			1999					2000		
Deer Louge	Acres		Assessed		axable	Acres		Assessed		axable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		S			5		S	_
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S			S		S	
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land		9							~	
Tillable Iringated (3.71 * 3.627 Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71 * 3.627) Grazing (3.71 * 3.627 * ) Wild Hay (3.71 * 3.627 * ) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71 * 3.627 * ) Class 3 Subtotal	8,543 33 149 757 5,679 10,002 301 174 315	\$	2,503 366 3,010 4,251 584 1,084 707 349 598 4,790 8 197 055	\$	92,877 112 157,754 40,242 90,797 179 381,961	8 379 33 148 775 5,677 10 897 301 174 062	\$	2 515 454 3 056 4 429 745 1 108 979 337 836 4 935 8 400 007	\$	91 037 111 663 46 704 101 002 179 798 411
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements										
Residential (3.71 ± 3.627 ±)  Residential Low Income (0.742 ± to 2.597 ± 0.725 ± to 2.539 ±)  Mobile Homes (3.71 ± 3.627 ±)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 ± to 2.597 ± 0.725 ± to 2.539 ±)  Commercial (3.71 ± 3.627 ±)  Industrial (3.71 ± 3.627 ±)  New Manufacturing (1.855 ± to 3.71 ± 1.814 ± to 3.627 ±)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855 ± to 3.71 ± 1.814 ± to 3.627 ±)  Remodeled Commercial (0.742 ± to 3.71 ± 0.725 ± to 3.627 ±)		S	119 091 265 4 656 062 2 115 819 40 741 31,632 217 608 947 407,891	S	4 418 529 96 160 78,494 925 1 173,575 22,592 7,566		S	126 444 655 4 467 660 2 521 361 25 546 31 513,925 610,036 407,795	\$	4 586 195 61 797 91 452 428 1 142 988 22 126 7 398
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	158,552,942	\$	5,797,841		S	165,990 980	S	5 938 384
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3%)		\$	197,281	S	5,919		S	582,031	S	17461
Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)			3,954 870 - -		118 646 - -			3 766 905		113 00" - -
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%) Class 5 Subtotal		\$	4,152,151	\$	124 565		\$	4 348 936	3	130 469
CLASS 6 Livestock (4 % 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4 <sup>4</sup> \( 3\) 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4% 3%)		\$	1,743,498 34,415	\$	69.744 1 376		\$	1,761,413 38 472	S	52 816 1 155
Class 6 Subtotal		S	1,777,913	S	71,120		S	1 799,885	\$	53 971
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	362,494	S	29,000		S	-	\$	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment		\$	3,580,163 791,270 3,987,925 476,180	\$	214,820 47,477 239,275 28,521		\$	683 712 4,448 923 610 299	\$	20 513 133 474 18 316
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	8,835,538	\$	530,093	1	\$	9,597,326	\$	237 943
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	22,322,052	S	2,678 648	į.	\$	13 399,514	\$	1 607 943
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	74,559	\$	18.386,249	\$	125,036	74,595	\$	22 374 293	S	127 538
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Aurlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	1,215,672	\$	73,912	1	S	567,982	\$	24 253
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	1,215,672	\$	73,912		\$	567 982	\$	24 253
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$	-	\$		• .	\$	5,928,428	\$	348.067
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$			\$	5,928 428	\$	348 067
Total		\$	223,802,066	\$	9,812,176	No	\$	232,467,351	\$	8,911,976

# 52 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - FALLON

Fallon			1999						2000		
	cres		Assessed		Taxable	_	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	-	S				\$	-	S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S	-			\$		S	
Grazing (3.71 . 3.627 ) 6 Wild Hay (3.71 . 3.627 )	0 55,955 53,960 25,892 1,612	\$	17,153 860 18,028 870 3 183 676 56 907	S	635,421 668 851 118 109 14 779		0 156 122 654 217 25 892 1 539	8	17 282 118 19 053,168 3 258 228 56 689	\$	626,820 691,047 118,182 14,392
	37 419	\$	38 423 333	S	1 438 160	-	837 770	\$	39 650 203	S	1 450 441
CLASS 4: Land and improvements  Residential (3.71 - 3.627)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539%)  Mobile Homes (3.71 - 3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539%)  Commercial (3.71 - 3.627%)  Industrial (3.71 - 3.627%)  New Manufacturing (1.855 to 3.71 - 1.814% to 3.627%)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855 1.814%)  Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71% 0.725% to 3.627%)		9	31 361 934 330 738 2 908 743 94 797 9 264 304 1 530 209	S	1 163 389 6 958 107 907 2 243 344 443 56 770			S	29 320 251 398 511 2 978 434 52 543 9 200 397 1 502 542	S	1.063 572 8.304 108.022 1 303 333,706 54 500
Class 4 Subtotal		5	45 510 725	\$	1 681 710			S	43 452 578	S	1 569 407
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op -3  Cualified New Industrial (3 - )  Pollution Control (3' .)  Gasohol Related (3' : )		\$	5 434 747	\$	163 34† - -			\$	5 436 559	S	163 097
Research and Development (0'c-3 )											-
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3)   Class 5 Subtotal		5	5 434 747	<u> </u>	163 041			<u> </u>	5 436 559	<u> </u>	163 097
CLASS 5  Livestock (4 _ 3 :)  Lease and Rental Equipment (4* 3  Cancia Seed Processing Equipment 4 3*		S	9 093 108	\$	363,722 1,369			S	9 593.100 28 331	S	287,762 850
Class 6 Subtotal		S	9 127 341	S	365 091			S	9 621 431	\$	288 612
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Ut = 81+ 3+		S	-	\$	-			S		S	-
CLASS 8  Machinery 6 : 3 :  Farm Implements 635, 317  Furniture and Fixtures (6 : 387)  Other Business Equipment  Class 3 Subtotal		\$	7 993 133 10 5*5 807 1 350 173 28 633 919 48,493,032	\$	479 603 630,953 81,009 1,717 787 2 909,352	k		SS	6 982,979 10,391 732 1 059 629 41,591 366 60 025,706	\$	209,500 311,752 31,783 1,247,746 1,800,781
CLASS 9 Utilities +12-4		ŝ	48 050 519	S	5,766,059			\$	44 657 537	\$	5,358,903
CLASS 10 Timber Land ID 65° ID 57°-	600	S	50 435	S	344		600	\$	70 041	\$	399
CLASS 12 Raimpags 6.08 - 4.27f ( Aylines .6.08 - 4.27f (		5	7,911 405	\$	481.015			S	8 470 557	S	361 693
Diass 12 Subtotal		S	7 911 435	\$	491 015	-		\$	8 470,557	Ŝ	361,693
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property 6  Telectric multitation Property 6  Diass 13 Subtotal		S	· -	S	<u>.</u>			\$	401 126 401 126	\$ 	12 034 12 034
Total		ć	202 004 527		12 804 772			ç			
(C13)		3	203,001,537	->	12,804,772	-		2	211,785,838	<u>,</u>	11,005,367

## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - FERGUS

Fergus	*****		1999						2000		
_	Acres	1	Assessed	_	Taxable		Acres		Assessed		Taxable
0) ACC 4 At 4 B				~				S		S	
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$		\$				-			
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S	199 258	\$	5 978			S		5	
CLASS 3 Agnicultural Land	0.000	_	2.205.040	ė	05 6 45		1 001	c	247 313		24.014
Tillable Imgated 3.71 3.627	8 832	5	2 305 940 75 107 991	S	85 545 2 786 523		8 832 425 343	٥			15 of4
Tillable Non-Impated 3 71 3 627	426 555 1 401 214		47 583 174		1 765 419		1 400 851		74 962 009		1 2 4 2 3 5 7
Grazing 3 71 - 3 627 . Wild Hay 3 71 - 3 627	115 218		23 917 351		887 338		114.838		24 356 811		157 353
Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97) 25.389	9 942		347.004		90 112		10 335		377.824		35.81.
Eligible Mining Claims (3.71 - 3.627 )	9 942		341,004		30 112		10.000		U 1 CE4		32.02.
	1 961 760	S	149 261 460	S	5 614 937	_	1 960 199	ŝ	152 144 110	S	6 6 TL 649
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements											
Residential (3.71 + 3.627°		S	170 722,055	S	6 333 355			S	177 616 411	S	6,440,649
Residential Low Income 0 T42°, to 2 597			4 611 042		92 184				3 593 457		67.889
Mobile Homes (3.71 - 3.627' -			9 659,148		358 348				10 277 640		372 759
Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742° to 2.597° 6.0.725° to 2.539° 6.	.I		444 498		9 903				492 735		10,41
Commercial (3.71) . 3.627%)			40 472 451		1 501 552				41 673 247		1 511 49
Industrial (3.71) 3.627			5 539 350		205 505				6 332 424		229.67
New Manufacturing   1.855   to 3.71   1.814   to 3.627   c)			37,030		687				37 373		67
Qualified Golf Courses (1 855 1 814 )			753.712		13 981				768 208		11.52
Remodeled Commercial 0.742°: to 3.71°° 0.725 - to 3.627°0			100,112		10 301				703.200		
Class 4 Subtotal		S	232 239 286	5	8 515 515			\$	240 791 495	S	5 647 28
LASS 5											
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3-/-)		S	11 627 123	S	348 815			S	11,849 300	S	355.47
Qualified New Industrial (3 )			470 404						434 400		4.00
Pollution Control (3 <sup>th</sup> )			176,181		5,285				164 188		4 92
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-31)			*								
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3,			-		*						
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	11,803,304	\$	354 100			S	12 013,488	S	360 40.
CLASS 6											
Livestock (4 <sup>6</sup> 3 <sup>6</sup> )		\$	25 289,385	\$	1 011,554			S	26 807 166	S	304 156
Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%)			63 844		2 554				79 036		2.37.
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)											
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	25,353 229	\$	1 014 108			S	26 886 202	S	806 52
CLASS 7											
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$		\$				\$	,	\$	
CLASS 8											
Machinery (6%, 3%)		\$	12 547,534	S	752,886			S	14 207 968	S	426 27
Farm Implements (6%, 3%)			27,787,335		1,667,254				27 744 231		232,33
Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)			6,835,883		410.166				6 028 336		180,86
Other Business Equipment			1,222,374		60,623				1,136,530		34,14
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	48,393,126	\$	2,890,929			\$	49 117 565	\$	1 473 61
CLASS 9								_		_	
Utilities (12%)		\$	40,180.407	\$	4 821,647			S	29,926 900	S	3 591 23
CLASS 10	401		40 220 000	_	70.00		101700		44.054.000		00.00
Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	124,776	\$	10,779,390	\$	73,301		124 732	\$	14 954 809	S	85 28
CLASS 12				_	.00 .00				7.4.2.050	^	- 20
Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	6.718.502	\$	408 485			S	7 113 058	S	303.72
Airlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		_	192,515		11.705			-	164,585		7,02
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	6,911,017	S	420,190			\$	7 2 / 7 643	S	313.75
CLASS 13										^	
Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$	*	S	1	7		S	8.437.556	S	499,55
Class 13 Subtotal		S		S				S	8 437 556	5	499.55
		-						-			
Total		ph	525,120,477	, m	23,710,705				541,550,368	S	21,375,20

## 54 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - FLATHEAD

Flathead			1999					2000		
_A	cres		Assessed	_	Taxable	Acres	_	Assessed	_	Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$	*	\$			\$		\$	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$	-	\$	-		\$	-	\$	
Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71%, 3.627%) Grazing (3.71%, 3.627%) Wild Hay (3.71%, 3.627%)	23.717 40.245 44,849 15,046 39,583 0	\$	7.325,007 17.295 018 2,180,534 4,196,676 1,377,933	\$	271,759 641,645 80,906 155,698 357,878	23,103 39,518 41,396 13,447 40,672	\$	7,289,607 17,114,297 2,147,670 3,908,030 1,483,810	\$	264,395 620,744 77,895 141,739 376,714
Class 3 Subtotal 1	63,439	\$	32,375,168	\$	1,507,886	158,136	S	31,943,414	\$	1,481,487
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements Residential (3 71% 3 627%) Residential Low Income (0 742% to 2 597%, 0 725% to 2 539%) Mobile Homes (3 71%, 3 627%) Mobile Homes Low Income (0 742% to 2 597%, 0 725% to 2 539%) Commercial (3 71%, 3 627%) Industrial (3 71%, 3 627%) New Manufacturing (1 855% to 3 71%, 1 814% to 3 627%) Qualified Golf Courses (1 855, 1 814%) Remodeled Commercial (0 742% to 3 71%, 0 725% to 3 627%) Class 4 Subtotal			2 123 201,064 38,836,027 50,347,620 1,839,789 567,515,081 108,461,494 7,113,191 12,879,153 585,672 2,910,779,091		78.770.657 743.584 1.867.860 35.484 21,054.954 4,023.924 146.282 238,912 12,215			2 230,024,673 37,502,331 52,598,991 1,900,620 598,730,246 106,660,731 7,154,989 16,086,026 586,790 3,051,245,397	\$	80,883,452 700,529 1,907,769 36,977 21,715,992 3,868,585 160,382 291,804 16,223
Class 4 Subtotal		Ģ	2,310,113,031	Þ	100,053,072		Ĵ	3,001,243,331	Ĵ	105,301,713
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Qp (3%) Qualified New Industrial (3%)		\$	81,696,870	\$	2,450,906		\$	81,930,866	\$	2,457,924
Pollution Control (3%)			13,921,140		417,635			12,678,942		380,369
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)				•						
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%) Class 5 Subtotal		\$	29,053,736 124,671,746	\$	871,612 3,740,153		\$	32,899,541 127,509,349	\$	986,986 3,825,279
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	5,210,425 844,114	\$	208,406 33,765		\$	6,134.878 1,211,186	\$	183,827 36,339
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	6,054,539	\$	242,171		\$	7,346,064	\$	220,166
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	-	\$			S		\$	-
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment		\$	115,798,436 9,639,665 59,554,674 25,168,116	\$	6,781,477 578,389 3,573,346 1,451,339		\$	109,734,099 9,010,176 60,025,642 22,904,114	\$	3,236,008 270,311 1,800,803 687,272
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	210,160,891	\$	12,384,551		\$	201,674,031	\$	5,994,394
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	111,114,003	\$	13,333,680		\$	41,459,494	\$	4,975,139
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	64.422	\$	225,664,934	\$	1,534,512	462,430	S	269,866,018	\$	1,538,260
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Arrlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	44,007,076 8,608,737	\$	2,675,630 523,412		\$	47,322,432 7,751,622	\$	2,020,666 330,993
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	52,615,813	\$	3,199,042		\$	55,074,054	\$	2,351,659
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$		\$	-		\$	1,967,186 63,886,953	\$	118,032 3,797,915
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	*	\$	-		S	65,854,139	\$	3,915,947
Total		\$	3,673,436,185	\$	142,835,867		\$	3,851,971,960	\$	133,884,044

# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - GALLATIN

Gallatin			1999		y « »-» « « » » « » « » «				2000		a
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	ľ.	Acres	_	Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		S				S		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S				S		S	
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land		•									
Tillable Imgated: 3.71% 3.627 Tillable Non-Imgated: 3.71% 3.627% Grazing: (3.71% 3.627%) Wfld Hay: (3.71% 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land: (25.97% 25.389%) Eligible Mining Claims: (3.71% 3.627%)	83 696 99 045 432,893 17 281 41,239 0	\$	21,437 162 20 190 242 16 894 365 5,180 613 1,566 303	\$	795 311 749 055 626 805 192 198 406 784	_	83,277 99 548 441 649 17 102 44 118 0 685 694	\$ 	22 015 136 20 282 561 11 112 701 5 234 312 1 808 140	\$	800 681 135 642 643 401 139 615 459 613
Class 3 Subtotal	674 154	\$	65 268,685	\$	2,770 153		000 034	٥	0, 1149 3	Ş	2 021 012
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements  Residential [3.71% 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539%)  Mobile Homes (3.71% 3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539  Commercial (3.71% 3.627%)  Industrial (3.71% 3.627%)  New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71% 1.814% to 3.627%)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855% to 3.71% 0.725% to 3.627%)  Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71% 0.725% to 3.627%)		\$	1,704,277,008 11,053,974 34,108,882 523,959 579,866,434 22,849,424 3,470,205 9,498,611	\$	63 228.439 188.951 1 265 473 10 705 21 513 026 847 712 64 373 176 197			S	1 864 531 895 10 470 164 35 764 892 449 052 674,558 037 22 644 978 4 775 918 10 820 446	\$	67 627 026 171 685 1 297 201 9 020 24 456 222 821 332 90 323 196 281
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	2,365,648,497	\$	87 294,876			\$	2,624 015 382	\$	94 679 090
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%) Qualified New Industrial (3%)		\$	11,069,841	\$	332,095			\$	11 353 026	S	340,590
Pollution Control (3%)			3,450,149		103,505				2,881 129		86 434
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)			266.515		7 995				230 720		6 922
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	14,786,505	\$	443,595			\$	14,464 875	\$	433 946
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	12,442,330 689,765	\$	497,690 27,589			\$	14,208 850 694 429	\$	426 042 20 835
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	13,132.095	\$	525,279			\$	14,903,279	\$	446 877
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	-	\$	-	X.		\$		\$	-
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	83,632,154 19,844,962 61,632,215 13,001,454 178,110,785	\$	4,704 269 1,190,715 3,697,917 706,527 10,299,428	- Carlo		\$	86.271,522 19.625,452 63.458.762 12.060.725 181,416,461	\$	2,445,228 588,766 1,903,811 362,022 5,299,827
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	119,502,605	\$	14,340,315			\$	80,272,049	S	9,632,647
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	174,964	\$	50,014,045	\$	340,013		163,010	S	56.046.375	\$	319 519
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Artines (6 08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal		\$	28,896,194 13,534,404 42,430,598	\$	1,756,891 822,894 2,579,785			\$ 	25,787,730 15,302,572 41,090,302	\$	1.044 403 672,599 1.717,002
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$		\$				\$	3,181,555 50,762,740	\$	190 893 3,007,714
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$	-	3		\$	53,944,295	\$	3,198,607
Total		\$	2,848,893,815	\$	118,593,444			\$	3,133,267,036	\$	118,555,127

## 56 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - GARFIELD

Garfield			1999					2000		
_	Acres	/	<u>A</u> ssessed		Faxable	Acres		Assessed	_ 1	Taxable
CLASS * Net Proceeds		S		S			5		÷	
CLASS C Gross Proceeds		3	•	5			2	-	S S	•
		Ş	•	٥			٥		\$	-
CLASS 3 Agnoutural Land Tilable Impated 3 Tf + 3 607	540	S	100 094	S	3 7*3	540	\$	103 156	5	3 742
Tilacia Non-Imgated (3,71%) 3,627	344 014		37 113 806		1 376 967	343 988		37 452 346	•	1 358 378
Graing 3 Tr (	1.766.796		48 458 636		1 797 788	1 768 690		51 347 405		1 858 684
Nor-Qualfed Agliand (25 GT) 25 333°	3 234		112 771		29 296	3 275		119 593		30 362
<u>Bigo a Mining Calms, 3,741-, 3,6271</u> Class 3,8ubtota	2 114 583	-	85 785 307	-	3 207 764	2116490	-	02.000.000		2.254.450
	2 1 4 003	2	50 00 du	2	3 20 64	2 1 5 491	2	58 922 200	\$	3 251 166
OLASS 4 Land and improvements  Residential 3.71 (1.3.627):		ŝ	18 485 773	S	885 883		ŝ	17 677 133	5	641 278
Residenta Law hapme (2.742) Ita 2.5971, (3.7251) to 2.5991		٠	38 687		548			51 087		639
Not a Homes 3 71 3 6271.			1 363 621		89 320			1 968 822		71 406
<ul> <li>Mobile Homes Low Income: 0.7421, to 2.5971, i.d.7251, to 2.5391</li> <li>Commercial 3.711, 3.6271</li> </ul>			11740 1990 989		175 73 913			10 382 1 908 1 TS		154 69 143
ndustra 3 T1: 3 BDT:			171 243		6 353			166 664		6 045
New Manufacturing in 655% to 3 71% in 614 into 3 627%					-			-		
Qualified Gorf Courses in 855 in 814					-			*		
Remode ad Commercia (2.742% to 3.71%) 2.735% to 3.627% Class 4 Subtota		5	20 567 033	5	835 093		-	2* 780 767	5	788 665
CL488.6		J						2 00 0		00 200
Fura Electric and Telephone Co-Opt 31-		\$	6 332 242	Ş	139 988		Ş	5 389 524	5	191 586
Qualified New Industrial (31)			-							
Polition Control 3-					-			-		*
Gaschol Related (31) Research and Development (31)-3										
A may m E anyol to Equipment ?								_		
Class 5 Suptotal		3	6 332 242	3	189 988		5	6 389 524	\$	191 686
CLASS 6										
Livestock (41-31) Lease and Pental Equipment (41-31)		Ş	*4 698 132 4 528	S	587 921 181		S	15 384 982 2 744	Ş	451 641 82
Cant a Seen Procession Education 4 1 3 -										
Class 6 Subtota		3	14 702 660	\$	588 100		S	15 057 696	5	451 723
CLASST										
Non-Centrally Assessed Public of 16 131-		S	-	3	٠		\$		5	*
CL4SS 8		\$	740.040		42.657		c	673 * 76	\$	20 206
Farming ements (6-1-3)		Ş	12 442 032	Ş	626 527		3	10 241 818	٥	307 253
Furniture and Fixtures (6%) (67)			488 721		29 332			349 954		10 502
That Bis nass Earlingant		_	+ 003 030		23 577		_	214 939	_	6 446
Class 3 Subtota		S	12 644 964	3	752 333		S	11479 757	5	344 417
014889					f <sub>al</sub>				ė	
ut tes 121.		\$	•	5	. 1		S		٥	-
OLASS 10 Timber Land ID 68 III 0 57:	4	3	38 327	\$	259 []	4		53 227	ŝ	304
	4	-	20 32	3	7	4	2		J	304
01488 f0 Faircads (6.08 / 4.07		5	-	S	4		S		S	-
40 nes 6 13 4 27		-			- 1		_			
		3	-	5	- 3		S	-	S	-
Class 12 Sucreta										
Class 10 Suorcia LASS 13										
E-38 13 Elegintal General th Process, E		ŝ		S			3	44	Ş	0.440
UHBS 13 Elegintal General in Procedy El Telecommunication Procedy B		\$			-			<u> </u>		2,4°6 2,4°6
E-38 13 Elegintal General th Process, E		ŝ		Š	5,574,529		S	90 530 80 530 143.763,731	5	2.415

# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - GLACIER

Glacier -			1999					2000		
Old Old I	cres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds	_	S	_	S			S		3	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		5		S			\$		5	
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land		Ÿ								
Tillable Irrigated   3 T1+   3 62T   2   2   3 62T   2   2   3 62T   2   3 62T   2   3 62T   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4	8 584 297 531 884 323 12 876 9 166	\$	2 135 894 49 386 593 16 401 025 2 026 275 234 417	3	79 232 1 832 263 606 667 75 186 60 890	8 691 201 914 484 924 12 882 9 383	0/1	0,210,046 49,407,056 17,049,666 0,076,846 245,496	4.2	91 <u>24</u> 1 44 511 601 64 78 744 60 347
Eligible Mining Claims 371 - 3627	0 480		70 134 204	<u> </u>	2 656 258	<u>0</u> 313 000		71 260 401	-	Defaut:
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential 3.71 = 3.627 - 1  Residential Low Income 0.742 - to 2.597 = 3.725 - to 2.539  Mobile Homes 3.71 = 3.627  Mobile Homes Low Income 0.742 - to 2.597 = 3.725 - to 2.539		8	82 924 114 0 491 598 2 581 510 57 787	Ş	3 076 482 53 767 95 765 1 021		S	84 470 083 0 082 109 0 889 761	\$	3 064 049 4114 100 656
Commercial 3 716 - 3 627 - Industrial 3 716 - 3 627 - New Manufacturing   1 8556 to 3 716 - 1 8141 - to 3 62780			40 005 987 5 383 446		1 484 218 199 726			40 625 347 5 393 344		1 470 484 195 796
Qualified Golf Courses: 1,855; 1,814 Remodeled Commercial: 0,7427; to 3,715; 0,725; to 3,627; )			502 750		9 327			490 228		8 892
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	133 946 994	\$	4 920 308		S	135 875 872	S	4 885 990
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op 3° -  Qualified New Industrial (3° -)  Pollution Control (3%)		S	26,426 476	S	792 794 -		\$	27 916 991	S	837 509
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%:-3%) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)			-		-			-		
Class 5 Subtotal		5	26 426 476	S	792 794		S	27 916 991	5	837 508
CLASS 5  Livestock (41, 3%)  Lease and Rental Equipment (41- 3%)		\$	6 156 932 16 989	S	246 276 679		S	6 799 6°0 8 337	S	203 966 250
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%) Class 6 Subtotal		\$	6 173 971	S	246 955		\$	6 807 947	\$	204 218
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	97 717	\$	7.817		Ş	93 017	\$	7 441
CLASS 8  Machinery (6% 3%)  Farm Implements (6% 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6% 3%)  Other Business Equipment		\$	5 012 719 15 *29 756 5 553,147 5,887,170	\$	300,778 907 794 333,201 343,917		\$	18 392 933 5 206 399 5 317 229	\$	115 372 551 789 156 188 159,570
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	31 582 792	\$	1 885 690		\$	32 752 072	\$	982 919
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	72,365 917	\$	8 683 908		S	57 091 041	S	6 850 924
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68%, 0.57%)	2 405	\$	678,410	\$	4 618	2 405	\$	829 280	\$	4.735
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Arrlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	24,647 310 3,004	\$	1 498 557 183		S	26,351 692 1,35 <sup>-</sup>	S	1 125 217 58
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	24 650,314	\$	1 498 740		S	25 353 049	S	1 125,275
CLASS 13 Efectnical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$	·	\$	<u>.</u>		\$	11,540,212	\$	682 <u>50</u> 2
Class 13 Subtotal		\$		S			ŝ	11 540 212	S	682 502
Total		\$	366,106,795	\$	20,697,088		\$	370,529,882	\$	18,219,767

Golden Valley	***********		1999					2000		
*	Acres		ssessed	]	axable	Acres		Assessed	T	axable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		ŝ	-	S			5		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$	-	S			S		S	-
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land  Triable Impated 3 T1 3 62T1  Triable Non-impated 3 T1 3 62T1  Grazing 3 T1 3 62T1  Wid Hay 3 T1 3 62T1  Non-Qualified Ag Land 25 9T 25 369  Eligible Mining Camps 3 T1 3 62T1	10 265 101 TT8 532 491 11 TT3 2 260	\$	2 382 536 14 010 109 13 640 453 1 975 160 78 806	Ş	88 388 519 779 506 059 73 251 20 464	10 265 99 662 535 963 11 684 2 247	\$	2 449 617 13 895 011 14 490 094 2 002 496 82 070	\$	88 848 503 977 525,562 72 631 20 834
Class 3 Subtotal	658 567	\$	32 087 064	Ş	1 207 971	659744	\$	32 9*9 288	\$	1 211 852
OLASS 4 Landland improvements  Residential 3.11 - 3.621  Residential Low income IDT42 - to 2.697 + 0.725 - to 2.639  Mobile Homes IDT4 - 3.627  Mobile Homes Low income IDT421: to 0.697 + 0.725 - to 2.639  Commercial 3.71 - 3.627  Industrial 3.71 - 3.627  New Manufacturing 1.655 - to 3.71 - 1.614 - to 3.627 :		Ş	13 876 623 323 692 397 697 - 943 684 557 631	1/3	614 TT8 5 165 14 750 			14 192 670 356 159 445 762 15 331 1 136 949 545 064	5	514 523 6 765 16 167 389 41 202 19 T68
Qualified Golf Courses if 855 if 814			-		-			-		-
<u>Remode ed Commercial (2,740% to 3,741% 0,7251 to 3,627</u> 1% Class 4 Subtotal		<u> </u>	16 099 127	S	590 408		S	16 692 955	S	599 119
OLASS 5 Pural Electric and Telephone Co-Op. 3		S	3 447 469	S	94 424		S	3 152 672	ŝ	94 581
Qualifed New Industrial 3 Poliution Control 3 Gaschol Related 3 Research and Development ICL+3			· .		•			-		•
Aum num Electro ytto Equipment 3		\$	3 147 469	- 5	94.404		-	3 *52 672	5	94 581
Class 5 Subtotal		2	3 4 458	\$	94.4_4		2	3 04 0 4	3	94 001
CLASS 6 Livestock, 4 = 31 Livestock, 4 = 31 Livestock, 4 = 31 Livestock, 4 = 31 Candia Seea Processing Equipment, 4 = 31.		S	5 092 001 755	5	203 693 30		\$	5 077 29*	S	152 313 22
Class 6 Subtota		\$	5 392 757	5	203 723		S	5 078 014	S	152 335
CLASS T Non-Centrally Assessed Public Ut 1 8 1 3		5		S			S		\$	
DLASS 8 Machinery 6 131 Farm implements 69 3 Furniture and Fixtures 6 13 3 Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtota		S	391 946 3 924 025 260 783 113 362 4 707 116	\$	23 521 235 443 16 345 <u>5 654</u> 281 463		\$	433 094 3 753 753 189 019 92 886 4 468 757	\$	12 996 112 611 5 673 2 791 134 071
LLASS 9 Utilities (10)-		S	28 162 601	\$	3 379 514		S	25 658 666	S	3 079 037
0.488 10 Timber Land (0.68 - 0.61)	11 301	Ş	971 575	S	6 604	1* 301	5	1 343 354	\$	7 686
CLASS 12 Raircads (6.08   4.07		Ş	T 466 126	S	453 941		S	1 993 828	S	34, 336
Arines (6.08 (4.07)) Class 10 Subtota		S	7 466 125	Ş	453 941		\$	7 993 525	\$	341 335
LLASS 13 Electrical General to Proceny (3) Telecommunication Proceny (3) Class 13 Subtora		0 0	-	\$	- 1		5	1,157,710 1,157,710	\$	57.385 57.385
Total		-5	97,733,857	5	6.218.048		2	98.470.244	\$	5,687,402

Granite	**********	1999		*******	2000					
	Acres	/	Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		5		S			S		Ş	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		\$			S		S	
CLASS 3: Agricultural Land  Tillable Irrigated (3.71 + 3.627)  Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71 + 3.627)  Grazing (3.71 + 3.627)  Willd Hay (3.71 + 3.627)  Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97) (25.389)  Eligible Mining Claims (3.71 + 3.627)	27 104 967 207 230 9 633 7 760	\$	6 924 417 159 215 6 339 143 2 842 916 264 994	\$	256 396 6 278 235 203 105 474 68 826	26 141 951 202 530 9 541 8 285	Ş	108 260 169 724 6 605 117 2 940 216 296 674	3/9	187 78. 197 86. 198 86. 107 14. 188 87.
	252 694	5	16 540 745	5	672 677	247 403	S	17 117 991	5	665 448
CLASS 4: Land and improvements  Residential 3 11   3 621  Residential Low Income   0 142   to 2 591   0 125   to 2 539  Mobile Homes   3 71   3 627    Mobile Homes Low Income   0 142   to 2 591   0 1251   to 2 539  Commercial 3 11   3 627    Industrial 3 71   3 627    New Manufacturing   1 855   to 3 71   2 1 814   to 3 627 (5)    Qualified Golf Courses   1 855   1 814      Remodeled Commercial   0 142   to 3 71   3 725   to 3 627		Ş	63 513 081 1 341 072 2 731 937 74 706 8 206 747 1 777 613 171 011	S	2 356 313 23 074 101 359 1 551 304 475 65 949 4 441		S	1 459 970 1 418 096 2 667 844 10 006 9 001 685 1 961 250 166 439	5	3 555 606 24 246 90 060 4 326 496 61 606 5 430
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	77 816 167	\$	2 85~ 162		S	85 705 292	S	3 079 417
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3)  Qualified New Industrial (3)  Pollution Control (3)**		\$	764 225	\$	22 927		\$	818 556 -	S	24 551
Gasonol Related [3] Research and Development (0 %3] (1) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment [3]			- -		· ·					
Class 5 Subtotal		S	764 225	S	22 927		5	818 556	\$	24.55
CLASS 6 Livestock (4 - 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4" - 3 Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	5 961 131 5 792	\$	238,451		\$	6 196 160 2 651	\$	185 854 Tg
Class 6 Subtotal		S	5 966 923	S	238 683		\$	6 198 811	S	155 933
CLASS 7  Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8', 3')		\$		\$			\$		S	
CLASS 8  Machinery 6 & 3' +  Farm Implements (6% 3")  Fumilure and Fixtures (6% 3")  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	7 247,792 2 535,509 854,559 737,064 11,374,924	\$	434 870 152,129 51 286 43,164 681,449		\$	9 001 049 2 635 324 702 991 610 362 12 949 726	9	269 045 19 059 21 093 18 319 381 516
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		S	30.379.788	S	3,645,575		S	22 739 776	S	2 728 772
CLASS 10	149 235	S	45,734,494	S	311 024	145 385	S	56 158 010	S	321 121
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08% 4 27%)		\$	18 429 447	\$	1 120 510	, , , , ,	\$	17,480 951	S	746 437
Arrlines (6 08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal		\$	18 429 447	\$	1.120 510		\$	17,480,951	\$	746 437
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$		\$	-	;	\$	7,262,742	\$	435.764
Class 13 Subtotat		S		\$			S	7 262 742	\$	435 764
Total		\$	207,006,713	\$	9,550,007		\$	226,431,855	\$	8,593,965

## 60 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - HILL

Hill	1999					2000				
_	Acres	Assessed		Taxable		Acres	Assessed		Taxable	
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$		S			\$	-	\$	_
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		\$			\$	•	\$	
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.71%, 3.627%) Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71%, 3.627%) Grazing (3.71%, 3.627%) Wift Hay (3.71%, 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97, 25.389%) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71%, 3.627%)	1,864 1 126,417 401,954 3,926 5,410 0	\$	342.328 156,310,786 12,404,806 687,877 188,735	\$	12.702 5,799,161 460.321 25,516 49,010	1,863 1 125,996 402,245 3 926 5 447	\$	352,661 156,463,713 13,083,087 704,053 198,998	\$	12,792 5,674,923 474,592 25,538 50,526
Class 3 Subtotal	1 539,572	S	169 934,532	S	6,346,710	1,539,478	\$	170,802.512	\$	6.238,371
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements Residential (3.71% 3.627%) Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597%, 0.725% to 2.539%) Mobile Homes (3.71%, 3.627%) Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597%, 0.725% to 2.539 Commercial (3.71% 3.627%) Industrial (3.71%, 3.627%) New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71%, 1.814% to 3.627%) Qualified Golf Courses (1.855, 1.814%) Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%, 0.725% to 3.627%)	%)	\$	225,498,604 5,510,003 6 262,008 287,685 78 061,332 9,878,131 559,523 388,033 2,349,806	\$	8,365,474 113,715 232,319 4,589 2,896,059 366,479 10,379 7,198 21,292		\$	223,298,967 5,872,156 6,225,210 288,275 76,051,308 9,667,869 651,097 439,430 2,458,871	\$	8,099,234 117,549 225,779 4,816 2,758,393 350,652 11,810 7,972 38,843
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	328,795 125	\$	12,017,504		\$	324,953,183	\$	11,615,048
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%) Qualified New Industrial (3%) Pollution Control (3%)		\$	16,243,672	\$	487 313		\$	17,671,400	\$	530,145
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)					-					-
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%) Class 5 Subtotal		\$	16,243,672	\$	487,313		\$	17,671,400	\$	530,145
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	6,646,135 128,557	\$	265,855 5,141		\$	6,994,109 118,798	\$	209,782 3,564
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	6,774 692	\$	270,996		\$	7,112,907	\$	213,346
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$		\$			\$		\$	-
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		S	5,439,330 39,730,880 8,159,454 2,489,406 55,819,070	\$	326,376 2,383,853 489,583 140,922 3,340,734		\$	6,047,018 38,343,964 7,653,641 2,876,730 54,921,353	\$	181,426 1,150,330 229,611 86,345 1,647,712
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	55,247,220	\$	6,629,665		\$	46,658,785	S	5,599,052
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68%, 0.57%)	6,174	\$	530,024	\$	3,602	6,174	S	734.819	\$	4,192
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08 % 4 270 <sub>31</sub>		\$	55,212,835	\$	3.356,939		\$	58,938,047	\$	2,516,654
Artines (6.08%, 4.27%)  Class 12 Subtotal			<u>270,759</u> 55,483,594	\$	16,706 3,373,645			<u>277,714</u> 59,215,761		11,858 2,528,512
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$		\$			S	5,943,598	\$	356,616
Class 13 Subtotal		S		\$	· .		\$	5 943,598	\$	356,616

## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - JEFFERSON

Jefferson		1999	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	******	2000					
		Assessed		Taxable		Acres	Assessed		Taxable	
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$	28 209	S	28 209		S	149 954	\$	149 954
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$	82 073 249	S	2 462 198		\$	TE 232 EE5	S	2 256 976
CLASS 3 Agnicultural Land  Tillable Irrigated (3.71 = 3.627° +  Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71 = 3.627° +  Grazing (3.71° = 3.627° +)  Wild Hay (3.71° = 3.627° +)  Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97° 25.389° +	19 312 24 786 343,484 5 472	S	4 250,815 3,111 992 7,928,147 1,148 264	\$	157 <sup>-</sup> 13 115,451 294 170 42 594	19 305 24,776 342 204 5 468	\$	4 368 914 3 118 455 8 341 394 1 172 959	S	158 455 113 103 302 559 42 538
Eligible Mining Claims (3.71% 3.627%)  Class 3 Subtotal	30,518 0 423,573		1,045 694	S	271 536 	31 142 0 422 895	<u> </u>	1 118 429	ŝ	283 929 - 900 504
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71% 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539%)  Mobile Homes (3.71% 3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539  Commercial (3.71% 3.627%)  Industrial (3.71% 3.627%)  New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71% 1.814% to 3.627%)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855, 1.814%)		S	192.098,663 2 969,742 10.028 808 325 009 18.145,048 23.966,857 323,914	S	7,126 696 51,067 372 063 5 163 673 165 889 175 6 009	422 033	\$	204 276 078 2 663 522 10 350 521 490 461 19 718 363 24 286,395 324 374	\$	7 409 271 28 760 375 405 7 700 715 192 880.869 5 884
Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%, 0.725% to 3.627%) Class 4 Subtotal		\$	247 858,041	\$	9,123 338		\$	262 109 714	\$	9 433 082
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3%)		S	1 718 440	\$	51.553		S	1 727 727	\$	51 831
Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)			21,659 585		649 787 - -			19 152 532 - -		574 576 -
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)  Class 5 Subtotal			23,378,025	\$	701,340		\$	20 880 259	\$	626 407
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	5,669,476 9,169	\$	226,779 367		S	5,982 507 5 828	\$	179,430 175
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	5,678,645	\$	227,146		\$	5,988,335	S	179 605
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$		S	-		S	-	\$	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		S	51,654,629 3,030,951 2,755,615 9,991,920 67,433,115	\$	3,097,254 181,862 165,337 589,022 4,033,475	4	\$	53.171.759 3.124.693 2.867,816 12.077,118 71.241.386	SS	1,593,634 93,743 66,038 362,328 2,135,743
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	37.824.577	\$	4.538.946		S	30,173,880	S	3 620 864
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	44,268	S	6 843,019		46,542	44,319				
LASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)	44,200	\$	16,696,549	S S	1,015,151	44,319	S S	8 312 555 16,178 998	S S	47 374 690 846
Arrlines (6 08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal		\$	16 696,549	\$	1 015,151	1	\$	16 178 998	\$	690 846
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$		\$	-		\$	9,893,390	\$	572,779
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	S	-		\$	9 893 390	S	572 779
Total		\$	505,298,341	\$	23,057,809	t	\$	518,281,177	\$	20,614,234

# 62 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - JUDITH BASIN

Judith Basin		1999	********	2000						
		Assessed		Taxable		Acres	Assessed		Taxable	
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		\$			\$		\$	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$	-	\$			\$		\$	-
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.71 / 3.627) Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71 / 3.627) Under Classification (3.71 / 3.627) Wild Hay (3.71 / 3.627) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71 / 3.627)	3 129 203,086 499 308 53,749 1 666	\$	1 179,890 35 906 235 25,346,791 14 248 601 57,979	\$	43 772 1 332 089 940,367 528 632 15 058	3 129 202.338 499.981 53,741 1,705	\$	1 190 862 35,782 448 26,609 270 14,552 021 62 156	\$	43,196 1 297,825 965,112 527,808 15,785
Class 3 Subtotal	760 938	S	76,739 496	\$	2 859 918	760,894	S	78 196,767	\$	2,849,726
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential: 3.71 = 3.627 - 1  Residential: Low Income (0.7425) to 2.597 - 3.0.725% to 2.5397 - 3.  Mobile Homes (3.7196; 3.62797)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.7425 - to 2.5977; 0.7257; to 2.539		S	37 272 245 201 648 1,397 955	S	1 382 626 3 387 51,870		\$	37 761 162 301,164 1 441 838	S	1 369,722 5,264 52,290
Commercial (3.71 = 3.627°) Industrial (3.71 = 3.627°) New Manufacturing (1.855°), to 3.71° (1.814°), to 3.627°()			3,667 683 1,784 833		143 492 66 217			3 823 888 1 863 546		138,702 67,591
Qualified Goit Courses (1.855, 1.814, ).  Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%), 0.725% to 3.627%).										-
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	44,524.364	\$	1 647 592		\$	45,191 598	\$	1,633,569
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3" ) Qualified New Industrial (3".)		\$	2,917,559	\$	87 527		\$	2 978.892	\$	89 367
Pollution Control (3 <sup>2</sup> a)								-		-
Gasohol Related (311) Research and Development (016-311)			- '	,						
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)  Class 5 Subtotal		<u> </u>	2,917,559	S	87 527		<u> </u>	2.978 892	<u> </u>	89 367
CLASS 6		Ÿ	2.017.000		01 321		9	2.510 002	v	00,301
Livestock (4% 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4% 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4% 3%)		\$	13.573,759 4 194	\$	542 952 168		\$	13 709 679 4 577	\$	411 270 138
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	13,577,953	\$	543.120		\$	13,714 256	\$	411,408
CLASS T Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8% 3%)		\$		\$			\$		\$	-
CLASS 8  Machinery (61, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6% 3%)  Other Business Equipment		\$	1,174,554 13,484,370 591,486 193,447	S	70 483 809 065 35 491 10.422		\$	1,079 164 13 129,198 421,951 127,509	\$	32,380 393,876 12,656 3,829
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	15 443,857	\$	925 461		\$	14 757,822	\$	442,741
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	53,466,511	\$	6 415.984		S	41 739,662	\$	5 008,762
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68% 0.57%)	16,350	\$	1,363,895	\$	9,272	16,351	\$	1,892,131	\$	10,797
CLASS 12  Railroads (6.08 % 4.27%)  Authors (6.08 % 4.27%)		\$	17 261,187 790	S	1 049 480 48		\$	18,625,934 679	\$	795,330 29
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	17 261,977	\$	1 049 528	-	\$	18,626,613	\$	795,359
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$		\$			\$	7,219,078	\$	431,292
Class 10 Subtotal		\$	-	\$	-		\$	7 219,078	\$	431,292
Total		Ş	225,295,612	\$	13,538,402	4	\$	224,316,819	\$	11,673,021

## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - LAKE

Lake			1999					2000		
Lano	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
							_			
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		5		\$			\$		\$	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S	-	\$			\$		S	
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.71% 3.627%) Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71% 3.627%) Grazing (3.71% 3.627%) Wild Hay (3.71% 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97%)	88 979 12,458 156,916 9 838 25 521	\$	19 587 750 3 671.894 6 607 226 2 017 783 885 436	S	726 697 136 242 245 173 74 851 229 959	87 930 11 993 152 186 9 724 26 737	S	19 951 018 3 570 527 6 750 490 2 025 406 974 025	S	703 546 129 474 244 517 13 468 247 285
Eligible Mining Claims (3.711 - 3.62724) Class 3 Subtotal	293 711	<u> </u>	32 770 089		1 412 922	288 571	<u> </u>	33 271 466	- 5	1.415.690
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71 × 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597 × 0.725% to 2.539 × Mobile Homes (3.71% 3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597 × 0.725% to 2.539% Commercial (3.71% 3.627%)  Industrial (3.71% 3.627%)  New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71% 1.814% to 3.627%)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855% to 3.71% 0.725% to 3.627%)  Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71% 0.725% to 3.627%)  Class 4 Subtotal		\$	753 137 023 16 640 283 16 486 104 1,157 164 96,608 888 12,183 002 1 232 898 963,069 215,872 898,624 303	\$	27 940 621 320 582 611 637 22 322 3 584 187 451 991 24 389 17.866 1,602 32.975,197	2003 1	\$	780 581 884 16 111 294 16 873 449 1 152 392 106 631 494 15 235 490 1 072 242 945 836	\$	28 3** 835 307 85* 611 998 23 358 3 867 535 552 59* 22 409 17 158
CLASS 5										
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3%)		\$	13,647,920	S	409,437		\$	15 500 860 -	S	465 025
Pollution Control (3%)			471,277		14 138			369 959		11 099
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)			-							-
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%) Class 5 Subtotal		Ŝ	14 119,197		423 575			15 870 819	<u> </u>	476 124
CLASS 6		<b>V</b>	14 (15,15)		420 010		~	10 0,0 010	•	1 0 12 1
Livestock (4% 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	11,426,120 67,970	S	457 030 2,718		\$	12 596 934 82 953	\$	377 778 2 488
Class 6 Subtotal		S	11,494,090	\$	459,748		\$	12 679 887	\$	380 266
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	103.336	\$	8.267		S	-	\$	
CLASS 8 Machinery (6%, 3%) Farm Implements (6%, 3%) Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%) Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtotal		\$	37.808,671 10,358,589 12,989,959 3,919,754 65,076,973	\$	1,923,077 621,531 779,407 221,524 3,545,539		\$ 	55,549,857 9 772 206 12 858,159 4,768,660 82 948 882	\$	1 534 953 293 173 385 736 143 118 2,356 980
CLASS 9										
Utilities (12%)		\$	35,998,910	\$	4,319,869		\$	2 923,529	\$	350,823
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	101,488	\$	44,191,310	S	300.509	101 215	\$	55 699 197	\$	317 475
CLASS 12 Raifroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Arlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	14,164,671	\$	861 211	1	\$	13 439 519	\$	573,866
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	14,164 671	\$	861,211		\$	13 439,519	\$	573 866
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Ielecommunication Property (6%)		\$	-	\$	-		\$	40,330,896 16,336,035	\$	2,419 854 963,488
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$	- ,		S	56 666,931	\$	3,383,342
Total		<u>\$</u>	1,116,542,879	\$	44,306,837		\$	1,212,104,311	\$	42,972,381

# 64 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - LEWIS & CLARK

Lewis & Clark			1999		•••••		•••••	2000		
-	Acres		Assessed	_	Taxable	Acres	_	Assessed	_	Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$	-	\$	-		S	-	\$	-
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		\$			\$		\$	•
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.71%, 3.627%) Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71%, 3.627%) Grazing (3.71%, 3.627%) Willd Hay (3.71%, 3.627%) Non-Qual fied Ag Land (25.97, 25.389%) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71%, 3.627%)	41,482 31,280 657 005 16,122 51,965 553	\$	8,073,721 4 708,795 22 709 405 3 581,993 1,774 505 17,907	\$	299.537 174.690 842.543 132.883 460.795	41.007 31 200 656 255 16 210 52 176 537	\$	8 211,712 4 705,095 23,857,479 3,692,595 1 867,208 18 702	\$	297,827 170,648 865,352 133,939 474,007 680
Class 3 Subtotal	798,407	\$	40.866,326	S	1 911,118	797 385	\$	42 352,791	\$	1,942,453
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71% 3.527% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539% to Mobile Homes (3.71% 3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539 Commercial (3.71% 3.627%)  Industrial (3.71% 3.627%)  New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71% 1.814% to 3.627%)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855/1.814%)  Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71% 0.725% to 3.627%)			1 043 815 706 13 896 179 33 499 861 929.974 439.849.159 14 416,722 2 260.945 490.961	\$	38 725 783 201 917 1 242 876 17 126 16,318 428 534,861 - 41 940		\$	1 090 757,638 13 741,837 35,949,134 1 006 281 479,526,809 16,022,890 709,985 2 436,210 609,084	\$	39,562,145 186,085 1,303,863 16,842 17,392,469 581,150 12,879 44,193
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	1,549 159,507	\$	57 082,931		\$	1,640 759 868	\$	59.099.626
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3) Qualified New Industrial (3%)		Ş	4 020 287	\$	120 609		\$	6.015.203	\$	180,456
Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%)			22.214 680		666 440			21 211,321		636.340
Research and Development (0°2-3°)					-					
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3) () Class 5 Subtotal		5	26.234.967	<u> </u>	787 049		5	27,226 524	<u> </u>	816.796
CLASS 6 Livestock (415, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (415, 31%)		\$	9,072,230 722,936	\$	362,869 28,916		\$	9,981,054 723.295	S	299,309 21,698
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%) Class 6 Subtotal		<u> </u>	9 795,166	<u> </u>	391,785		<u> </u>	10 704,349	<u> </u>	321.007
CLASS 7		Ŷ	3 7 3 3 , 100	Ų	331,703		Ş	10 104,543	3	321,007
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (18% 35%)		S	1 948 890	\$	155,911		\$	-	\$	-
CLASS 5  Machinery (615, 33c)  Farm Implements (60c, 32c)  Furniture and Fixtures (60c, 31c)  Other Business Equipment  Class 6 Subtotal		\$	42,502,828 5,403,258 50,799,494 11,601,509 110,307,089	\$ 	2 550,196 324 191 3 047,947 669,464 6,591,798		\$	47 846.541 5.368.669 48,769,406 11 684,023 113,668 639	\$	1,395,155 161,056 1,463,110 350,598 3,369,919
CLASS 9										
Utilities (12%)		\$	153.755,410	\$	18,450,651		S	76,602,319	\$	9,192,277
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68% 0.57%)	175,730	S	35,121,157	\$	238.854	175,701	\$	42 604 839	S	242,836
CLASS 12 Railroads 6:08 <sup>1</sup> 4:27 <sup>1</sup> . <u>Airlines (6:08<sup>1</sup> 4:27</u>		\$	24 962,066 6 427,499	\$	1,517,694 390,812		\$	23 021,693 7,198,784	\$	983,026 307,388
Class 12 Subtotal		S	31,389 585	\$	1,908,506		S	30 220 477	\$	1,290 414
Electrical Generation Property (6)  Telecommunication Property (6)  Class 13 Subtotal		\$	·	\$	<u> </u>		\$	36,726 552 70,053,567 106,780,119	S	2 203,593 4,132,728 6,336,321
Total		<	1,958,578,097	-	87,518,603		\$	2,090.919,925	S	82,611,649
Cont		,	1,000,010,001		07,070,000		Ť	2,000.010,020		34,011,070

# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - LIBERTY

Liberty			1999					2000		
*	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres	A	Assessed	7	Taxable
_										
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$	-	S			S		\$	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S			S		S	
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.71 - 3.627) Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71 - 3.627) Grazing (3.71 - 3.627) Wild Hay (3.71 - 3.627) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97) 25.369 Eligible Mining Claims (3.71 - 3.627)	5 563 551 174 235 556 4 167 610	S	1 246 415 76 396 369 6 530 573 571,769 21 345	S	46 239 2 927 067 316 521 21 211 5 542	5 553 151 174 235 559 4 161 612	(/)	1 281 250 78 993 449 8 980 986 684 649 22 380	S	An Any DEFENT CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR
Class 3 Subtotal	797 070	S	89,266 471	S	3 316 580	797 073	Ş	89 862 642	5	3 264 235
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements  Residential 3.71° 3.627° i  Residential Low Income (0.742 to 2.597° 0.725°, to 2.539° i)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 to 2.597° 0.725°, to 2.539° i)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 to 2.597° 0.725°, to 2.539° Commercial 3.71° 3.627° i)  Industrial (3.71° 3.627° i)  New Manufacturing (1.855° i) to 3.71° 1.814° to 3.627° ii)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855° 1.814° i)		\$	42 T38,372 124 066 618 600 8 070 5 208 582 2,640 038	S	1 585 480 2 560 20 955 176 193 231 91 950		S	41 494 387 699 948 5 384 157 2 766 964	3	1 FOF 044 28 956 164 896 100 858
Remodeled Commercial (0.7425, to 3.715, 0.7255 to 3.6279)		_		_	4.000.400			E0.044.3E0	_	+ 01E 163
Class 4 Subtotal CLASS 5		\$	51,337,728	S	1,902 460		\$	50,044 256	S	1,815 196
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%) Qualified New Industrial (3%) Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0.5-3%) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)		\$	4,132,509 - - - - -	\$	123,976 - - - - -		\$	4 320 393	\$	129 612
Class 5 Subtotal CLASS 6		\$	4 132 509	S	123 976		\$	4 320 393	\$	129 612
Livestock (41: 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (41: 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (45: 3%)		\$	3,756,183 6,656	S	150 250 266		\$	3 882 708 4 812	\$	116 4
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	3 762,839	\$	150 516		S	3 887 520	S	116,621
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$		\$			\$	-	S	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	1.388,616 21.471,534 502.092 1.515,881 24,878,123	\$	83 326 1,288 301 30,119 90,178 1,491 924		\$	1,247 720 20,814 729 433 178 1,423,255 23,916,882	\$	37 441 624 438 12 992 42 712 717 580
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		S	7,311,000	\$	877,319		\$	5 746,234	S	689 549
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	0	\$	7.311,000	\$	-	0	S		S	
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08% 4 27%)	·	\$	9.567 575	\$	581,708	J	S	10 240 882	S	437 285
Airlines (6 08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal		\$	9 567,575	\$	581 708		S	10.240.882	-	437 285
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		ŝ		\$			9	38.517	Ş	2.47
Class 13 Subtotal		\$		3			÷	35.507	÷	2.31
along to energial										

## 66 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - LINCOLN

cres		Assessed		Taxable	_	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
	\$		\$	_			\$	•	\$	
	\$		\$				\$		\$	
4 467 259 29,206 5,175 14,865 0	\$	773,209 39,887 947,063 1,222,539 518,160	\$	28,687 1 479 35,155 45,357 134,580		4,421 238 28,613 5,088 15,873	\$	790,606 36,507 980,083 1,236,631 579,309	\$	28,675 1,324 35,556 44,852 147,065
53,972	\$	3,500,858	\$	245 258	_	54 233	\$	3 623,136	\$	257 472
	\$	338,853,750 14 139 782 14,600,447 1 148 551 60,911,635 17,241,948 384,175 1 861 161 19,856	\$	12,571,459 253,194 541,691 23,896 2,259,819 639,674 7,126 34,525 589			\$	358,032,019 14,816,948 14,843,695 1,225,717 64,609,726 17,023,924 383,281 1,979,226	\$	12,985,857 256,614 538,374 26,003 2,343,374 617,459 6,953 35,904
	\$	449 161,305	\$	16,331,973			\$	472,914,536	\$	16,810,538
	\$	45,142 759	\$	1.354 285			\$	46,799,709	\$	1,403,990
		2 880,090		77,381				2,701,645		73, <b>219</b> - -
	<u> </u>	48 022 849	-	1 431 666			_	49 501 354	\$	1 477.209
	•	70 022,0 70	Ψ.	1 101,000			Ψ.	,0,001,001	Ψ.	1 111,200
	\$	1,796,707 121,447	\$	71,861 4 859			\$	2,396,365 123,320	\$	71,825 3,699
	S	1,918 154	\$	76,720			\$	2.519,685	\$	75,524
	\$	•	\$	-			\$		\$	
	\$	40,967,446 1,633,184 6,225,797 5,193,530 54,019,957	\$	2,257 628 97 996 373,560 293,194 3 022 378	24.		\$	40,126,530 1,495,374 6,067,157 4,720,664 52,409,725	\$	1,119,017 44,864 182,026 141,651 1 487,558
	\$	15 257,198	\$	1,830.863			\$		\$	-
426,621	S	205,419,697	\$	1.396,834	And the sales	425 330	\$	245,559,535	\$	1,399,724
	\$	44 914,918	\$	2,730 826			\$	48,031,156	\$	2,050,930
	\$	44 914 918	\$	2 730 826	1 .		\$	48,031,156	\$	2,050,930
	\$ 	· -	\$ 		* , , , ,		\$	16,492,857 16,492,857	\$	985,235 985,235
	S	822.214 936		27,066,518	177		S			24,544,190
)	259 29,206 5,175 14,865 0 53,972	\$ \$ 4 467  \$ 259  29,206  5,175  14,865  0	\$ 773,209 259 39,887 29,206 947,063 5,175 1,222,539 14,865 518,160 0 53,972 \$ 3,500,858  \$ 338,853,750 14,139,782 14,600,447 1,148,551 60,911,635 17,241,948 384,175 1,861,161 19,856 \$ 449,161,305  \$ 45,142,759 2,880,090 \$ 45,142,759 2,880,090 \$ 1,796,707 121,447 \$ 1,918,154 \$ 1,918,154 \$ 1,918,154 \$ 1,918,154 \$ 1,918,154 \$ 205,419,697 \$ 44,914,918 \$ 44,914,918 \$ 1,796,707 121,447 \$ 1,918,154	\$ - \$  4 467 \$ 773,209 \$ 39,887 29,206 947,063 5,175 1,222,539 14,865 518,160	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 773.209 \$ 28.687	\$ 773 209 \$ 28,687 4,421 259 39,887 1479 238 29,206 947,063 35,155 28,613 5,175 1,222,539 45,357 5,088 14,885 518,160 134,580 15,873 0 53,972 \$ 3,500,858 \$ 245,258 54,233  \$ 338,853,750 \$ 12,571,459 14,139,782 253,194 14,600,447 541,991 1148,551 23,896 60,911,635 2,59,819 17,241,948 639,674 334,175 7,126 1861,161 34,525 19,856 589 \$ 449,161,305 \$ 16,331,973  \$ 45,142,759 \$ 1,354,285 2,880,090 77,381  \$ 45,142,759 \$ 1,354,285 2,880,090 77,381  \$ 1,918,154 \$ 76,720  \$ 7,381  \$ 1,918,154 \$ 76,720  \$ 7,381  \$ 1,918,154 \$ 76,720  \$ 1,93,300 293,194 \$ 540,967,446 \$ 2,257,628 1,633,184 97,996 6,225,797 373,560 5,193,530 293,194 \$ 540,967,446 \$ 3,022,378  \$ 15,257,198 \$ 1,830,863  \$ 14,914,918 \$ 2,730,826  \$ 44,914,918 \$ 2,730,826  \$ 44,914,918 \$ 2,730,826  \$ 44,914,918 \$ 2,730,826  \$ 44,914,918 \$ 2,730,826  \$ 44,914,918 \$ 2,730,826  \$ 44,914,918 \$ 2,730,826  \$ 44,914,918 \$ 2,730,826  \$ 3,022,378	\$ 773.209 \$ 28.687	\$	\$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ 4.421 \$ 790.606 \$ 259 39.887 \$ 1.479 \$ 238 \$ 36.507 \$ 29.206 \$ 947.063 \$ 3.5155 \$ 28.613 \$ 960.083 \$ 5175 \$ 1.222.539 \$ 45.357 \$ 5.088 \$ 1.236.631 \$ 14.865 \$ 518.160 \$ 134.580 \$ 15.873 \$ 579.309 \$ 20.00 \$ 3.972 \$ 3.500.858 \$ 2.452.58 \$ 54.233 \$ 3.623.136 \$ \$ \$ 338.853.760 \$ \$ 12.571.459 \$ 14.139.782 \$ 253.194 \$ 14.816.948 \$ 14.800.447 \$ 541.691 \$ 14.8565 \$ 1.225.717 \$ 60.911.635 \$ 2.599.819 \$ 64.609.726 \$ 17.241.948 \$ 2.599.819 \$ 64.609.726 \$ 17.241.948 \$ 2.599.819 \$ 64.609.726 \$ 17.241.948 \$ 19.856 \$ 56.99 \$ 1.225.717 \$ 338.281 \$ 1.861.161 \$ 34.525 \$ 1.99.526 \$ 5.89 \$ \$ 1.99.226 \$ \$ 44.9161.305 \$ \$ 16.331.973 \$ \$ 472.914.536 \$ \$ \$ 44.9161.305 \$ \$ 16.331.973 \$ \$ 472.914.536 \$ \$ \$ \$ 44.9161.305 \$ \$ 1.354.285 \$ \$ 46.799.709 \$ \$ \$ 2.880.090 \$ 77.381 \$ 2.701.645 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - MADISON

Madison			1999					2000		
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed	1	axable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	2.880.019	\$	2 880 019		S	2 53t 674	\$	2 506 674
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S	56 556	S	1 697		\$	€ 212	8	198
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land Tillable Impated 3 71 - 3 627 Tillable Non-Impated 3 71 - 3 627 Grazing (3 71 - 3 627)   Wfld Hay 3 71 - 3 627   Non-Qualified Ag Land   25 97   25 389   Eligible Mining Claims (3 71 - 3 627 )	98 614 17 903 826 879 10 841 31 883	\$	26 886 502 2 962 232 24 844 848 3 134 534 1,102 231	S	997 502 109 895 921 845 116 287 286 251	08 542 17 902 827 259 10 834 33 100	V.	27 751 389 2 963 350 26 106 193 3 196 837 1 223 468	\$	1 (1) EVV 1 4 A 44 M 
Class 3 Subtotal	986 121	S	58 930,347	S	2 431 780	987 536	S	61 040 537	5	2442 45
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements  Residential / 3 71	· ,	\$	289,569 480 2 122 555 4 501 154 99 340 53 534 332 5 402,750	\$	10.742.670 44.173 166.997 1745 1.986.197 200.441		\$	329 905 199 2 161 126 4 577 516 45 598 70 238 247 4 359 564	8	11 985 604 44 400 166 031 663 2 541 561 116 231
Remodeled Commercial (0.742 to 3.715 0.725 to 3.6275)  Class 4 Subtotal		\$	355 229 611	\$	13 142 223		S	411 786 552	S	14 900 721
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3°)  Qualified New Industrial (3°)  Pollution Control (3°)		S	13 035,872	\$	391 076		\$	13 429 861 - -	S	402 894 -
Gasohol Related (3") Research and Development (0"x+3")			-							
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (31-) Class 5 Subtotal			13.035.872	S	391 076		<u> </u>	13 429 861	<u> </u>	400 994
CLASS 6 Livestock (4% 3%		S	18,052,652	S	722 134		S	19 022 803	S	570 589
Lease and Rental Equipment (4% 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4% 3%)			128,278		5 131			217 288		6 519
Class 6 Subtotal		S	18,180,930	\$	727 265		S	19 240 391	\$	577 108
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8 % 3 · )		S		\$			\$		\$	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%) Farm Implements (6%, 3%) Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%) Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtotal		\$	22,886,972 10,658,851 4,392,025 18,158,411 56,096,259	\$	1,373 223 639 535 263 533 1,074,575 3 350,866		\$	20 434 525 10 302 075 4 123 648 16 337,314 51 197 562	s s	613 045 309 063 123 716 490 136 1 535 960
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	36,033,997	s S	4.324.080		S	23 068 217	S	2 768 187
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	94.886	S	17,828.806	S	121,219	97 410	S	22 642 805	S	129 035
CLASS 12	3 7,000	•				3, 110				
Railroads (6 08% 4 27%) <u>Airlines (6 08% 4 27%)</u> Class 12 Subtotal		\$ 	12,910,079	S 	784 932 		\$ 	12 293 006 	\$ 	524 911
CLASS 13  CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$	12 310 013	S	104 332		\$	2 533 506 1,437,530	S	152 010 76,187
Class 13 Subtotal		S	-	S	-		\$	3 971 036	S	228 197
Total		\$	571,182,476	\$	28,155,157		\$	621,412,553	\$	26,086,823

#### 68 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - McCONE

Mccone			1999		*********				2000		
	Acres		Assessed	1	axable	_	Acres		Assessed	1	axable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$		S				\$		\$	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S	_	\$	_			\$		S	
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land		•		v				•		Ť	
Tillable Imgated (3.71%, 3.627%) Tillable Non-Imgated (3.71%, 3.627%) Grazing (3.71%, 3.627%)	6,301 529,633 804,066 0	\$	1,437,603 69,692,213 20,995,123	\$	53,335 2,585,558 778,969		6,343 542,238 791,379	\$	1,484,324 71,487,350 21,885,225	\$	53,832 2,592,866 793,783
Wild Hay (3.71% 3.627%)  Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97, 25.389%)  Eligible Mining Claims (3.71%, 3.627%)	191 0		5,132		1,331		191		5,957		1,512
	1 340,191	\$	92,130,071	\$	3,419,193		1,340,152	\$	94,862,856	\$	3,441,993
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements Residential (3.71% 3.627%) Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597%, 0.725% to 2.539%) Mobile Homes (3.71%, 3.627%) Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597%, 0.725% to 2.539% Commercial (3.71%, 3.627%) Industrial (3.71%, 3.627%) New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71%, 1.814% to 3.627%)	)	\$	28.602.874 179.394 1.202.154 44.596 3,161,640 1,857.914	\$	1 060,909 3,878 44 608 658 117,303 68,930			\$	26 990,948 169,878 1,402,315 32,623 3,200,353 1,859,949	\$	979,123 4,096 50,862 521 116,092 67,461
Qualified Golf Courses (1 855 1 814%)  Remodeled Commercial (0 742% to 3 71%, 0 725% to 3 627%)					-						-
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	35,048,572	\$	1,296,286			\$	33,656,066	\$	1,218,155
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New industrial (3%)		\$	11,867,012	\$	356,011			\$	11,633,849	\$	349,017
Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)					-				•		-
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%) Class 5 Subtotal		\$	11,867,012	\$	356,011			\$	11,633,849	\$	349,017
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	8,405,903 13,654	\$	336,237 546			\$	8,863,980 11,970	\$	265,896 359
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4 1/2, 3 1/2) Class 6 Subtotal		\$	8.419,557	\$	336,783			\$	8,875,950	\$	266,255
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (3%, 3%)		\$	-	\$	-			\$	*	\$	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)		\$	3,916,635 18,340,833 1 070,513	\$	235,007 1,100,453 64,231			\$	1,047 545 18,130,028 769,993	\$	31,437 543 894 23,102
Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtotal		\$	862,649 24 190,630	\$	50,636 1,450,327	· ,		\$	775,000 20.722,566	\$	23,253 621,686
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	1,532,533	\$	183,904			\$	1,266,867	\$	152,025
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68%, 0.57%)	0	\$		\$			0	\$	-	\$	
2LASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	2,910,144	\$	176,937			\$	3,109,223	\$	132,763
Airlines (5.08), 4.27% (Class 12 Subtotal		\$	2,910 144	\$	176,937			\$	3,109,223	\$	132,763
PLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6) Telecommunication Property (6)%		Ş	-	\$				\$	113,572_	\$	- 6,815
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	S	- 1			S	113,572	S	6,815
Tota		c	176,098,519	\$	7,219,441			ė	174,240,949	ė	6,188,709

#### PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - MEAGHER

Meagher			1999			*******		2000		
_	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed	1	axable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		S			S		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$	104 105	\$	3 123		S	71 666	S	2.5
CLASS 3 Agnicultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.71% 3.627%) Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71% 3.627%) Grazing (3.71% 3.627%) With Hay (3.71% 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97%) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71% 3.627%)	50,112 28,738 737 401 10 246 7,233 0	\$	9 436 699 4 811 787 23 854 805 2 230 127 253 775	\$	350 083 178,518 885,046 82 735 65 908	50 080 28,738 736 938 10 246 7 352 0	\$	9 713 535 4 811 741 25 138 139 2 280 909 267 925	Q.	NED 107 174 FD4 91 169 82 736 68 017
	833 730	\$	40 587 193	\$	1 562 290	833 355	S	42 209 319	S	1 589 228
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements Residential (3.71%, 3.627%) Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% + 0.725 + to 2.539%) Mobile Homes (3.71%, 3.627%) Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539%) Commercial (3.71%, 3.627%) Industrial (3.71%, 3.627%) New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71%, 1.814% to 3.627%) Qualified Golf Courses (1.855, 1.814%) Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%, 0.725% to 3.627%)	6)	\$	40.123,038 807 570 2 255 083 103,798 6,466 113 389,612	\$	1,488 482 15,416 83 666 2,455 239,896 14 454		Ş	40 658 999 784 945 2 432 370 95,666 7 015 694 384 913	\$	1 474 605 14 702 58 229 2 226 254 467 13 961
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	50,145,214	\$	1,844 369		S	51 352 587	\$	1 848 392
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3%)  Pollution Control (3%)  Gasohol Related (3%)		\$	543,009	\$	16,291 - -		S	579 246	\$	17 376
Research and Development (0%-3%) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)										
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	543,009	\$	16,291		\$	579 246	\$	17,376
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		S	11.498.339 330	\$	459,938 13		S	11 082 528 178	\$	332 460 5
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	11,498,669	\$	459 951		S	11,082,706	S	332 465
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	-	\$	-		S		\$	٠
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	3,447,171 5,971,010 563,780 440,354 10,422,315	\$	206.842 358.262 33.825 22.136 621.065		\$	3 420 638 6 094 259 539,451 345,867 10,400,215	\$	102 622 182,830 16 186 10,386 312,024
CLASS 9		Ψ	10,422,313	Ψ	021,000		Ų	013,004,01	Ų	372,024
Utilities (12%)		\$	34 629,827	\$	4,155,579	,	\$	30,011 131	\$	3,601 336
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	126,749	\$	26,492 062	\$	180,144	126,527	\$	32 325,975	\$	184 257
CLASS 12  Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)  Airlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	<u>.</u>	\$			\$		\$	
Class 12 Subtotal		\$		\$	-		\$		\$	-
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$	· -	\$			\$	3 450 312	\$	207.018
Class 13 Subtotal		5	٠	\$			\$	3 450 312	\$	207.018
Total		\$	174,422,394	\$	8,842,812		\$	181,483,146	\$	8,094,246

#### 70 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - MINERAL

Mineral			1999		*************			2000		
	Acres		ssessed	1	axable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		S			S		\$	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S	-	\$			S	-	S	-
CLASS 3 Agnicultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.71% 3.627%) Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71% 3.627%) Grazing (3.71% 3.627%) Wild Hay (3.71% 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97 25.38%) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71% 3.627%)	1,344 542 5,129 1,887 4,102	\$	355,286 155 651 232 353 585 006 140 782	\$	13,179 5,775 8 624 21,705 36,555	1.344 542 5.077 1.888 4.113	\$	363,863 155,780 241,675 594,671 148,250	\$	13,194 5,650 8,765 21,568 37,640
Class 3 Subtotal	13 004	\$	1 469.078	\$	85.838	12 963	\$	1,504,239	S	86,817
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71% - 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597%), 0.725% to 2.539%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597%), 0.725% to 2.539%  Commercial (3.71%), 3.627%)  Industrial (3.71%), 3.627%  New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71%), 1.814% to 3.627%)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855, 1.814%)  Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%), 0.725% to 3.627%)	14	\$	59 857 485 2 735 921 5,042 160 478,003 17 792 314 1,675,616 240 224 768 482	\$	2 220 984 49,162 187 077 10 346 660.092 62 164 4 456 14 255		\$	64,354,668 2,679,940 4,336,797 353,900 19,429,649 1,753,336 238,283 840,514	\$	2 334.119 45.302 157.314 7,399 704.717 63.595 4.322 15.248
Class 4 Subtotal		S	88.600 205	\$	3 208,536		\$	93 987.087	\$	3,332,016
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%) Qualified New Industrial (3%) Pollution Control (3%)		S	1.214 776	S	36 442		\$	1 212.658	S	36,383
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)								-		-
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3"  Class 5 Subtotal		\$	1 214 776	\$	36,442		S	1,212 658	\$	36,383
CLASS 6 Livestock (4% 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4+, 34+) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	506,683 14 801	\$	20.266 591		\$	537 429 50,989	\$	16,096 1,528
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	521 484	\$	20.857		\$	588,418	\$	17,624
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util 18°: 3° 1		\$		\$			\$	•	\$	
CLASS 8  Machinery (63 , 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	4,747,064 480,376 1,672,940 393,341 7,293,721	\$	283,835 28,827 100,377 21,332 434,371	99	\$	5.790,919 425,712 1,480,487 257,747 7,954,865	\$	173.280 12.775 44.417 7.741 238.213
CLASS 9										
Utilities (12°4) CLASS 10		\$	31,021 078	\$	3,722,530	de construir de co	S	24,274,706	\$	2 912,964
Timber Land (0.58% 0.57%) CLASS 12	91,352	\$	33,763,334	\$	229,581	91,315	\$	41,445,162	\$	236,227
Railroads (6.08° / 4.27° / Arthres (6.08° / 4.27° / )		\$	17 501,347	\$	1,064,082	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	\$	16,606,890	\$	722,736
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	17,501,347	\$	1,064,082	7	\$	16,606,890	S	722,736
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6° -  Telecommunication Property (6° -)  Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$	- 14 50	And the state of t	\$	6,130,119	\$	<u>367.808</u>
Class 13 Subtotal		5		\$		4	\$	6 130,119	\$	367.808
Total		\$	181,385,023	\$	8,802,237		\$	193,704,144	\$	7,950,788

Missoula	********		1999			***********		2000		
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres	_	Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	-	S	-		Ş		\$	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		\$			S		S	
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.71 % 3.627%) Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71% 3.627%) Grazing (3.71 % 3.627%) Wild Hay (3.71% 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97%) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71% 3.627%)	14 877 3 804 95,355 8,018 25 119	\$	3 835 199 705 722 3 878,774 2 366 990 875 170	\$	142,293 26 181 143,967 87 811 227 323	15,029 3 731 94 049 7 995 25 120	\$	4 145 155 690 472 4 032 306 2 425 636 917,082	\$	150 341 25 048 146 000 81 985 232 860
Class 3 Subtotal	147 173	\$	11 661 855	\$	627,575	145 924	S	12 210 651	S	640,434
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements Residential (3.71% 3.627%) Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539% Mobile Homes (3.71% 3.627%) Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.538 Commercial (3.71% 3.627%) Industrial (3.71% 3.627%) New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71% 1.814% to 3.627%) Qualified Golf Courses (1.855, 1.814%) Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71% 0.725% to 3.627%)	<b>3</b> 301		1 836 661,718 30 460 440 54 985 940 2 449 025 952 532,325 71,821,129 1,187 434 3,906 907	\$	68 140 205 574 861 2 040 032 49 428 35 338 929 2,664 563 29 386 72,474			1,957,731,088 31,916,306 57,035,997 2,288,659 1,017,190,974 65,651,855 1,262,902 4,200,999	·	71 006 516 579 525 2 068 624 43 031 36 893 532 2 381 192 33 741 76 204
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	2,954 004 918	\$	108,909,878		\$	3 137 278,780	\$	113,082 367
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3%)		\$	34,864,050	\$	1,045.921		S	37,150,549	S	1 114 519
Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%)			6 083,022		182,491			5,627 670		168,830
Research and Development (0%-3%) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)			44 808		1,344			761,835		22 854
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	40,991,880	\$	1,229 756		\$	43,540,054	S	1.306 203
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%) Class 6 Subtotal		\$	4 554 983 976,602 5,531,585	\$ S	182,170 39,067 		S	5.494 636 969 478 6 464 114	S S	164 591 29,088 - 193 679
CLASS 7		<b>V</b>	3,331,303	,	221,231		J	0 404, 114	J	190 073
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	-	\$			S	-	\$	-
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Fumiture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	183,974,998 3,433,028 94,826,973 15,616,123 297,851,122	\$	10,975,854 205,986 5,689,518 889,738 17,761,096		S	179,036,918 3,035,425 96,302,119 17,090,510 295,464,972	\$	5 343,764 91,067 2,889,090 512,927 8,836 848
CLASS 9					t-					
Utilities (12%)		\$	164,172,803	\$	19,700,727		S	100 460.565	\$	12,055,267
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	543 197	\$	178,796,569	\$	1,215,814	538,148	\$	219 928.312	S	1 253 625
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Arlines (6 08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal		\$	43,017,935 12,503,019 55,520,954	\$ - \$	2,615,491 771,437 3,386,928		\$	43 671 102 13,326,540 56,997,642	\$ 	1,864 756 569,040 2 433 796
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$		\$	- a		\$	6,577,400 76,881,180	\$	394,644 4,425,494
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$	. /		\$	83 458,580	S	4 820,138
Total		\$	3,708,531,686	\$	153,053,011		\$	3,955,803,670	\$	144,624,357

# 72 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - MUSSELSHELL

Musselshell			1999					2000		
_	Acres		ssessed	Ţ	axable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		\$			S	-	\$	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S	-	ŝ			\$		\$	-
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Irrigated 3.71% 3.627° Tillable Non-Irrigated 3.71% 3.627° Grazing (3.71% 3.627%) Wild Hay (3.71% 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97, 25.389°) Eligible Mining Claims (3.74% 3.627%)	12 334 110,216 690 661 9 762 17 315	S	4 176 234 15.959 973 19 256 248 1,354 908 602 612	\$	154 940 592 123 714 450 68 823 156 530	12 32 110 20 690 56 9 44 17 60	1 5 7	4 296,916 15,968 715 20,323,818 1,853,582 641,043	\$	155,850 579,185 737,142 67,225 162,740
Class 3 Subtotal	840 289	\$	41 349 975	S	1 686 866	840 14		43 084 074	\$	1,702 142
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements Residential (3.71°   3.627°) Residential Low Income (0.742°), to 2.597°   0.725° (to 2.539°) Mobile Homes (3.71°   3.627°); Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742°) to 2.597° (0.725° (to 2.539°) Commercial (3.71°   3.627°); Industrial (3.71°   3.627°); New Manufacturing (1.655°) to 3.71° (1.814°) to 3.627°) Qualified Golf Courses (1.555°) to 3.71° (1.814°) to 3.627°)		\$	53 495 573 1 409 790 3 838 864 127 426 10 681 771 429 246 381 038	S	1 984 702 24 476 142 419 1 518 396 285 15 925 7 063		\$	54 639 371 1 423 871 4 145 230 88 458 10.049 968 426 918 381 792	\$	1 981,732 26,069 150 349 881 364 514 15 483 8 308
Remodeled Commercial (0.7421+ to 3.71   0.7251+ to 3.627 + Class 4 Subtotal			70 363 708	<u> </u>	2 572 395		S	71 155 608	\$	2 547 336
CL4SS 5 Rura' Electric and Telephone Co-Op (33-)		5	12 436 461	S	373 093		5	12.534 306	S	376.030
Qualified New Industrial 31 Pollution Control (3): Gasohol Related (3):-		•		Ĭ				-		-
Research and Development (01-31).  Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (31).  Class 5 Subtotal		<u>s</u>	12 436 461	<u> </u>	373.093		ŝ	12 534 306	<u> </u>	376 030
CLASS 6		·								
Livestock (41: 31: Lease and Rental Equipment 4 = 3 Candia Seed Processing Equipment 41: 31.		S	8 075 556 50 4*4	S	323 038 2 0*6		Ş	9 245 522 49 765	\$	277,332 1 494
Crass 6 Subtotal		3	8 125 970	S	325 054		\$	9 295 387	\$	278 826
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Utril 8 31		5	-	\$	-		\$		\$	
CLASS 8  Machinery 63 36;  Farm Implements 63 36;  Furniture and Pixtures (63 36)  Other Business Equipment		\$	2 662,924 6 000,598 1 450,344 1,407,969	\$	157,836 360,048 87,019 81,737	4 - d	\$	3 525,339 5 898 186 1 229 276 2 108 542	\$	104,999 176,951 36,883 63,267
Class 8 Subtotal		Ŝ	11 521,835	\$	686,640		\$	12,761 343	\$	382,100
CLASS 9 Utilities (12°):		S	12 648.050	\$	1 517 762		\$	12,415,355	\$	1 489,844
CLASS 10 Timber Land   0.68   0.57	156 488	\$	13 155 531	S	89 437	156 79	1 \$	18 010 776	\$	102.676
CLASS 12  Paireads (8.08" - 4.27")  Arines (8.08" - 4.27")		S		\$			\$	-	S	-
Olass 12 Subtota		\$	<del>.</del>	Ŝ			3	-	\$	-
ILASS 13 Bectrical Generation Property, 61		S		S		- Age	\$		S	-
Telecommunication Property (6) Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	S	-		\$	98 652 98 652	S	2,960 2,960
Total		<	170,101,530	¢	7,251,247	1	\$	179,355,501	S	6,881,914

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# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - PARK

Park			1999				*****		2000		
_	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	_	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		S				5		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S				3		3	
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land											
Tlable ingated 3 71 3 527	52 937	S	10 492 631	S	339 281		51 354	3	1174,755		1-1-1
Titable Non-Irrigated 37' 3627	36 359		6 452 992		239.403		36 352	Ť	F 454 F55		
Grazing -3 71 3 627	635 633		19 059 929		707 384		533.005		19 (41 18)		
√1 d Hav 3 71` 3 627··	7.576		1 959 620		12 697		7 565		1,990,781		
Non-Qualified AgiLand   25.97   25.389	30 992		1 081 553		280 894		32 015		1.16078		
Eligible Mining Claims 3 Th 3 627						_					
Class 3 Subtotal	663 496	\$	39 046 725	\$	1 689 369		661 292	\$	40,040,636		1 - 1 - 1 4
CLASS 4 Land and improvements											
Residential 3 71 + 3 627		S	346 464 425	S	12 863 367			5	app 437 084	\$	14 1 19.
Resident al Low Income 0 7421 to 2 597 0 725 to 2 539			5 955 443		115,008				6 382 637		1, 3, 25
Mobile Homes (3.71 ) 3.527			9 061 570		336 135				9 172 065		J.H.13
Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 to 2.5972 0.725 : to 2.539)			292 321		5 090				283 509		4.96
Commercial 3.7° - 3.627			100 012 757		3 710 478				118 949 481		- 95   60
Industrial (3.71%, 3.627%)			6 927,532		257 013				7 465 549		
New Manufacturing 1 855 - to 3 71 - 1 814 - to 3 627' )			4 340 972		114 380				2 635 945		59.799
Qualified Golf Courses   1 855   1 814   1			624 601		11 586				650 598		11.80
Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71% 0.725% to 3.627%)			489 058		14.515				498 653		18.08
Class 4 Subtotal		S	474 168 679	S	17 417 642			S	522 374 575	S	18 785 519
CLASS 5											
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3)		S	10 020 622	S	300 618			\$	10 454 040	5	313 623
Qualified New Industrial (3)											
Pollution Control (3%)			1 406 930		42 208				1.217.410		36 523
Gasohol Related (3°1)											
Research and Development (0%-3%)											
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3°)			_								
Class 5 Subtotal		S	11 427 552	S	342 326			S	11 671 450	S	350 140
CLASS 5											
Livestock 41- 3%)		S	10,819 436	\$	432,779			S	11 989 632	S	359 583
Lease and Rental Equipment (4°, 3%)			60 531		2 422				60.712		1 820
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)											
Class 6 Subtotal		S	10 879 967	\$	435 201			S	12,050 344	S	361 403
CLASS 7											
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8% 3%)		\$	-	S				\$		S	
LASS 8											
Machinery (6% 3%)		S	20,515,658	S	1.142,179			\$	17 566 995	\$	496 978
Farm Implements (6%, 3%)			7.931,048		475 867				8 290,409		248.71
Furniture and Fixtures (6% 3%)			10,215,559		612,955				9 331 815		279 965
Other Business Equipment			2,340,855		129,369				2,267,302		68,050
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	41,003 120	S	2 360 370			S	37 456 521	S	1 093 701
ELASS 9											
Utilities (12%)		S	49,218,808	\$	5,906 258			S	35 756 665	S	4 290 800
CLASS 10											
Timber Land (0.68%, 0.57%)	129 630	\$	35 112,717	\$	238 770		130 792	\$	43 495 978	\$	247 924
LASS 12											
Railroads (6 08% 4 27%)		S	17,800,839	S	1 082 291			S	12 100 100	S	g0 ( g (c
Airlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		Ş	11,000,009	Ş	1 002 291			٥	16 195 459	2	691 546
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	17 800 839	S	1 082 291			\$	16 195 469	5	691 544
CLASS 13											
Electrical Generation Property (6%,		S		S				S		S	
Telecommunication Property (6%)		<u> </u>	-	J				9	15 732 []	٥	400.000
Class 13 Subtotal		S	-	S				S	18 782 301	S	830 3U3
								~		Ů,	4.0% S S
Total			678,658,407	S	29,472,717				735,065,531		28.466,784

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## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - PETROLEUM

Petroleum			1999			,		2000		
	Acres		ssessed	T	axable	Acres		Assessed		axable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	_	5			S		S	
CLASSIC Gross Proceeds		5		\$			3		3	_
CLASS 3 Agricultura Land										
Tilladie Ingared (3 Annil (3 EU) Tilladie Norwingated (3 Annil 3 EU) Grading (3 Annil 3 EU) Waldinaw (3 Annil 3 EU) Non (3 La Fed Agluand (25 97) 05 389 Bildidle Mining Claims (3 Annil 3 EU)	1 626 59 163 52T 968 4 264 3 384	·	0 740 490 7 595 712 43 806 202 4 360 779 447 747	•	101 731 219 567 612 241 52 559 30 572	68 931 534 646 4 214 3 161	S	2 836 522 7 522 255 14 708 690 1 372 642 115 242	\$	102 883 272 826 533 486 49 782 29 254
Class 3 Sucreta	502 393	Ş	20 504 002	\$	974677	608.616	Ş	26 555 35*	Ş	983 211
TLASS 4 Land and improvements  Residential 3 Trills 3 62T  Residential Low Income ID 142 sito 2 69T in 1 1061 sito 1 639  Modia Homes IS 11 in 3 62T  Modia Homes Low Income ID 142 into 2 69T in 0 1069 sito 2 639  Commercial IS 11 in 3 62T  Industrial IS 11 in 3 62T		(7)	6 887 263 82 806 130 704 19 046 734 862	0,	255 461 614 27 109 456 27 213			6 986 333 66 888 752 244 892 748 973	8)	253 397 1 129 27 250 23 25 930
New Manufacturing in 88879 to 9 77 mill 814 mito 3 6277 Qualifed Golf Scurses in 886 in 814 Remodeled Commercial ID 742 mito 3 717 mill 7289 inc 3 827			-		-					
Class 4 Suctota		S	8 404 328	Ş	310,913		Ş	8.511.355	ŝ	307 859
CLASS 6  Pural Blectholand Telechone Col Dol 3  Qualified New Industrial (3)		Ş	4 219 292	Ş	122 549		Ş	3 350 626	0	1*5.5*9
Rollur on Control (3) Gasonol Related (3) Research and Development (1) (3)			•							-
A you clim Electro with Environment (3). Class 5 Substita		\$	4 018 090	\$	100540		-	3 850 628	\$	**5.619
CLASS 6 Livestock   4     3   4   Lease and Pental Equipment   4     3		Ş	7.2.961	\$	284 869 303		S	50° 323	S	228 038 284
Candia Seed Protessing Eguipment (4 ), 3 Class 6 Sucreta		5	7 129 516	-	222 22		Ş	7612829	\$	228 322
CLASSIT  Non-Centrally Assessed Ruol biblin Ellin 3		S		ç			ş		,	_
21488 9				-					-	
Mathinery 6 1 3 3 4 Farm Implements 61 3 3 4 Furniture and Fixtures 16 4 3 4 Conect Business Equipment Class 3 Suctoral		· · ·	364 943 3 444 970 36 164 596 111 4 444 139	5	21 900 226 897 2 293 24 252 256 142		0	292 637 3 423 766 68 164 477 405 4 211 292	· ·	5 778 102 666 2 646 40 034 126 343
CLASS 9 Utites 10		ŝ	-	S	• (		. 9		S	
ULASS 10 Timber Jano (0.68 + 0.67)	2.242	Ç	. 32 -34	5	1 283	2 + - 5	S	251 492	\$	1 437
/11488-10 - Rairtads (8.18 / 4.11 - Atlines (8.18 / 4.11)		Ş		ŝ	. 4	,	\$	-	ŝ	
Diassir Di Eucrota		\$	4	\$	. 1	-	S		\$	-
HSS 10 Deprical Beneration Property IB Telecommunication Property IB		\$	· .	\$	-	7	5		\$	
Class 10 Sucrota Tota		\$ \$	49 749 866	S S	1957729	4	5	51 000.937	\$	1.767.691

## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - PHILLIPS

Phillips			1999			*****		2000		
•	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		axable
_										
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		5		\$	-		5		Ş	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		S			S		S	
CLASS 3: Agnicultural Land Tillable Imgated (3.711 - 3.627) Tillable Non-Imgated (3.711 - 3.627) Grazing (3.71 - 3.627) Wild Hay (3.711 - 3.627) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97) 25.3890 Eligible Mining Claims (3.711 - 3.627)	42 655 385 250 1 160 691 22 284 2 083	\$	7 524 743 53 615 879 33 902 273 4 464 920 69 988	\$	279 179 1 989 156 1 257,815 165 641 18 173	40 658 980 900 1 100 108 20 384 0 048	3	7 701 674 63 649 643 36 779 247 4 664 735 73 325	Ş	280 216 1 946 505 1 291 551 186 665 13 216
Class 3 Subtotal	1 612,965	\$	99 577 803	\$	3 709 964	1 610 093	5	1: 757 774	S	3 -17 -42
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential 3 11   3 627    Residential Low Income   0 742 + to 2 597 + 0 725   to 2 539   1  Mobile Homes   3 71 + 3 627   -  Mobile Homes Low Income   0 742 + to 2 597   0 725   to 2 539  Commercial   3 71 + 3 627   1  Industrial   3 71   3 627   1  New Manufacturing (1 855   to 3 71   1 814   to 3 627   1  Qualified Golf Courses (1 855   1 814   1  Remodeled Commercial (0 742 + to 3 71   1 9 725   to 3 627   1)		Ş	58 154 301 2 290 436 1 915 672 60 810 15 384 301 3 585 582 351 125	\$	2 157 290 49 647 71 370 984 570 750 133 025		5	55 425 259 1 961 935 1 196 352 19 363 15 128 131 3 442 692 	Ş	2 010 525 95 024 65 150 1 239 545 T01 124 270 6 506
Class 4 Subtotal		S	81 742,233	\$	2 989 280		\$	78 291 664	\$	2,795 055
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3°; )  Qualified New Industrial (3°; )		\$	8,515,358	\$	255 460		S	9 096 441	S	272 894
Pollution Control (31)			4 760 624		142 819			262 949		7 889
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)			-		-					
Class 5 Subtotal		S	13 275 982	\$	398 279		5	9 359 390	Ş	280 783
CLASS 6 Livestock (45- 3°)   Lease and Rental Equipment (4 35)   Cospile Seed Processes Favores (4 35)		\$	17 943 223 14 577	\$	717 721 583		\$	18 327 388 15 337	S	564 678 467
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4 in 31:) Class 6 Subtotal		\$	17 957,800	\$	718 304		\$	18 842 725	\$	565 268
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		S	_	\$			S		S	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6% 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	10 109,455 16,357 947 2,038,161 3,670,409 32,175 972	\$	606,590 981,476 122,282 215,526 1,925,874		\$	8 367 162 16 317,542 1 474 593 3 062 961 29 222 358	S	251 017 489 526 44 235 91 982 876 760
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	42,185 411	\$	5 062 249	1	Ş	40 098 568	3	4 311 327
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68%, 0.57%)	1,301	S	109 310	\$	746	1 301	\$	151 804	S	867
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Auflines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	18,827,755	\$	1 144 729		\$	20 149 114	\$	860,366
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	18 827,755	\$	1,144 729		\$	20 149 114	\$	860 366
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$		\$ 	-		\$ 	4,986,135	\$ 	288,497
Class 13 Subtotal		\$					5	4 986,135	S	288 497
Total		\$	305,852,266	\$	15,949,425	t <sub>d</sub>	\$	302,889,532	\$	14,187,159

#### 76 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - PONDERA

Pondera			1999						2000		
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable		Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	-	S				S	*	\$	-
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$	-	S				S		\$	
Grazing (3.71 = 3.627%) Wild Hay (3.71%), 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97, 25.389%) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71 %, 3.627%)	83,964 419,135 248,359 5,334 2,396 0	\$	18 164 779 78.952.311 9.236.918 862.127 75.733	S	673,923 2,929,132 342,954 31,984 19,666		83.860 419 136 247.790 5 325 2 500	\$	18.850,031 78,986,959 9,702,281 881,622 83,156	\$	683,687 2.864,826 352,188 31,976 21,111
Class 3 Subtotal	759 188	\$	107,291 868	S	3 997 659		758 610	\$	108,504 049	\$	3,953.788
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71 + 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539°)    Mobile Homes (3.71% 3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597° 0.725% to 2.539°)  Commercial (3.71% 3.627%)  Industrial 3.71% 3.627%)  New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71% 1.814% to 3.627%)	9)	\$	35 990 727 1 646 370 1 783,920 79 111 19,379,460 7,788,016	S	3 189 920 33,488 66,182 1,833 718,986 288,936			\$	87 266.717 1.493 452 1.856.761 68.299 19.847.917 9.302.296	\$	3.165,359 28,942 67,350 1,427 719,877 337,393
Qualified Golf Courses (1.855, 1.814°.) Remodeled Commercial (0.742, 5.to 3.71%, 0.725], to 3.627°.)			255,957 563,369		4 748 8 361				252,367 558,227		4,578 <u>8,100</u>
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	117 486 930	\$	4 312 454			\$	120 646 036	\$	4 333,026
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%) Qualified New Industrial (3%)		\$	10 589,040	\$	317.671			\$	11,419 448	S	342,583
Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)					-						
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)				_				_			<u>-</u>
Class 5 Subtotal		S	10 589,040	\$	317,671			\$	11,419 448	\$	342,583
CLASS 6 Livestock (4.5, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%)		S	6.815,324 21,591	\$	272,613 864			S	7,244,395 19,091	S	217,295 572
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%) Class 6 Subtotal		\$	6,836,915	\$	273,477			\$	7 263.486	\$	217,867
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (18% 3%)		\$	-	\$	-			\$		S	
CLASS 5  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	8 966.983 25 462,058 2,694,816 2,493,454 39,617,311	\$	538,027 1,527,716 161,689 145,520 2,372,952	4 6		\$	4 808.370 24.806,284 2,360,714 1,747,640 33,723,008	\$	144.262 744,185 70,826 52,445 1,011,718
CLASS 9						1	•				
Utilities (123-)		\$	30 039 017	\$	3,604,682	4 77		\$	24 061,162	\$	2,887,340
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68% 0.57%)	853	\$	282 542	\$	1,921	100	853	\$	347,370	\$	1,981
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08 1), 4 27 (v) Airlines (6 08 1), 4 27 (v)		\$	11,537,447	\$	701,476			\$	12,349,997	\$	527,345
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	11 537 447	\$	701 476	!		S	12 349 997	\$	527,345
LASS 10 Electrical Generation Property 6 Tale himmunication Property (6)		\$	-	\$	<u>.</u>	į		S	4,386,928	\$	253,800
Tass 13 Subtotal		\$		S		14		\$	4 386 928	\$	253,800
Total		\$	323,681,070	\$	15,582,292	24		\$	322,701,484	\$	13,529,448

Powder River			1999					2000		
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		S			5		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S			S		S	
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land  Tillable Imgated (3.71% 3.627)  Tillable Non-Imgated (3.71% 3.627)  Grazing 3.71 + 3.627%)  Villd Hay (3.71% 3.627%)  Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97, 25.3897)  Eligible Mining Claims (3.71% 3.627%)	8 102 65,427 223 039 44 500 900 0	\$	1,494 999 10,919,832 33 251,475 6 442 860 32 316	\$	55 467 405 119 1,233 633 239,035 8,393	8 107 65,230 1 225 050 44 500 823	\$	1 543 187 10 904 018 35 180 420 6 597 233 30 866	S	55 968 395 454 1 275 973 239 265 7 839
	341 968	\$	52.141 482	S	1 941 647	1 343 710	S	54 255 724	S	1 974 545
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71% 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539%)  Mobile Homes (3.71% 3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742% to 2.597% 0.725% to 2.539%)  Commercial (3.71% 3.627%)  Industrial (3.71% 3.627%)  New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71% 1.814% to 3.627%)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855% 1.814%)		\$	21,655 034 167 041 3,155 954 50,065 3 840 915	\$	803 287 2 807 117 088 1 209 142 500		\$	26 441 350 109 177 3 254 384 51 061 3 786 909	\$	741 503 1 703 118 042 1 069 137 354
Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71% 0.725% to 3.627%) Class 4 Subtotal			28.869 009	_	1.066.891		S	27.040.004		000.001
		5	28,869 009	\$	1,000,091		3	27 642,881	S	999 688
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3%)  Pollution Control (3%)		\$	9,330,937	\$	279 927 - -		\$	8 866 654 -	S	256 000
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)			-					-		
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	9,330,937	\$	279,927		S	8 866 654	\$	266 300
CLASS 6 Livestock (4% 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	15 848,446 24,381	\$	633,931 975		S	17 400 249 25 575	S	521 983 763
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	15,872,827	S	634,906		\$	17 425 824	S	522 749
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	-	\$			S	-	\$	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6% 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		S	2.146.813 10.299,943 521,892 1.389.427 14,358.075	\$	128,820 617,988 31,313 83,342 861,463		S	1,315 132 10 113,762 507 870 1,541,554 13,478,318	\$	39 455 303,410 15 249 46,250 404 355
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	1,850,972	\$	222,116		S	1 975.033	S	237 004
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68%, 0.57%)	17.392	\$	1,461,956	\$	9.945	17 392	\$	2 026 857	\$	11 569
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$		\$			\$		S	
Airlines (5 08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal		\$	-	\$			\$	-	\$	
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$		\$	· 		\$	1,308	\$	~~
Class 13 Subtotal		S	-	S			S	1 308	5	
Total		\$	123,885,258	\$	5,016,895		\$	125,672,599	\$	4,415,99

# 78 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - POWELL

Powell			1999					2000		
_	Acres	/	Assessed		<u> Faxable</u>	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	-	\$			Ş	-	S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S			S	-	Ş	
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Thable Non-Imgated (3.71 + 3.627) Thable Non-Imgated (3.71 + 3.627) Grazing (3.71 + 3.627) Widthal, (3.71 + 3.627) Non-Qualified Agricultural (25.97) (25.329) Engible Mining Claims (3.71 + 3.627)	1 585 355 706 9 396 18 345 555	\$	11 731 951 438 719 13 322 867 2 423 771 513 833 16,468	0	435 258 16 277 494 267 89 917 159 391 612	50 669 1 585 354 697 9 369 16 746 555	ŝ	12,049 437 438 805 13,959 531 2 469,948 659 764 17 275	\$	437 031 15 916 506 664 89 579 167 480 629
Class 3 Subtotal	436 311	5	28 547 609	S	1 195 720	435 821	\$	29 604 761	\$	1 217 299
CuASS 4: Land and improvements  Pesidential Low income: 0.742 to 2.697 (0.725) to 2.639 (4.756)  Mobile Homes: 3.71% (3.627)  Mobile Homes: Low income: 0.742% to 2.697 (0.725) to 2.639 (4.756)  Commercial: 3.71% (3.627)  Industrial: 3.71% (3.627)  New Manufacturing: 1.855% to 3.71% (1.814), to 3.627 (4.756)  Liual Fed. Gorf Courses: 1.655% 1.814  Remodeled: Commercial: 0.742% to 3.71% (3.756) to 3.627		\$	91 579 149 3 088 741 5 132 806 223 713 13 008 557 2 506 445	\$	3 397 457 56 964 190 431 3 781 576 279 92 989		\$	90 940 385 3 116 323 5 146 282 269 733 19 103 612 2 539 541	\$	3 298 503 55 823 186 653 5 001 692 884 92 108
Class 4 Subtotal		S	120 759 431	\$	4 417 901		5	121 115 886	\$	4,330 972
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op. 31 Qualified New Industrial 3 :		S	6 708 804 -	\$	201 265		S	6 912 121	Ş	207 363
Poliution Control 34 Gasobol Related 35% Research and Development 00,-30			-	٠	•			•		
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment 3:  Class 5 Subtotal		\$	6 708 804	Š	201 265		\$	6 912 121	\$	207 363
CLASS 6 Livestock 41: 3 : Lease and Rental Equipment 4 31		S	10 216 633 2 173	ŝ	408 659 87		S	9,924 207 1 977	S	297 709 59
Cancia Seed Processing Equipment 4:: 3:: Class 6 Subtotal		5	10 218 806	- <u>-</u>	408 746			9 926 184	<u> </u>	297 768
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util Shi 3 L		S	-	•	-		ŝ			-
CLASS 6  Machinen, 6 3- Farm implements, 61, 3.  Furniture and Fixtures, 61, 3.  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtoral		5	7 394 243 5 529 075 2 191 822 591 331 15 706 171	\$	443 664 331 753 131 508 33 521 940 446	į.	Ŝ	8 660 238 4 613 024 1 923 651 259 965 15 456 878	\$	259 810 138 396 57 699 7 810 463 715
CLiSS 9		v		-		•	•	10 100 010		
Utilities (12 m)		\$	38 880 811	\$	4 665 69*	· 1	\$	27 706 721	\$	3 324 804
CLASS 10 Timber Land 0.681 0.57 .	230 241	\$	74 396 296	\$	505 919	1 230 403	S	91 353 693	\$	520 711
CLASS 12 Paircads (6.08 + 4.07); Arines (6.09) (4.07)		\$	17 874 551	\$	1 086 775	2	\$	16 809 820	\$	717 779
Class 12 Suctota		\$	17 874 551	\$	1 086 775	ŧ	S	16 809 820	\$	717 779
Electrical Generation Property 6 - Telecommunication Property 6 - Olass 13 Subtota		S		S	· · · ·	1	\$	10 438 571 10 433 571	S	626 <u>314</u> 626 <u>314</u>
Tota		S	313,092,479	\$	13 422,469		S	329,324,635	5	11,706,725

# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - PRAIRIE

Prairie			1999			**********		2000	••	
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres	/	Assessed_	T	axable
CLASS: Net Proceeds		S		S			S		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S			S		5	
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land		Ü		9					~	
Tillable Irngated (3.711 _ 3.6271 )	13 356	\$	6 121,786	\$	227 119	13 369	S	6 260 713	ŝ	227 384
Tillable Non-Imgated (3.71%) 3.627%	112 805		13 688 487		507 840	111 496		13 567 825		492 109
Grazing (3.71%) 3.627%	465 424		11 665,985		432 816	466 732		12 356 288		449 * 11
Wild Hay (3.71% 3.627 b)	0 87		3 02 1		784	0 37		3 164		A03
Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97, 25.389) Eligible Mining Claims (3.717, 3.627)	0		3 02 1		- 04			3 104		
Class 3 Subtotal	591 671	\$	31 479 279	S	1 168 559	591 683	S	32 137 990	S	1 166 166
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements										
Residential (3.71 + 3.627 - )		S	12 881,906	S	4*** 818		S	12 209 211	S	442 895
Residential Low income 0.742° to 2.597° 0.725° to 2.539°			271 442		5 236			286 492		5 741
Mobile Homes 3 71°0 3 627°:			604 348		22 429			578 282		20 975
Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742°) to 2.597° + 0.725° to 2.539 Commercial (3.71°) 3.627°s)	9 '5}		43 990 2 031,966		1 097 75 389			44 6 <sup>-3</sup> 1 969 485		1 090 71 435
Industrial (3.71% 3.627%)			269 300		9 992			282 155		10 233
New Manufacturing (1.855% to 3.71% 1.814 to 3.627%)			203 300		3 35E			264 547		4 799
Qualified Golf Courses (1 855, 1 814%)								-		
Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%, 0.725% to 3.627%)					· ·			-	_	
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	16,102,952	S	591 961		\$	15 634 845	S	557 168
CLASS 5										
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)		\$	3,305,059	S	99 151		\$	3 315 714	S	99 471
Qualified New Industrial (3%)			-		•			-		
Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%)			•					-		
Research and Development (0%-3%)								-		
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)										
Class 5 Subtotal		S	3,305,059	S	99 151		\$	3 315 714	S	99 471
CLASS 6										
Livestock (4% 3%)		S	8.034 554	S	321 388		S	8 074 380	S	242 221
Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%)			1,759		70			Α -		-
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)			-		-					-
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	8.036,313	S	321,458		\$	8,074,380	\$	242 221
CLASS 7										
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$		\$			\$	٠	\$	
CLASS 8										
Machinery (6%, 3%)		\$	703,292	\$	42,204		\$	690 571	S	20,091
Farm Implements (6%, 3%)			6,804,718		408,287			6 703,066		201.092
Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)			360,255		21 613			185 689		5 570
Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtotal		\$	533.284 8.401.549	\$	31,926 504 030	1	S	324,580 7,903,906	S	9,737 236 490
		Ψ	0,401,043	J	304 030	4	J	7,500,500	Ÿ	200 400
CLASS 9		ć	2.050.550	c	474 707	:	c	2 558.081		200.074
Utilities (12%)		\$	3,956,559	\$	474,787	1	\$	Z,338.081	\$	306 971
CLASS 10	,	_	^^ -	~	0.50		^	FA 000		000
Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	436	\$	36,649	\$	250	. 436	S	50 896	S	290
CLASS 12					:					
Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)		S	17,076,714	S	1,038,263	4 4	\$	18 279.879	S	780 551
Arlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		<u> </u>	17.070.744	_	1 020 202	4	_	10 170 070	_	700 554
Class 12 Subtotal		٥	17,076,714	S	1,038 263		\$	18 279 879	\$	780 551
CLASS 13				_					_	
Electrical Generation Property (6%)		S	-	\$	- (		S	2.024.204	S	244.222
Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$	-	_		-d	_	3,634,201 3,634,201	-	211,320 211,320
Class 13 Subtotal		٦		S	4,198,459		\$	3 034 201	\$	211 320

# 80 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - RAVALLI

Ravalli			1999			) <sub>11</sub>			2000		
_	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	77	Acres	_	Assessed	_	Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$	-	\$		,		\$	-	\$	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		\$				\$		\$	-
CLASS 3 Agncultural Land Tiltable Irrigated (3 71%, 3 627%) Tiltable Non-Irrigated (3 71%, 3 627%) Grazing (3 71%, 3 627%) Wild Hay (3 71%, 3 627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25 97, 25 389%) Eligible Mining Claims (3 71%, 3 627%)	46,237 5,757 140,573 1,170 25,443 30	\$	13,551,015 1,000,090 8,344,450 292,116 890,519 1,124	\$	502,739 37,097 309,690 10,834 231,278 42	i.	46,437 5,697 138,324 1,152 26,121 30	\$	13,952,111 996,994 8,457,700 294,044 950,178 1,270	\$	506,014 36,163 306,751 10,664 241,232 46
	219,210	\$	24,079,314	\$	1,091,680		217,761	\$	24,652,297	\$	1,100,870
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements Residential (3 71%, 3 627%) Residential Low Income (0 742% to 2 597%, 0 725% to 2 539%) Mobile Homes (3 71%, 3 627%) Mobile Homes Low Income (0 742% to 2 597%, 0 725% to 2 539%) Commercial (3 71%, 3 627%) Industrial (3 71%, 3 627%) New Manufacturing (1 855% to 3 71%, 1 814% to 3 627%) Qualified Golf Courses (1 855, 1 814%) Remodeled Commercial (0 742% to 3 71%, 0 725% to 3 627%)	%)	\$	825,738,123 32,376,079 21,526,034 1,437,434 160,550,533 4,228,473 226,516 441,110 115,918	s	30,634,099 635,903 798,618 29,938 5,956,414 156,876 4 202 8,183 3,202			\$	900,569,186 32,614,860 22,684,658 1,490,470 172,738,310 4,758,467 5,902,427 509,403	\$	32.664.231 597.212 822.782 29.331 6.265.250 172.588 129.049 9.241
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	1,046,640,220	\$	38,227,435			\$	1,141,267,781	\$	40,689,684
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%) Qualified New Industrial (3%) Pollution Control (3%)		\$	17,027,532	\$	510,825			\$	17,275,523	\$	518,267 -
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)			13,464,202		294.175				-		-
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)					294,173			_	-		<u> </u>
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	30,491,734	\$	805,000			\$	17,275,523	\$	518,267
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	11,318,305 338,998	\$	452,712 13,560			\$	11,928,787 372,789	\$	357,501 11,183
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	11,657,303	\$	466.272			\$	12,301,576	\$	368,684
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	-	\$	-			\$	•	\$	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	19,808,912 7,828,345 17,714,997 2,319,161 47,671,415	\$	1,185,365 469,711 1,062,930 118,330 2,836,336	Section Williams		\$	22,904,648 6,607,847 15,436,232 2,429,027 47,377,754	\$	680,225 198,238 463,076 72,947
CLASS 9		•		Ť	_,	1					
Utilities (12%)		\$	40,409,477	\$	4,849,137	- Constant		\$	23,999,886	\$	2,879,987
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	103,667	\$	28,708,331	\$	195,244	The second second	103,676	\$	35,312,126	\$	201,343
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Arrines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	15,214,786 3,158	\$	925,059 192			\$	14,435,086 2,714	\$	616,377 116
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	15,217,944	\$	925,251	1		\$	14,437,800	\$	616,493
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%) Class 13 Subtotal		\$	<u>.</u>	\$	-	on days in a feel of		\$	<u>20.611,277</u> 20.611,277	\$ 	1,236,679 1,236,679
		•	1 244 975 739		10 305 355				1,337,236,020		
Total		3	1,244,875,738	=	49,396,355	He		-	1,001,200,020	\$	49,026,493

#### PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - RICHLAND

Richland			1999					2000		
_	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	-	ŝ			ę.		¢	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S			5			
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land		Ť								
Titlable Imgated 3.711 3.627	40 419	\$	21 118 303	\$	783 486	401 -	5	71.445.616	Ş	4
Tillable Non-Imgated (3 Tr. + 3 62T)	380,170		49 526 421		1 837 408	979 151		49 808 539		17/21
Grazing (3.71%) 3.6273	788 563		26 090 186		967 948	786 483		21477327		195 ET
Wild Hay (3.711. 3.627 )	130		17 904		665	130		18 388		10 m   10 m
Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97) 25.3891.	4 220		146,608		38 075	4 200		152 773		38.78*
Eligible Mining Claims (3.71 ± 3.627 ±	1 213 501	S	96 899 422	S	3 627 582	1212271	-S	98 704 840	ç	2.61-1.64
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements	210001		10000 122	Ŭ	002 002	1 4	Ü		~	
Residential (3.71 3.627 · )		S	125 284 949	S	4 647 694		5	100 090 974	ς	4 429 451
Residentia: Low Income   0.7421, to 2.5971   0.725 / to 2.5391.11		w	2 787 307		57 019		_	2 628 324	~	48 823
Mobile Homes (3.71 ), 3.627			1 503 302		55 779			1 981 505		242 776
Mobile Homes Low Income   0.742% to 2.597%   0.725% to 2.539%			32 280		339			-		
Commercial (3.71° 3.62°			39 136 210		1 451 927			39 244 307		1 423 352
Industrial (3.711), 3.6279.1			10.042 896		372 592			9 899 918		359 069
New Manufacturing (1.855 - to 3.71 - 1.814 to 3.627%)			5 114 762		94 879			4 780 040		907.38
Qualified Golf Courses   1 855   1 814			368 690		6 539			374 240		6 788
Remodeled Commercial (0.742°) to 3.71 ± 0.725°, to 3.627°, a		_	517.054		14,159			521,883		14,009
Class 4 Subtotal		S	184,787 450	\$	6 701 727		\$	181 522 794	\$	6 439 029
CLASS 5										
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3")  Qualified New Industrial (3%)		S	17 714 423	\$	531 429		\$	19,448 052	\$	583 443
Pollution Control (3%)			2 407 655		72 230			2 117 955		63 539
Gasoho! Related (3%)			2 407 000		72 230			2 11 7 000		
Research and Development (0%-3%)			-					-		
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)		_					_	<u> </u>		-
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	20,122,078	\$	603 659		\$	21 566 007	\$	646 932
CLASS 6										
Livestock (4%, 3%)		\$	8,253,855	S	330,163		\$	8 473 793	S	254 199
Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4, 13%)			24,126		965			26 280		789
Class 6 Subtotal		S	8 277,981	\$	331 128		\$	8 500 073	\$	254 988
CLASS 7										
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8% 3%)		S		\$			\$		\$	
CLASS 8										
Machinery (6%, 3%)		\$	27 032.820	S	1,360 202		\$	28 964 603	\$	742 199
Farm Implements (6%, 3%) Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)			23 645.655		1 418,737			22 608 193		678 250
Other Business Equipment			3 905,770 19,010,667		234,365 1,131,806			3 588 387 17,127,085		107 656 513,846
Class 8 Subtotal		S	73 594,912	S	4,145,110		-5	72,289 268	ŝ	2,041,951
		Ų	10 004,012	Ş	4,140,110		Ş	12,255 200	Ş	2,041 301
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		S	32 440 221	S	3.892.829		S	17 411,13*	S	2 089 334
		J	02 740 22 I	Ų	0.002.023		Ģ	1 411, 3	9	2 003 30m
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	0	S	_	S		0	S		S	
	V	J		Ų		0	ψ,	•	Q	
				S	562 944		S	9 906 640	8	421 014
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)		S	9 258 937				W		***	
CLASS 12		\$	9 258 937 151 223		9.195		_	146,882	_	
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$ - \$		\$			S	146 882 10 053 522	S	6,272 429,286
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Artines (6 08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal CLASS 13		\$	151,223	_	9.195		S		S	6,272
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Artines (6 08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal  CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%)		_	151,223	_	9.195		8	10 053 522 11 061 267	\$	6.272 429.286 663.676
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Airlines (6 08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal  CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Jelecommunication Property (6%)		\$	151,223	\$	9.195		\$	10 053 522 11 061 267 5 625 659	3	6,272 429,286 663,676 337,543
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Artines (6 08%, 4 27%) Class 12 Subtotal  CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%)		\$	151,223	S	9.195			10 053 522 11 061 267		6.272 429.286 663.676

## 82 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - ROOSEVELT

Roosevelt			1999			٠ .			2000		
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable .		Acres	-	Assessed	T	Taxable
— CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		s		S	1	:		s		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S	•	S	•			ş S		S	•
		Ş	-	Ĵ	•			J	•	J	•
CLASS 3: Agricultural Land Tillable Imgated (3.71% 3.627) Tillable Non-Imgated (3.71% 3.627) Grazing (3.71% 3.627%) Wild Hay (3.71% 3.627%) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97%) Eligible Mining Claims (3.71% 3.627%)	10 676 587,975 449,907 16 523 7 814	\$	2 538.878 75,629,543 12,980,700 2 923 133 219 198	\$	94 195 2,805,880 481,762 108,452 56 928		11,085 588,387 449,369 16,509 7,832 0	\$	2,702 433 75 779 608 13,688,816 2,983,571 225,866	\$	98,016 2 748,555 496,605 108,217 57,337
Class 3 Subtotal	1.072 896	\$	94 291 452	\$	3 547 217	1	073 181	\$	95 380 294	\$	3,508,730
CLASS 4: Land and improvements  Residential (3.71 = 3.6211)  Residential Low Income (0.742 - to 2.597 ± 0.7251 - to 2.539 ± 1.44    Mobile Homes (3.71 = 3.6271 - 1.44    Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 - to 2.597 = 0.72513 to 2.5391    Commercial (3.71 = 3.6271 - 1.44    New Manufacturing (1.655 - to 3.71 = 1.814 - to 3.6271 )		S	64 127 241 822 275 4 294 395 107 867 18 455,704 6 479 699	Ş	2 378 946 16,907 159 327 2 221 684,716 240 396			\$	61 198 708 791 118 4 176 307 135 353 18,602 616 8 034 978	\$	2 219.946 15.031 151 472 2.931 674.726 291.425
Qualified Golf Courses i1 855   1 814   .  Remodeled Commercial (0 742 - to 3 71   5 0 725 - to 3 627   5)			84 617 		1 570				82 355		1,494
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	94 371 798	\$	3 434 083			S	93 021 435	\$	3 357.025
CL4SS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3" )  Qualified New Industrial 3		S	8,731 025	S	261 932			\$	8,532,575	\$	255,977
Pollution Control (37) ( Gasonol Related (3) ( Research and Development (3) -3											-
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3. ) Class 5 Subtotal			8,731,025	\$	261,932			\$	8 532 575	\$	255,977
CLASS 6 Livestock 4 - 3' -> Lease and Rental Equipment 4' 3		S	5 676 405 46,829	S	227 0 <sup>-</sup> 4 1,873			S	6 067 752 50 556	\$	182 014 1,516
Canola Seed Processing Equipment 41 3 Class 6 Subtotal		S	5 723 234	\$	228,947			\$	6,118 308	\$	183 530
CL485.7											
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util 8° 3 T-4SS 8		\$	-	S	*			S	-	S	-
Machinery (6 3 ) Farm implements 6 3 - Furniture and Fixtures (6' 3') Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtotal		\$	5 956 208 20 655,813 3 106 619 9 472 224 39 190 864	\$	293 612 1 239 359 186 405 560 610 2 279.986			\$	8 123 342 20 376 867 2 523 976 8 876 728 39 900,913	\$	212,785 611,305 75,725 266,319 1 166,134
CLASS 9 Utilities (12).		\$	109,339,153	\$	13,120,700		,	\$	103,237,310	\$	12,388.476
CLASS 10 Timber Land   0.68   0.57   +	Û	S		S		4	0	\$		\$	
CLASS 12 Railroads 6 38 4 27 +		\$	38 344 907	\$	2,331.369	to spile if, ands		S	41,043,183	S	1,752,544
Artines (6.181 4.27) Class 12 Subtotal		\$	521,260 38,866,167	\$	2,363.062	18		\$	566,342 41 609,525	\$	24,183 1,776,727
Electrical General on Property 16 Telectrical General on Property 16 Telectrical General on Property 164 (1)		\$	-	\$ 	· · ·	andress miles den -		\$	9,427,150 9,427,150	\$	<u>555,463</u> 555,463
Class 13 Subtotal		)		J	- 4	3		_	0 72 100	~	000,700

# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - ROSEBUD

Rosebud			1999					2000		
_	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		5		S					\$	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		5		5			3			
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Imgated (3.71 ± 3.527 Tillable Non-Imgated (3.71 ± 3.627) Grazing (3.71 ± 3.627) Witd Hay (3.71 ± 3.627)	28 699 138 623 2 185 526 21 633	S	10 982 512 19 125 920 50 347 898 4 353 294	S	403 741 709 879 1867 942 181 494	. 25 (filò) 138 919 1188 488 21 884	\$	11 0.3 653 19 196 350 53 030 383 4 444 641	6 / 2	
Non-Qualified Agilland (25.97) 25.389  Eligible Mining Qialms (3.71) 3.527  Class 3 Subtotal	5 633 2 290 364	<u> </u>	196 570 - 84 906 196		51 (44 		5	014 533 		24.27
CLASS 4 Land and improvements  Residential 3.71 - 3.627  Residential Low income IC 1421 to 2.597 - 2.725 - 1; 2.539  Mobile Homes 3.71 - 3.627  Mobile Homes Low Income IC 142 - to 2.597 - 2.725 - 1o 2.539  Commercial 3.71 - 3.627 -		5	72 016 044 591 861 6 992 663 94 102 04 041 042	8	2 671 716 12 136 259 766 1 794 899 368		5	69 861 201 492 564 1 361 966 110 366 22 663 341	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2 F1 2 T62 1 2 1 5 2 5 7 7 4 5 1 2 4 2 7 7 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Industrial (3.71 - 3.627) New Manufacturing (1.855) - to 3.71 - 1.814 - to 3.627 (1.924) Qualified Golf Courses (1.855 - 1.814 - ) Remodeled Commercial (0.742) to 3.71 - 0.725 to 3.627 (1.944)			39 843 318 5 592 527		1 107 189 153 029			31 64T 210 5 T91 89T		147 544 122 0E1
Class 4 Subtotal CLASS 5		S	139 671 937	\$	5 104 997		\$	137 958 284	\$	4 952 329
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Cp 3 Qualified New Industrial (3 Pollution Control 3 ) Gasohol Related (3 - Research and Development 3 :-3 -		S	14 849 433 24 000 276 967 237	\$	445 483 720 8 309 017		S	14 035 252 24 000 274 463 642	9	421 25 6 200 00
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (31) i Class 5 Subtotal		\$	291 840 670	\$	8 755 220		-	188 522 894	S	2 101 /.
CLASS 6 Livestock 4 3'- Lease and Rental Equipment 4 3 4 Canola Seed Processing Equipment 4 3 4		\$	15 087 560 46 585	\$	603 497 1 864		Ş	15 546 213 45 124	3	8 "
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	15 134 145	S	605 361		S	16 593 337	S	49775
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util 1817, 311		S		\$			\$		5	
Machinery (6% 31). Farm Implements (6% 3%). Furniture and Fixtures (6% 3%). Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtotal		\$	113 562 086 9,152 574 3 402 088 12,741 815 138 858 563	S	6,289,279 549,147 204,113 753,693 7,796,232		\$	105 520 322 8 775 795 3 173 333 12 150 422 129 619 952	\$	3 102 701 263 21 56 213 364 52 3 725 701
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		Ť	1 251 889 995		150 226 799		5	41 462 814	S	4 975 53
ELASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	44 765	\$	3 773 348	\$	25 654	44 878	S	5 246 912	S	29 93
CLASS 12  Railroads (6 08% 4 27%)		S	24 094 109	\$	1 464 923		S	25 766 907	S	1 100 24
Artines (6 08% 4.27%) Class 12 Subtotal		\$	24 094 109	\$	1,464 923		\$	25,766 907	\$	1 100 24
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Telecommunication Property (6%)  Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	S	·			1 216 010 160 8 303 451 1 224 313 611	\$	70 980 60 498,20 73 458 81
01033 10 Oublotal			1,950,168,963		177,172,986		J	1,957,565,773		100,635,10

## 84 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - SANDERS

Sanders			1999						2000		******
	Acres	_	Assessed	_	Taxable		Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	-	\$				\$		\$	•
CLASS 2: Gross Proceeds		S		\$	-			3		S	-
CLASS 3: Agricultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.711 / 3.6275 ) Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.711 / 3.6275 ) Grazing (3.711 / 3.6277 ) Till Hay 3.71 / 3.627 - Von-Qualified Ag Land (25.97 / 25.389) Eligible Mining Claims (3.711 / 3.6271 )	16 407 8 792 155 860 14 174 17 568	\$	3 764 243 1 544 844 4 749 104 3 696 029 605 395	\$	139,645 57,314 176,211 137,119 157,215		16,267 8,661 155 627 13,987 18 009	\$	3 837 478 1.528,497 4 989 488 3 732 907 650 225	\$	139,189 55,439 180 975 135,393 165,108
Class 3 Subtotal	212 802	\$	14 359 615	\$	667 504		212 551	S	14 738 595	\$	676,104
CLASS 4 Land and improvements  Residential (3.71 - 3.627 °)  Residential Low Income (0.742 - to 2.597 - 0.725 - to 2.539°)  Mobile Homes (3.71 % 3.627 %)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 : to 2.597 % 0.725 - to 2.539°)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 : to 2.597 % 0.725 - to 2.530°)  Commercial (3.71 % 3.627 %)  New Manufacturing (1.855 %: to 3.71% 1.814 - to 3.627 %)  Dualified Gof Courses (1.855 %: to 3.71% 1.814 - to 3.627 %)  Remode ed Commercial (3.742 - to 3.71% 3.725% to 3.627 %)  Class 4 Subtotal		9	185.064.213 8.873.070 5.641.183 4.39.587 31.962.794 4.006.801	s s	6 865 845 173 835 209 283 9 293 1.185 829 148 653			\$	199 463 213 8 997 213 5 918 187 412 703 35 888 200 4 016 530	\$	7 234 586 170,708 214,654 8,472 1,301 652 145,683
CLASS 5		Ş	200 30 540	Ş	J J32 J0			Ş	234 030 040	J	9 07 3,133
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3).  Qualified New Industrial (3°-)  Pollution Control (3°-)  Gasobiol Related (3°-)  Research and Development (0) (-3°-)		\$	5.080 770	\$	152 423			\$	6 493 350	\$	194,801
Auminum Electrolytic Equipment (3)		_	5 200 770	_	150 400			<u> </u>		_	404.004
Class 5 Subtota		S	5 080 770	\$	152 423			5	6 493 350	\$	194 801
CLASS 6 Livestock (41, 31.) Lease and Rental Equipment (4 - 31.) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (41, 31.)		\$	4,760,095 18,854	S	190,396 755			\$	5,433 841 23,038	S	162,952 691
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	4 778 949	\$	191 151			S	5 456,879	\$	163,643
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8° 3°)		S	876 340	\$	70 267			S		\$	-
CLASS 8  Machinery 6: 3 - Farm Implements 6 - 3 :  Furm.ture and Fixtures (6) 31::  Other Business Edwigment  Class 3 Subtotal		\$	11,969 758 4 148 486 2 787 782 1,493 562 20 399,588	\$	718 206 248 905 167 277 83 464 1,217,852	14		\$	13,080,606 4,019,416 2,823,611 737,619 20,661,252	\$	392,424 120,587 84,707 22,147 619,865
CLASS 9							•				
Utilities ,12° .i		\$	185 301,484	\$	22 236 178	1		\$	26 313 510	\$	3.157 619
CLASS 10 Timber Land 0 89 0 57	283 538	S	133 418 518	\$	907 253		283,850	\$	160 142 867	\$	912 812
CLASS 12 Raircads 6 06		S	47 806,874	S	2.906 655	7 ***		S	45 378 733	S	1.937 672
Airlines 6 03 4 07 Class 12 Sucretal		\$	47,806,874	\$	2,906 655	· ·		\$	45,378 733	S	1,937,672
CL4SS 13											
Electrical Generation Progeny (6) Telecommunication Property (6)		S	<u>.</u>	\$				\$	141 700,339 31,654 145	\$	8 502,020 1,894,931
Class 13 Suctota		S	-	S	-	, 1		5	173 354 484	\$	10 396 951
Total		S	648,012,036	\$	36,942,021	-		\$	707,235,716	\$	27,135.222

# PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - SHERIDAN

Sheridan			1999			**********		2000		
	cres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		S			S		ς.	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S			S		5	
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Irrigated (3.7.1 - 3.62.7 Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.7.1 - 3.62.7 - 5.	3 132 87 632 58 694 7 015 539	\$	742 751 77 097 586 11 845 548 1,097 886 18 945	\$	27 557 2,860 333 439 512 40 733 4 919	3 132 587 836 357 888 6 838 550	S	781 293 77 318 811 12 481 149 1 199 243 20 155	***	27 227 , 41 41 44, 72 864 5 117
	57 013	\$	90,802 716	S	3 373 054	956 164	S	91 571 240	3	3 629 294
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71% - 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742%), to 2.597%, (0.725%), to 2.539% (Mobile Homes (3.71% -3.627%)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742%), to 2.597% (0.725%) to 2.539% (Commercial (3.71% -3.627%)  Industrial (3.71% -3.627%)  New Manufacturing (1.855%) to 3.71% (1.814%), to 3.627% (Oualified Golf Courses (1.855%) to 3.71% (0.725%) to 3.627%)  Remodeled Commercial (0.742%) to 3.71% (0.725%) to 3.627%)		\$	52 535 876 684 570 2 059 870 35 657 13 241 905 3,477 788	S	1 948 820 12 921 76 419 597 491 280 129 024		\$	50 812 473 623 865 2 033 771 29 266 12 852 045 3 467 949	Ş	1 840 905 10 827 3 757 477 466 158 125 784
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	72 035 666	\$	2 659 061		S	69 820 357	S	2 519 903
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%) Qualified New Industrial (3%) Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%)		\$	7 352 751	S	220 580		S	7 074 748	S	212 245
Research and Development (0%-3///)										
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3°, )  Class 5 Subtotal		\$	7 352 751	\$	220 580		\$	7 074 748	S	212 245
CLASS 6 Livestock (4% 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4% 3°) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4% 3°)		\$	5 436,298 10,787	\$	217,444 431		\$	5,362 564 8 648	S	160 854 259
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	5,447,085	\$	217 875		S	5 371 312	S	161 123
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$		\$	-		\$		S	
CLASS 8  Machinery (6% 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Fumiture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	1,357,200 26,224,813 1,578,256 13,082,400 42,242,669	\$	81,448 1,573,507 94,703 784,777 2,534,435		\$	1 617,792 25 376 596 1 403,753 12,610,198 41,008 339	\$	48 559 T61 301 42 115 378 327 1 230 302
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	5,869,675	S	704,357		\$	3 341 274	\$	400,951
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	0	\$	-	\$		0	\$	-	S	
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Arrlines (6,08%, 4 27%)		S	11,850 651	\$	720,700		S	12 576 276	S	537,008
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	11,850,651	\$	720,700		\$	12 576 276	\$	537 008
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$		\$	·		\$	2.672.006	\$	154.802
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$	-		\$	2 672 006	5	154 802
Total		\$	235,601,213	\$	10,430,062	t i	\$	233,534,552	\$	8,545,633

## 86 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - SILVER BOW

Silver Bow			1999			,		2000		
-	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CL4SSIT Net Proceeds		ŝ		S	*		\$		\$	-
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		Ş	86 969 12 <b>4</b>	S	2 609 374		S	56 638 006	\$	1 699,140
014SS 3 Agnourtural Land Tillable impared 3 71 (13 807)	3.826	5	1 151 439	S	42 ~19	3 828	Ş	182095	\$	42 874
Tilable Non-Imgared (3,715) (3,607) Grazing (3,715) (3,607) Wildimay (3,715) (3,607) Non-Qualified Agilland (25,67) (6,389) Eligipie Minna Qlams (3,711) (3,607)	119 060 1 916 1 984 6 854 8 290		3 463 262 737 302 572 771 388 491		129 229 27 354 148 738 14 4 <u>26</u>	119 T2T 4924 17 882 10 8		3 757 511 752 493 627 879 382 575		*36 293 27 292 159 404 13 892
Class 3 Subtota	150 148	\$	6 333 065	Ş	362 466	151 358	ŝ	6 702 553	S	379 755
CLASS 4: Land and more vements  Residential (3,71%): 3,627%  Residential Low income (0,742%) to 0,597%, 0,725% to 0,539 Modile Homes (3,71%): 3,607%  Modile Homes Low Income (0,742%) to 2,597%, 0,725% to 0,539 Commercial (3,71%): 3,607%  noustrial (3,71%): 3,607%  New Manufacturnol (1,855%) to 3,71%; 1,814% to 3,607%		•	508 607 484 19 735 651 11 110 734 480 360 033 611 888 84 254 676	S	18 866 903 391 019 410 161 8 866 999 3 125 849		**	523 030 272 20 096 680 11 694 443 531 964 257 060 801 80 260 174	S	18 970 450 4*9 732 424 159 10 311 9 323 219 2 91* 038
Qualified Gof Dourses (1855   1814) <u>Remode ed Commercia (2742), (6871)   2725 (168827</u> Class 4 Suprata		-	2 978 994 334,512 861 993 999	3	55 251 12 410 31 541 336		-	2 548 228 25 389 897 737 951	-	5° 667 369
0 ass 4 500 0 a 0.488 6		3	00 049 A14	\$	3154 00		-	29 3 921	5	32 110 945
Rural Electriciand Telephone Co-Col 3  Qualified New Industrial 3		Ş	1 891 103	*>	55 734		\$	2 255 989	S	97 673 -
Polition Control 3 L Gasono Related 31:			22 63* 597		678 933 -			21 480 705		544 422
Research and Development (21 - 31)  Aumnum Beatrayto Equipment (31)					•					-
Class & Suctota		S	24 522 200	\$	735 667		S	23 736 694	S	712 100
CLASS 6 Livestoor (41, 3) - Lease and Rental Equipment (4 ) (3).		0)	1 497 566 336 817	\$	59 900 13 471		\$	1 666 072 303 771	\$	49 955 9 113
Candia Seed Processing Equipment 41, 31, Class 6 Subtota		-	1 834 383	5	73 371			1 969 843	-	59 068
CLASSIT  Non-Central - Assessed Public bit: 3: 3: -		9	344 491	Š	27 559		S		S	0.000
0.488 3					- 000					
Machinery, 6 1, 3%. Farm implements 6% 3%. Furniture and Fixtures 16 1, 3%. Other Business Equipment		5	397 867 588 816 775 30 611 448 3 097 603	\$	23 870 065 49 004 1 836 704 492 733		<b>(7)</b>	389 067 551 706 234 32 763 138 9 200 166	<b>&gt;</b>	*1 672 027 21 188 982 592 276,064
Class E Suptota		\$	437 393 414	S	26 240 511		\$	431 727 088	\$	
0LASS 9		3	98,808 539	ŝ	11 857 027		ŝ	71 023 544	\$	8 523 461
0.485 10 Timber Land (0.68%) 0.671	23 532	\$	3 773 249	S	25.65	23 532	\$	4 576 468	\$	26,086
CLASS 12 Faircads 6 13		\$	3 847 683 6 936 092	S	233 941 421 714		S	3 524 185 1 592 368	\$	154 T53 324 194
2 ass 12 Subrota 488 13		S	10 783 775	Ş	655 655	4	S	11 216 553	S	478 947
Electrical Generation Property (6):  Telecommunication Property (6):  Class 13 Subtotal		5	-	\$		4	\$	26,358,448 26,368,448	\$	1,573,509
Total		\$	1.531.856,149		74,127,993 è			1,531,702,448		1 573 509 58,514,872

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PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND	TAXABLE VALUE - STILLWATER
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Stillwater			1999						2000		# 0 0ml 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0mm ray g sp
-	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	١.	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$		S				S		5	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S	9* 707 723	S	2 751 232			\$	140 909 703	S	4 227 290
CLASS 3 Agnicultural Land  Tillable Irrigated (3.71% 3.527°  Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71% 3.627°)  Grazing (3.71% 3.627°)  Wild Hay (3.71% 3.627°)  Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97 25.389°)  Eligible Mining Claims (3.71% 3.627°)	20 166 148 625 595 416 30,308 13 245	\$	7 010,950 25,821 937 20 084 196 6 103 536 462 492	\$	260 104 957 982 745 116 226 434 120 106		20 157 148 670 593,710 30 141 15 879	\$	7 153 101 25 837 714 21 102 903 6 212 695 580 571	\$	259 405 931 134 165 394 225 336 141 363
Class 3 Subtotal	807 759	\$	59 483 111	S	2 309 742		808 557	5	60 666 984	S	2 334 555
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71 - 3.627%)  Residential Low Income (0.742% to 2.597%    0.725 - to 2.539		\$	172,071 501 3 660,621 5 380 802 98 520 22 877 640 16 637,196	\$	6 383 589 78 126 199 643 2 121 848 768 617 243			\$	182 476 161 3 423 981 5 654 509 130 823 24 087 715 25,577 633	S	6 618 563 70 653 205 090 2 840 873 655 927 703
Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%, 0.725% to 3.627%) Class 4 Subtotal		<u> </u>	220,726,280		8 129,490			S	241 350,822	S	8 698 504
CLASS 5 Rural Electnc and Telephone Co-Op (3%)		\$	4,749,977	ş	142 499			\$	8,617 126	S	258 515
Qualified New Industrial (3%) Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%)			3,340,179		100,025				2 970 390		89 110
Research and Development (0%-3%) Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%)			-								
Class 5 Subtotal		S	8,090,156	\$	242 524			\$	11 587 516	\$	347 625
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)		\$	12,064,396 32,943	\$	482,563 1,318			S	11,507 000 52 228	\$	345 119 1 567
Class 6 Subtotal		S	12,097,339	\$	483,881			S	11 559 228	\$	346 686
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		\$	3,784 041	\$	302,722			S		S	-
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	76,933,626 10,227,850 3,483,641 6,051,561 96,696,678	\$	4 616,032 613,682 209,036 358,797 5,797,547			S	118,377,093 9,791,845 3,548,774 6,829,457 138,547,169	\$ 	3,551 327 293 758 106 464 204 904 4 156 453
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		\$	81,403,429			-		Ť			
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	66,153			\$	9,768,412	E la	65.473	\$	61.680,739	\$	7 401 685
CLASS 12	00,103	\$	5,689,964	\$	38,717	1	00,473	\$	7,791 493	S	44 439
Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Arlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	12,936,340	\$	786,530	1		\$	12.274 256	\$	524 111
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	12,936,340	\$	786,530	1		\$	12 274 256	S	524 111
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6%)  Telecommunication Property (6%)  Class 13 Subtotal		\$		\$	· ·	) XA		\$ 	2,685,099 7,741,665 10,426,764	\$	161,106 462,890 623,996
Total		S	592,615,061		30,610,797			\$	697,014,674	\$	28,705,444
		=	0.0000	Ť	30,010,731	951		-	001,014,074		20,100,444

## 88 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - SWEET GRASS

Sweet Grass -			1999			1			2000		
	cres		ssessed	1	axable	_A	cres	_/	Assessed	1	Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$		S				S		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		\$				\$		\$	
Grazing (3.71% 3.627%)	32,034 18,419 587,711 18,549 5,789	\$	7,159,717 2,856,098 24,206,209 3,724,309 201,680	\$	265 625 105.959 898.068 138,157 52,385	6	32 064 18 401 587,716 18,548 5 961	\$	7,376,588 2,853,733 25,488,019 3,813,781 217,994	\$	267,563 103,505 924,469 138,33 55,331
Class 3 Subtotal	62 502	\$	38,148,013	\$	1,460,194	7	62 690	\$	39 750 115	S	1,489,199
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71 ± 3.627 €)  Residential Low Income (0.742 ± to 2.597 € 0.725 € to 2.539 €)  Mobile Homes (3.71 € 3.627 €)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 ± to 2.597 € 0.725 € to 2.539 € Commercial (3.71 € 3.627 ±)  Industrial (3.71 € 3.627 ±)  New Manufacturing (1.855 € to 3.71 € 1.814 € to 3.627 €)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855 1.814 €)  Remodeled Commercial (0.742 € to 3.71 € 0.725 € to 3.627 €)		\$	72 055 425 1 618 621 1 413 574 82 818 14,352 888 1 534 713 499 909	\$	2 673 113 32 472 52 439 1 915 532 516 56 938 10 132			\$	80 425 978 1,842 005 1,752 274 62 148 15 019,062 4 996 641 507 575	\$	2,917,200 38,029 63,555 1,36 544,74 181,229 13,743
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	91 557 948	S	3 359,525			S	104 605,683	S	3 759,86
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)  Qualified New Industrial (3%)  Pollution Control (3%)		\$	7 993 919	\$	239.817			\$	8 994,925	\$	269,849
Gasohol Related ( $3^{\circ}$ c) Research and Development ( $0^{\circ}$ )- $3^{\circ}$ c)									-		
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3°) Class 5 Subtotal		\$	7 993,919	\$	239 817			\$	8 994 925	S	269,849
CLASS 6  Livestock (4 % 3 %)  Lease and Rental Equipment (4* 3 %)  Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4* 35%)		\$	11 457 418 41,320	\$	458 307 1,653			\$	11,573 924 36,780	S	347 18 1,10
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	11 498.738	\$	459 960			\$	11 610 704	S	348 28
CLASS 7 Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8% 3)		S	*	\$	-			S	-	\$	
CLASS 8  Machinery 6 (1, 3 %)  Farm Implements (6% 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment		\$	16,035,442 7,419,273 1,497,336 395,817	\$	933.834 445,158 89,844 19,143			\$	32 217,154 7 416,076 1 362,046 289,714	\$	953,96 222,48 40,856 8 69
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	25.347.868	\$	1,487,979			\$	41,284 990	\$	1 226,00
CLASS 9 Utilities (12° c)		\$	17.877,372	\$	2.145 286			S	12,398,302	\$	1,487,79
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68 = 0.57%)	71,606	S	7 244 118	S	49,251		71.554	S	10 006,557	\$	57.06
CLASS 12 Railroads 6 08% 4 27% ( Aurhres 6 08% 4 27%)		\$	12,776 274	\$	776,798	1 A A A A A		S	12 123 739	\$	517,68
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	12 776 274	S	776.798	3		\$	12,123 739	\$	517,68
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property 6		S	-	S		,		S	6 300 510	\$	376.85
Telecommunication Property (61-). Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$		1		ŝ	6,308,510 6,308,510	S	376.85
Total		e	212.444,250	S	9,978,810	1 4		S	247.083,525	S	9.532.59

## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - TETON

Teton -			1999					2000		
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed	_	Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		\$			S		3	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$	_	S			S		S	
CLASS 3 Agnicultural Land										
Tillable Imgated (3.71% - 3.627%)	104,985	\$	24,538 557	S	910 358	105 517	S	25 438 979	S	910 674
	421 316		74.780 071		2 774,314	421 284		74 810 178		2713 386
Grazing (3.71 + 3.6277-)	482 433		15 874,390		589 198	497 662		17 005 245		645,022
Wfld Hay (3.71 3.627° -)	23 650		4 651,762		172,586	23 786		4 787 356		173,634
Non-Qualified Ag Land 25 97 25 389	4 449		154 237		40 054	5 175		188 265		47.793
Eligible Mining Claims (3.7.1 · 3.627") Class 3 Subtotal 1	036 833	\$	119 999 017	S	4 486 510	1 053 424	S	122 230 028	S	4 474 441
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements	000 000	J	110 000 017	J	4 400 310	1 300 424	Ŷ	122 230 020		4 4 4 44
Residential (3.71 = 3.627 -)		S	95 965 376	S	3 559 994		S	100 383 537	S	3,441,109
Residential Low Income (0.742 to 2.597		J	1.533 026	Ş	28 352		Ş	1 786 025	٥	31.381
Mobile Homes (3.71 % 3.627)			1 946 184		72 217			2 099 218		76.13
Mobile Homes Low Income   0.742 to 0.2 597%   0.725% to 2.539%			106,789		1 402			95 651		979
Commercial (3.71% 3.627%)			15.211 298		564 343			15 032,241		545 225
Industrial (3.71% 3.627%)			6 735 763		249,898			6,960 733		252 47(
New Manufacturing (1 855% to 3 71% 1 814% to 3 627%)			1 412,237		26,197			1 383 966		25 109
Qualified Golf Courses (1.855, 1.814%)			602 468		11,175			608 641		11 040
Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%, 0.725% to 3.627%)			002 400					000 041		11 (4)
Class 4 Subtotal		\$	123,513,141	\$	4,513 578		S	128 350 012	\$	4 585 442
CLASS 5										
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%)		\$	20.237 158	\$	607 114		\$	21 806 558	5	654 191
Qualified New Industrial (3' -)			-		-					
Pollution Control (3%)			-							
Gasohol Related (3%)			*		-					
Research and Development (0%-3%)			-		-					
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%) Class 5 Subtotal		S	20,237,158		607,114			21,806 558	\$	654 197
CLASS 6		<b>V</b>	20,237,130	Ų	007,114		Ş	21,000 000	Ş	034 127
Livestock (4% 3%)		S	12,403,293	S	496,115		S	40 000 040	c	200 001
Lease and Rental Equipment (4 + 3%)		Ģ	6,132	٥			٥	12 230,943	\$	366 881
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%)			0,132		245			12 770		383
Class 6 Subtotal		5	12 409 425	\$	496,360		S	12 243 713	\$	367 264
CLASS 7		9	12,700 720	V	430,300		J	12 243 / 13	Ĵ	307 204
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8%, 3%)		S		\$			S		S	
CLASS 8										
Machinery (6%, 3%)		\$	3,292 393	\$	192,779		S	4 546,135	S	134 453
Farm Implements (6%, 3%)			23,841,661		1,430,512			22,692,361		680 775
Furniture and Fixtures (6% 3%)			2,572,588		154 341			1,491 407		44 748
Other Business Equipment			1,410,669		81,561			1,041,501		31,254
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	31,117,311	\$	1,859,193		\$	29,771 404	\$	891 230
CLASS 9										
Utilities (12%)		\$	19,004 176	S	2 280,503		\$	15,152,658	\$	1 818 320
LASS 10										
Timber Land (0.68%, 0.57%)	8,961	\$	3,036,060	S	20,647	9,778	\$	4 114 081	S	2147
LASS 12										
Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%)		c	15 720 040	c	050 004		_	40.050.450	_	210.000
Airlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	15,738,210	\$	956,881		\$	16,850 153	Ş	719 503
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	15,738,210	S	956 881		<u> </u>	16 850 153	S	719 503
LASS 13				-			~		*	
Electrical Generation Property (6%)		S		S			S		S	
Telecommunication Property (6%)		~		Ψ			Q	4 325 094	9	229 915
Class 13 Subtotal		S		S	- 1		- S	4 325 094	\$	229 915
			345,054,498		15,220,786			354,843,701		13,763,758
Total									- \$	

#### 90 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - TOOLE

Toole			1999		**********	***********		2000		
	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	-	S			S	-	S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S			S		S	
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land  Tillable Irrigated (3.71%, 3.627%)  Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71%, 3.627%)  Grazing (3.71%, 3.627%)  Wild Hay (3.71%, 3.627%)  Non-Qualified Agit Land (25.97, 25.389%)  Eligible Mining Claims (3.71%, 3.627%)	1 093 672 928 396,406 5 525 4 836	S	214 643 101 138 818 14,580,897 1 354 794 163 216	S	7 966 3 752 258 540,954 50 264 42,392	1,164 673,722 396,711 5 521 4 663	\$	235,926 101 296,926 15,339,584 1,383,103 167,407	\$	8,557 3,674,046 556,360 50,163 42,501
	1 080.787	S	117 452 368	S	4,393,834	1,081,781	\$	118 422 946	\$	4 331 627
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements  Residential (3.71 = 3.627°)  Residential Low Income (0.742°) to 2.597°, 0.725% to 2.539%)  Mobile Homes (3.71°, 3.627°)  Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742°) to 2.597° o.0.725% to 2.539%  Commercial (3.71°, 3.627°)  Industrial (3.71°, 3.627°)  New Manufacturing (1.855 + to 3.71°, 1.814°) to 3.627°)  Qualified Golf Courses (1.855 + 1.814°)	)	S	73 690 147 1 208,180 1,014 911 46 337 27 996 267 5 524 295 678 631	S	2 733.727 22 864 37,660 1 039 1,038,656 204 953 12 589		S	74,138,242 1,135,275 1,073,270 28,879 47,510,661 5,660,425 672,889	\$	2 689 229 20,370 38,925 655 1,723,221 205,306 12 206
Remodeled Commercial (0.742% to 3.71%, 0.725% to 3.627%) Class 4 Subtotal		<u> </u>	899,027 111,057,795		7,580 4 059 068			891,420 131,111,061	<u> </u>	13,814 4 703 726
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3 <sup>c</sup> )		S	10 258,863	S	307,764		\$	10.876 903	S	326,306
Cual fied New Industrial (3 ) Pollution Control (3 ) Gasohol Related (3°) Research and Development (0° +3°)			-		-					
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3:1) Class 5 Subtotal		\$	10 258 863	\$	307 764		\$	10,876 903	\$	326,306
CLASS 6 Livestock (4'+, 3-, ) Lease and Rental Equipment (4' 3		S	5 199 920 6 430	S	207 984 257		\$	4 715 768 6.084	\$	141,443 183
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4", 3%) Class 6 Subtotal		\$	5 206,350	S	208 241		\$	4,721,852	S	141,626
CLASS T Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8% 3%)		\$		\$			S		S	
CLASS 8  Machinery 6 31 1  Farm implements (6 \( \infty \) 3\( \infty \)  Furniture and Fixtures (6 \( \infty \) 3\( \infty \)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$ 	5.358,708 23 252 710 3 295 223 7.596,123 39,502,764	S	321,549 1 395 174 197,715 455,660 2,370,098		\$	5 253 057 21.817 284 3.503.970 7 620 200 38,194,511	\$	157,611 654 522 105,118 228,678 1,145,929
CLASS 9 Utilities (12 <sup>k</sup> +)		S	24,984 679	\$	2 998,160		\$	20 935,197	\$	2,512,223
CLASS 10 Timber Land (3/68) = 0.577 i	0	S		\$		0	S		\$	-
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08% 4 27%) Artines (6 08 : 4 27%)		\$	27 415 160 790	S	1 666,842	To the second se	\$	29 623.170 679	\$	1,264,908
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	27 415 950	S	1,666.891	3 4 1	\$	29 623,849	\$	1 264,937
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6 ) Telecommunication Property (64)		\$ 		S 		**************************************	\$ 	2,588,108 2,588,108	\$ 	146,511 146,511
Class 13 Subtotal		5	225 020 200		40,004,000	of the state of th	3			146.511
Total		\$	335,878,769	3	16,004,056	7	\$	356,474,427	\$	14,572,885

Treasure			1999					2000		
-	Acres		ssessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		\$	-		Ş		•	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		S			S		3	
CLASS 3 Agnoultural Land Tillable Irrigated 3 T1	2 609 17 097 513 029 456 346	\$	9 756 118 2 479 413 11 317 075 155 674 12 076	\$	361 949 91 982 419 879 5 776 3 136	20 109 17 044 513 081 456 346		9,908,149 0,414,860 11,961,001 168,139 10,948	\$	61 W 4 49 74 W 431 14 6 14 7 14
Class 3 Suptotal	551 536	S	23 720 356	S	382 722	551 536	5	14 616 411	S	331 F 1
CLASS 4 Landland improvements  Residential 3 11   3 627    Residential Low income 0 742 1 to 2 597   0 725 1 to 2 539    Mobile Homes 3 71   3 627    Mobile Homes Low Income 0 742 - to 2 597   0 725 10 2 539    Commercial 3 71 - 3 627    Industrial 3 71 - 3 627    New Manufacturing (1 655 1 to 3 715 1 814 1 to 3 627 1)  Qualified Golf Courses (1 855 1 814 1)  Remodeled Commercial (0 742 - to 3 71 5 0 725 1 to 3 627 5)		5	9 314 688 57 799 560 125 2 081 1 393 007 375 783	\$	384 340 1 429 20 764 39 51 684 13 942		3	5 800 363 117 745 772 501 2 203 1 465 451 366 270		2.11 61 1 2.3 11 1 2.6 12 1 4.1 1 5.3 1.6 6 1.3 2.8 6
Class 4 Subtotal		S	11 413 483	\$	422,218		S	11 546 553	S	416 890
CLASS 5  Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (31)  Cualified New industrial (3 )  Pollution Control (3 )  Gasohol Related (3 )  Research and Development (0 :- 3 )  Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3 ): 1		\$	3 474 801	S	104 243		S	3 315 847	\$	99,476
Class 5 Suptotal		S	3 474 801	S	104 243		S	3 315 847	S	99,478
CLASS 6 Livestock 4 3 Lease and Rental Equipment (4 - 3) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4 : 3) Class 6 Subtotal		\$ 	5 329 443 32 134 5 361 577	S	213 182 * 285 		S	5 445 991 40 027 5 486 018	S	163 301 1 201 164 572
CLASS 7		Ÿ	3 301 317	Ų	214 407		Ų	3 420 616		1040 2
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8% 3 //)		S		\$			S		\$	-
CLASS 8  Machinery (6 iii 31")  Farm Implements (6% 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6% 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$ 	525 678 4 503,611 368,543 126,565 5,524,397	\$ 	31 547 270 217 22 113 6 908 330 785		\$ 	1 233 703 4 997 193 274 200 68 551 6 573 647	\$ 	37 011 149 910 8 227 2 058 197 206
CLASS 9		•	45 440 000				•			
Utilities (12%) CLASS 10		\$	15 413 398	\$	1,849 607		S	13 677 936	\$	1 64* 352
Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	14 160	S	1 186 481	\$	8,066	14 160	S	1 647 800	Ş	9 404
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) <u>Arlines (6 08%, 4 27%)</u>		\$	15,084 073	\$	917 112	- 4	\$	16 143 155	\$	689 313
Class 12 Subtotal		S	15,084,073	\$	917,112		\$	16,143,155	\$	689 313
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%) Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$			\$ 	3,311,118 3,311,118	\$	196,013 196 013
Total		S	81,178,566	\$	4,729,220	!	S	86,217,475	S	4,306,117
			0.11.01000	<u>-</u>	11.20,220		Ť	44/211/310	<u> </u>	.,000,117

#### 92 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - VALLEY

Valley			1999			***********		2000		
_	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed	_	Taxable
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	-	S			S	_	S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		ŝ		S			S	-	S	•
		J	-	Ş			Ş	•	Ş	•
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Trable Impated 3 Trable Non-Impated Non-	44 399 672 124 744 597 8 312 3 207	\$	1: 927 653 86 742 107 24 656 728 1 239 499 108 497	Ş	442 514 3 218,172 914 845 45 992 28 171	44 335 665 809 741 174 8 355 3 285	) 	12,245,442 86,314,770 25,928,795 1,268,617 116,503	S	444 136 3 130,648 940,460 46,006 29 576
Class 3 Subtotal	1 472 638	S	124 674 484	\$	4 649 694	1 462 958	3 \$	125 874 127	\$	4 590,826
CLASS 4 Landland improvements  Residential 3 T 1 = 3 62T = 1  Residential Low income (C T42 = to 2 59T = 0 T25 ± to 2 539 = 1  Mobile Homes 3 T 1 = 3 62T = 1  Mobile Homes Low Income (C T42 = to 2 59T ± 0 T25T + to 2 539T + 1)  Commercial (3 T 1 = 3 62T = 1)  Industrial (3 T 1 = 3 62T = 1)		5	113 561 814 1 404 321 2 357 457 37 939 602 2 255 251	\$	4 212 771 28 016 87 514 1,407 612 83 669		3	111 183,162 1,163,704 2 263,845 70 898 37 710,018 2,341 995	S	4 032 813 23,813 82,113 1,558 1 367,682 84,944
New Manufacturing 1,855 to 3,71 (1,814) to 3,627 (1) Qualified Golf Courses 1,855 1,814 (1)			233 750		4 336			266 521		4 835
Remodeled Commercial (2.142 - to 3.11); 0.7251 to 3.621 + Class 4 Subtata		\$	157 752 195	<u> </u>	5 323 913		5	155,000 143	\$	5 597 758
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op. 31 +		\$	11 430 206	S	342 908		\$	11,308 069	\$	339.242
Qualified New Industrial (3) (1) Pollution Control (3) (1) Gasonol Related (3) (1) Research and Development (0) (-3)			-	4	-			-		- - -
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (31). Class 5 Subtotal		S	11 430 236	S	342 908		S	11 308 069	S	339 242
Livestock 4 , 3 ) Lease and Rental Equipment (4 3 )		S	13,072 183 3,432	\$	522,893 137		S	14 530 819 3,213	\$	435,912 96
Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4 37) Class 6 Subtotal		\$	13 075 615	\$	523 030		\$	14 534 032	\$	436 008
CLASS T Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util   8   3		S		S			ŝ		\$	
LASS 3 Machinery 6 3 Farm implements 6 3 Furniture and Fixtures 6 3 Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtotal		\$	4 690,915 22,111,684 4 938 251 2,610,085 34 351,135	S	1 326,723 296,306 149,267		\$	6 482 062 21,881,055 3 716,089 1,973,561 34 052 767		656,437 111 484 59,226
CLASS 9 Utilities 121:		ŝ	94 846 660	S	11 381 599		S	89 397 019	\$	10.727 643
CLASS 10 Timber Land   0.68   0.57	0	S		S		(	) S		S	-
CLASS 12  Pairoaus 6 08 + 4 27 + 4.27 + 4.27 + 2.2 + 2		\$	27 731,934 116 764 27 345 698	S	1,686 100 7,099 1 693 199		\$	29 675 480 111 587 29,787 067	\$	1,267,142 4 764 1 271 906
L488 13 Electrical Generation Property, 8 Telectrichungation Property, 8		S	·	_	<u>:</u>		_	10.718.011		600,855
Class 18 Subtota Total		\$	463,978,993	\$	26,468,107		\$	10 718 011 470,671,235		

Wheatland			1999					2000			
-	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		\$		S			S		5		
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		\$		\$			5		Ş		
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land Tillable Irrigated 3.71 3.527 Tillable Non-Irrigated 3.71 3.627 Grazing 3.71 3.627 Wild Hav i 3.71 3.627 Non-Qualified Ag Land 25.97 25.389 Eligible Mining Claims 3.71 3.627 Diass 3.Subtotal	18 634 99 218 624 487 19 116 4 048 0	\$	3 472 671 13 178 914 17 556 133 3 496 915 140 422	Ş	128 842 488 934 651 340 129 366 36 430	18 634 100 083 625 614 19 111 4 119 Ten 661	S	9 800 836 19 265 334 19 442 491 3 981 348 149 397 29 295 863	Š	109 607 494 453 450 463 109 550 35 509	
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements	00 004	,	5 033 022	Ψ	1 404 502		v	60 000 000		9000	
Residential 3 11 3 627 -  Residential Low Income 0 742 to 2 597 0 725 to 2 539 1  Mobile Homes (3 71 - 3 627 )  Mobile Homes Low Income 0 742 to 2 597 0 725 to 2 539 Commercial (3 71 3 627 )  Industrial (3 71 3 627 )  New Manufacturing (1 855 to 3 71 1 814 to 3 627 )  Qualified Golf Courses (1 855 to 3 71 0 725) to 3 627 )  Class 4 Subtotal		\$	27 999 979 615 335 356 032 17 780 3 814 273 931 458	\$	12,573 13,209 462 141,509 34,556		-	28 289 306 871 671 496 192 19 195 3 736 112 907 200	8	* 325 423 *1 707 *1 997 259 *25 510 32 905	
CLASS 5		-	3010403		1241030			04 000 100			
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3)  Qualified New Industrial (3)  Pollution Control (3)(4)  Gasohol Related (3)(5)  Research and Development (0)(4-3)(4)  Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3)		\$	1 080 986	\$	32 428		S	1 068,932	S	32 D68 - -	
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	1,080 986	\$	32 428		5	1 068 932	S	32 158	
CLASS 6  Livestock (41° 3%)  Lease and Rental Equipment (4 3° )  Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4 3 3 V)		\$	9,342 274	\$	373 684 75		S	9 456 464 2 560 	5	283 694 283 771	
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	9,344,156	S	373 759		5	8 408 044	\$	7,23	
CLASS 7  Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8 <sup>3</sup> , 3)		S		\$			S		\$		
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%) Farm Implements (6%, 3%) Fumiture and Fixtures (6%, 3%) Other Business Equipment Class 8 Subtotal		\$	2,314,892 7,396,610 612,822 529,727 10,853,051	S	138 896 443,804 36 771 31,467 650 938		\$	1 096 276 7 434 572 601 624 401 898 9 534 370	ŝ	32 887 223,032 18 051 12 060 286 032	
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		S	65 480,084	\$	7 857 611		S	54 211 809	\$	6 505 417	
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0.68%, 0.57° ·	15,703	S	1 160.082	\$	7 887	15 703	S	1 600 064	S	9 126	
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Airlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	5,741 601	\$	349 090		\$	6 147 442	Ş	262 498	
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	5,741,601	S	349 090		S	6 147 442	-	262 498	
CLASS 13  Electrical Generation Property (6 )  Telecommunication Property (6")  Class 13 Subtotal		\$ 		\$			\$	6,643,1 <u>02</u> 6,643,102	\$	<u>409,01,</u> 409,01	
		3					2				
Total		3	165,229,839	\$	11,947,725		\$	162,260,802	3	10,468,500	

#### 94 PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - WIBAUX

Wibaux			1999					2000		
	Acres		ssessed	1	axable	Acres		Assessed		Гахаble
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S	_	S			S		S	
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S			S		S	
CLASS 3 Agricultural Land										
Tillable ingated 3.71 · 3.627	_	S	-	S	-	0	S		S	-
T+able Non-Irrigated (3.71.5.3.627)  Grazing 3.713.627	128 958 374 233		17 960 601 11 810 343		666 329 438 154	128 958 374 233		17 992.198 12 458 391		652 578
Wild Hay 3 71 × 3 627° e)	0 0		11010343		430 134	0		12 400.091		451.873
Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97) 25.389° (	336		11.724		3 045	336		12 412		3,151
Eligible Mining Claims (3.71°, 3.627 ±). Class 3 Subtotal	503 527		29 782 668	5	1 107 528	503 527	S	30.463.001	ŝ	1.107.602
CLASS 4 Land and Improvements		•	20 - 02 000	·		000 02	•		•	1,101,002
Residential (3.71%) 3.627%		S	13 016 207	\$	482 823		\$	12 214 148	S	443 074
Residential Low Income $0.742^{\circ}$ : to $2.597 - 0.725$ , to $2.539$			93 453		2 040			62 118		1 412
Mobile Homes (3.71 * 3.62**).			548 322		20 344			550 288		19 984
Mobile Homes Low Income (3.742) to 2.5971 - 0.72515 to 2.531 Commercial 3.71 - 3.6271 to	# 11		1 373 2 156 946		10 80 023			1 321 2 180 758		79 106
Industrial 3.71 3.627			165,729		6.143			123 000		4 462
New Manufacturing 1 955 to 3 71 1 814 to 3 627					-					
Qualified Golf Courses (1 855   1 814   )			-		-			-		
Remodeled Commercial <u>0.742</u> ; to 3.71 <u>0.725</u> ; to 3.627 <sup>6</sup> ; Class 4 Subtotal		<u> </u>	15 982 030	\$	591 388		\$	15 131 633	S	548 028
CLASS 5										
Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op. 3 - 1		S	3 301,146	S	99 035		S	3 510 549	S	105.317
Qualified New Industrial (31-)										
Pollution Contro (3%)					*			v		
Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%~3%)										
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3')										
Class 5 Subtotal		\$	3 301,146	\$	99.035		\$	3,510.549	\$	105,317
CLASS 6										
Livestock (4" - 3")		\$	4 727 407	\$	189 098		S	4 925 848	S	147 759
Lease and Rental Equipment (4 , 3%).  Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4 , 3%).										
Class 6 Subtotal		\$	4 727 407	5	189 098		\$	4 925 848	\$	147,759
CLASS 7										
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8% 3%)		\$		\$	•		\$	•	\$	
CLASS 6 Machinery (6 - 31s)		ė	1.040.002	÷	02.000		ė	274 479		0.324
Farm Implements (6°c, 3°o)		3	1,649,903 5,583,882	5	93 998 335 035		٥	5,507,889	٥	8 231 165,242
Furniture and Fixtures (6% 3%)			279,168		16 752			250 044		7 506
Other Business Equipment			3,761,609	_	225,701		_	4,513,141		135,399
Class 8 Subtotal		\$	11,274 562	\$	676,486	,	\$	10,545,553	\$	316,378
CLASS 9										
Ublities (12 %		\$	4 364,450	S	523.734	9	S	3 568 169	\$	428.180
CLASS 10						4				
Timber Land   0.68%   0.57%)	0	S		S		. 0	\$	-	\$	
CLASS 12					5	ł				
Railroads (5.38 × 4.27°); Airlines (6.08°), 4.27°;		\$	5,969,509	S	362 947		\$	6.391,462	\$	272,916
Class 12 Subtotal		S	5.969 509	S	362 947		\$	6.391 462	\$	272,916
CLASS 13										
Electrical Generation Property (6°)		\$	*	\$		,	\$		\$	-
Telecommunication Property (61-)		_		_		}	_	1,758,732	_	105,523
Class 13 Subtotal		\$		\$		i	S	1 758 732	S	105 523
								76.294,947		

## PROPERTY ASSESSMENT AND TAXABLE VALUE - YELLOWSTONE

Yellowstone	1999								2000					
_	Acres		Assessed		Taxable	Ac	res		Assessed		Taxable			
CLASS 1 Net Proceeds		S		S				S		Ş				
CLASS 2 Gross Proceeds		S		S				S		3				
CLASS 3 Agnicultural Land Tillable Irngated (3.71° 3.627 + Tillable Non-Irrigated (3.71° 6.3.527 + Grazing (3.71 ° 6.3.627 +) Willd Hay (3.71 = 3.627 +) Non-Qualified Ag Land (25.97 - 25.389° +)	69 745 211 680 973 433 5 594 34 050		33 012 669 33 542 826 25 242 834 1 097 758 1 186 939	S	1 224 772 1 244 448 936,567 40 725 308 256	21 97	9 558 0 412 2 715 5 590 4 818	S	33 620 188 33 335 582 26 663 299 1 122 856 1 271 517	5	1 219 413 1 209 097 967 040 40 727 320 771			
Eligible Mining Claims (3.71%, 3.627%)  Class 3 Subtotal	0 1 294 502	\$	94 083 026	\$	3 754 768	1 29		Ş	96 014 032	ŝ	3 750 050			
CLASS 4: Land and Improvements Residential (3.71 + 3.627 + 1) Residential Low Income (0.742 + to 2.597 + 0.725 + to 2.539 + 4) Mobile Homes (3.71 + 3.627 * 4) Mobile Homes Low Income (0.742 + to 2.597 + 0.725 * to 2.539 Commercial (3.71 * 3.627 * 4) Industrial (3.71 * 3.627 * 4) New Manufacturing (1.855 * 4) to 3.71 * 1.814 * 4 to 3.627 * 4) Qualified Golf Courses (1.855 * 1.814 * 1) Remodeled Commercial (0.742 * 4) to 3.71 * 7.75 * to 3.627 * 4)		\$	2 348 312 006 47 174 963 63 715 928 2 849 337 1 033,933,130 88,164 329 28,237,777 14 934,484	5	87 122 575 923 901 2 363 655 57 263 38 358 936 3 270 898 614 833 277 034			\$	2 397 303 969 42 830 950 70 550 933 2 331 024 1 097 370 050 91 527 774 26 211 762 15 043 808 1 202 945	\$	66 961 356 810 809 2 558 484 46 133 39 801 551 3 319 712 588 342 272 896 8 721			
Class 4 Subtotal		S	3,627,321,954	\$	132 989,295			\$	3,744,373,215	\$	134,357 674			
CLASS 5 Rural Electric and Telephone Co-Op (3%) Qualified New Industrial (3%) Pollution Control (3%) Gasohol Related (3%) Research and Development (0%-3%)		S	27,851,648 - 193,862,171	\$	835.547 5 608,637			S	34.529.867 232.144 948	\$	1,035 899 - 6 847 284			
Aluminum Electrolytic Equipment (3%) Class 5 Subtotal		5	221,713,819	S	6,444,184			S	266 674 815	ŝ	7 883 183			
CLASS 6 Livestock (4%, 3%) Lease and Rental Equipment (4%, 3%) Canola Seed Processing Equipment (4%, 3%) Class 6 Subtotal		\$	15,615,704 1,128,265 16,743,969	\$	624 608 45,130 			\$	18 109 994 938,321 19 048 315	\$	543 005 28 151 571 156			
CLASS 7														
Non-Centrally Assessed Public Util (8% 3%)		S	4,444,156	5	355 532			\$	-	\$				
CLASS 8  Machinery (6%, 3%)  Farm Implements (6%, 3%)  Furniture and Fixtures (6%, 3%)  Other Business Equipment  Class 8 Subtotal		\$	381,058,206 23,061,649 127 286,204 36,663,537 568,069,596	\$	19,859,149 1,383,732 7,637,218 2,066,061 30,946,160	1		\$	407,145,148 22,295,581 140,721 227 35,586,900 605,748 856	\$ 	11 188 832 668.869 4 221.697 1.067.885 17 147 283			
CLASS 9 Utilities (12%)		S	334,868,764	S	40.184.253			S	206,762,771	S	24 811.524			
CLASS 10 Timber Land (0 68%, 0 57%)	32,762	S	2 750,234	S	18,701	3	2 702	\$	3,812,386	S	21 747			
CLASS 12 Railroads (6 08%, 4 27%) Arlines (6 08%, 4 27%)		\$	93,259,560 34,436,526	\$	5,670,180 2,093,741	·		\$	96,883,686 44,244,479	\$	4 136,933 1,889,240			
Class 12 Subtotal		\$	127 696 086	\$	7 763,921			S	141,128,165	S	6.026 173			
CLASS 13 Electrical Generation Property (6%) Telecommunication Property (6%)		\$	-	\$	-			\$	35,871,501 126,026,645	\$	2.152 290 7.397.654			
Class 13 Subtotal		\$	-	\$	-			\$	161,898,146	S	9 549,944			

#### TAXABLE VALUE BY COUNTY, BY PROPERTY CLASS - TAX YEAR 2000

0	Ó1 4	010	01-	2				T I	01 5
County	Class 1	Class 2	Class		Residential	Commerc		Total	Class 5
Beauerhead	\$	S -		379	\$ 6 493 665	\$ 2.041			\$ 455,760
E g Horn		-	3 59		3 186,438	3.712.		5 898 438	692 095
B aine			4 00	1911	2 083,525	516		2,599,744	271 708
Broadwater	163 694	275 233	1 12	328	2 689 851	625	214	3 315.065	92.703
larbon	3 450	-	2.28	3 678	10 310 857	1,847	074	12 157,931	205 290
Carter	2 325 193	-	2 13	1 187	576 390	60	840	637 230	84 916
Cascade		-	4 75	2.856	49 933.107	22 778	645	72 711.752	458 236
Chouteau			9.17	3 853	3 442 029	620.	838	4 062.867	317 848
Custer		-	2 60	3 242	5 201 555	2 249	315	7 450.870	144.818
Daniels		-	2 29	137	1 015 195	223	548	1 238 743	183,738
Dawson			3 17	213	3 848 458	1 108	067	4 956 525	491 228
Deer Lodge		+	39.	3 412	4 765 872	1 172	512	5 938 384	130 468
Falion				1441	1 181 201	388		1 569 407	163 097
Feraus		_		549	6 893 605	1 753		8 647 288	360 402
Flathead				487	83 528 727	26 052		109 581 713	3 325 279
Gallatin				612	69 104 932	25 574		94 679 090	433,946
		-	3 25		713.477		188	788 665	191 686
Garfield		-			~				
Glaber Distriction		-		3 255	3 207 319	1 678		4 885,990	837.508
Golden valley				1 352	538 149		970	599 119	94 581
Granite		-		448	2 679 980	399		3 079 417	24 557
		-	6 23		8 447 378	3 167		11 615 048	530 145
Lefferson	149 954	2 256 976		0.504	7831137	1.601		9 433 082	626 407
dudith Basin		_	2 84	726	* 427 276	206	293	1 633 569	89.367
La-e	-	-	1.41	3 690	29 255 122	4 459	593	33 714 815	476 124
Lewis And Clark	-	-	1 94	2 453	41 068 935	18 030	691	59.099 626	816.796
Liberty		-	3.25	1 238	1 530 440	284	756	1 815 196	129 612
_ ngg n			25	472	13 806 848	3 003	690	16 810 538	1 477 209
Madison	2 535 574	1.86	2.48	2 950	12 176 923	2 723	798	14 900.721	402 894
Macane		_	3 44	993	1 034 602	183	553	1 213 155	349 017
'l'eagher	-	2 * 50		228	* 579 964	268		1 848 392	17 376
Mineral		2 00		3 317	2 544 134	737		3 332 016	36 383
∵ssou a				434	73 697 698	39 384		13 082 367	1 306.203
∵usse she'l				142	2 159 031	388.		2 547.336	376 030
Park		-		5 443	14 473 446	4 312		18 785 516	350 142
Petroleum	•	-		3 211	281 929		930	307 859	115 519
									280 783
Pr ps		-		746	2 114 948	580		2 795 055	
Pondera				3 788	3 263 078	1.069		4 333 026	342 583
Pawder River				1 548	862 334	137		999.688	266 000
Powe		*		1.299	3 545 980	784		4 330,972	207 363
Prairie		-		3.166	470.701		467	557 168	99.471
Ravalli		-	1.10	0.870	34,113 556	6,576.		40,689 684	518.267
Pichland		*	3 61.	3 254	4 549,102	1,889	927	6.439 029	646,982
Rocsevelt		*	3 50	3 730	2 389 380	967	645	3 357 025	255,977
Posebud		-	3 23	9.086	2.813,670	2,138	659	4 952 329	8 655.687
Sanders		~	57	5.104	7 628,420	1 447	335	9 075 755	194 801
Sher dan		_	3,32	294	1 927 966	591.	942	2 519 908	212 245
Silver Bow		* 699 140	37	9.755	19 824,652	12.286	293	32 110 945	712,100
St water		4 227 290		1655	6.897 146	1 801		8 698,504	347.625
Sweet Grass				9 199	3 020 145	739		3.759 564	259 949
Telon				1 440	3 751 501	833.		4 585 442	654 197
Tacle		-		627	2 749 179	1 954		4 703 726	325 306
		-					440	416 890	99 476
Treasur <b>e</b>				1 891	350 450				
- 3 ey		-		2 826	4 140 297	1 457		5 597 758	339 242
neat and				0.610	1 061 556	168		1 229 971	32.068
∴ baux		-		602	454 460		558	548 028	105 317
re dastone		·	3 75	9 050	90 366 752	43 990	922	134 35" 5"4	7 883.183
	\$ 5,178,965	\$ 8,460,975			\$ 669.015.067	\$ 251,521,	400 (	920.536,187	\$ 39,008,610

#### TAXABLE VALUE BY COUNTY, BY PROPERTY CLASS - TAX YEAR 2000 Continued

County	Class 6	Class 7	Class 8	Class 9	Class 10	Class 12	Class 13	Grand Tota
Beaverhead	\$ 428,957	\$ 172	5 1514 (1)	\$ 1400.473	\$ 33.877	\$ 24,764	5 - 2	\$ 1000000
Big Horn	F40 175		F of Law	3.2.3.50	5.374	944 715	2, 2,144	1.4
Blaine	189.54		941-44	. 777 488	1 354	4-L	177.4,1	
Broadwater	130,000		8-7-43	E 41 HF E	47 A 18	. *		* : .
Carbon	306 433		14 - 3 -	7 12 4 4	2 , 1 *	4-12.	Aur 1	4 4
Darter	41774		₫ e 1ë	7.537	14 - 41		4 4	1.0
Cascade	£15 J82	148 254	43,4 ,	3-61-678	24,242	,7,7	13 38 42 4	
Chouteau	32 4 5 1 5	140 204	127 318	n 10 m 791	11 1, -	127	3.400	
Custer	479 106		814 033	1 % 1 442	75 1- A	1 1	143.51	13 5 4 1
Daniels	120 714		\$5,4 £2.5	86 106	4 ,	[14 612	5111	
	286.757		3-2 281	2 69 1615		1 667 747		
Da:son			27 - 21 27 - 340	1 60 7 941	- 27 5,72	, 4 21 -	-4- 1-	
Deer Lodge	53.971					12123	- M-2	
Fallon	159 812		1 9 1 141	5 359 90 -	2.5.5		2000	
Fergus	ยาม คาก		1.473 613	1 5 3 1 2 3 1	85,29-	,		
F athead	221 166		5 994 394	4 975 139	1 535 26.	2.561.659	317 341	*
Gallatin	446.6**		5 239 827	9 632 647	319.514	* 717 112	3.144	114 556 127
Garfield	451 723		344 417		374		- 4 m	5.00.377
Glabier	274.218	7 44*	982,919	6 850 924	4 75	1 125 275	£82 £12	15 014 767
Golden Valley	152 335		134 171	3 079 037	7,656	341 735	87 336	F 7 9 7 4 1 ]
Granite	185 933		387,516	2 728 772	320 121	746 437	435 784	- 533 965
Hill	213 346		1,647,712	5.599.052	4 192	2 525 512	358 616	1 - 130 994
Jefferson	179,605		2 135,743	3 620 864	47,374	890 846	572 774	2174234
Judith Basin	411,408		442,741	5 008 762	10 797	795 359	451 292	** 473.001
Lake	380 266		2 356 980	350 823	317.475	573 866	3 383 342	41 472 3-1
Lewis And Clark	321 007		3 369 919	9 192 277	242.834	1 290 414	6 336 321	47 × 1 * m42
Liberty	116 621		717 580	689 549		437 285	2.31.1	1 472 393
_incoln	75 524		1487558	000 0 10	1 399 124	2 050 930	956 236	44.15
Madison	577 108		1 535,96U	2 768 187	129 (35	524 911	228 197	1 192 113
	266 255		621 686	152 025	125 1 55	132 763	8 815	111113
Mccone					184 257	102 90	, Ha	4 (46
Meagher	332 465		312 024	3 601 336				
Mineral	17,624		238 213	2,912 964	236 227	122 736	367 8.5	
Missoula	193 679		3 836,848	12,055,267	1 253 625	2.4% 198	4 521 138	144 (1, 4 ) 57
Musselshell	278,826		382 100	1,489,844	102 676		2981	, 95° 414
Park	361 403		1 093 707	4 290 800	247 924	691 546	630, 9.15	29,468,784
Petroleum	228 322		126 343		1437			1777 521
Phillips	565 268		876,760	4 811 827	5,62	86. 366	288 487	14 147 155
Pondera	217,867		1 3 1 1 7 1 8	2 887 340	4 98 *	521346	253 511	1, 1, 1, 1, 44:
Powder River	522,749		414,355	237 004	11.569		~_	4,475,491
Powe I	297,768		463 715	3 324 804	521 711	~, ~ ~ ~ _	6.5314	1: 118 725
Praine	242 221		236 490	30€ 971	290	780 651	211 %	+ B 2 849
Ravalli	368 684		1 414 486	2 879 987	201 343	616 493	1 236 614	4 - 16 493
Richland	261.589		2,035 350	2 089.334		429 286	1 (01 218	14 516 042
Roosevelt	183,530	_	1,166 134	12,388,476		1 776 727	555 463	23 192,062
Rosebud	497,752		3,725,709	4 975,536	29 938	1 100 248	73 458 815	1, 1635 103
Sanders	163,643		619,865	3,157,619	912,812	1,937 672	10 396 951	27 135 221
Sheridan	161,123		1,230,302	400.951	7 Z 10 14	537,008	154 50.	8 645 633
Silver Bow	59 068		12 951 861	8,523,461	26 086	478 947	1.513 1.4	58.543.40
						524 111	623 HHP	10 1 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Stillwater	346 686		4 156 453	7 401 685	44 439			
Sweet Grass	348,289		1 226,003	1.487,797	57 064	517 683	376.851	3 5 32 595
Teton	367.264	-	891 230	1 818 320	23 44 1	719 503	229,016	1 7 - 76
Toole	141 626		1 145 929	2 5 1 2 2 2 3		1 264 937	144, 511	111 2 501
Treasure	164,572		197,276	1 541 352	9 404	689 313	198.71 -	3 - 11
Valley	436,008		1,021-514	10.727.643		* 271 908		, do not or
Wheatland	283,771		286 352	6 505 417	9.126	262 495	479.1	** 4
Wibaux	147 759		316.378	428 180		272,916	* 7 * 1	
Yellowstone	571 156	·	17 147 293	24 811 524	21 747	6,026,173	< 549,511	4 1,7 34
Total	\$ 17,971,637	\$ 155,867	\$ 112,782,734	\$ 230,832,978	\$ 8,708,849	\$ 49.641.444	\$ 147,142,750	\$ 1,679,739,875

#### PROPERTY TAXABLE VALUE - CITIES AND TOWNS

	TAXABLE VALUE	OF CITIES AND	Towns - Tax Years	OWNS - TAX YEARS 1999 AND 2000		
City	1999	2000	City	1999	2000	
Alberton	\$ 313 787	\$ 292,902	Jordan	\$ 255,352	\$ 221,567	
Anaconda	4 203,274	3,577,790	Judith Gap	129,727	99,429	
Bainville	136.407	110,124	Kalispell	24 946,503	23.261.446	
Baker	1 252 956	1 127,444	Kevin	95 290	88 095	
Bearcreek	61 972	66 602	Laurel	6 694 717	6.084 538	
Belgrade	5 437 178	5 525 707	Lavina	144.225	148,665	
Belt	780 362	444 466	Lewistown	5,563 934	5,181 572	
Big Sandy	593 152	554 175	Libby	3.002 630	2.625.964	
Big Timber	2 099 625	2 127 566	Lima	168,088	169.011	
Billings	122 789 770	109 957 108	Livingston	9 095 234	8,472,324	
Boulder	796,599	777 833	Lodge Grass	180 806	130,879	
Bozeman	39 435,514	40 369 214	f.falta	2 086.843	1,833.357	
Bridger	614 882	591 015		1 580.601		
Broadus	353 253	318 931	Manhattan		1 535,351	
	227 740		Medicine Lake	153 427	134 915	
Bready ew		215 924	Melstone	99.496	98.992	
Bruckton	69.190	62 483	Miles City	7 202 596	6 432 934	
Breaning	469 969	463 666	Missoula	78 746 977	78.740 942	
Cascade	637 526	600 707	Moore	225,307	178.629	
Chester	771 269	718 309	Nashua	224 493	196,507	
Chinook	1 140 117	1 063 068	Neihart	240 732	250 999	
Choteau	1 474 966	1 428 782	Ophe m	89 784	83.589	
Circle	871 526	578 828	Cutlook	52 737	40 926	
_', te Par∗	263 112	264 828	Phillipsburg	826 396	781 190	
L. strip	150 067 969	79 869 812	Pinesdale	166 060	161,282	
u . lumbia Fals	4 812 625	4 124 877	Plains	1 288.293	1 093,244	
.ciambus	4 rm5 787	5 250 819	P entywood	1 883.678	1 647,800	
Conrad	1 189 896	1 802 857	Pevna	87 333	75,333	
Lu ceris in	£12.357	459 513	Polson	5 205 327	5 024 808	
t Bar •	108113	2 461 111	Poplar	624 893	472,050	
Darby	741.837	864 794	Red Lodge	4 182 277	4 295 962	
Deer Lodge	2 585 489	2 393 500		156 206	145.107	
			Richey			
Denton	241 499	206 118	Roman	1 617 673	1.509 081	
Chian	3 935 515	3 905 ATZ	Roundup	1 602 953	1,512 765	
Dadson	99.317	83,092	Ryegate	150 207	142 485	
Crummer d	472 198	399 481	Saco	226 536	199 367	
Dutton	53.33	351 885	Scobey	811 505	742.589	
East Helena	4 524 716	3 368 810	Shelby	2 760 850	3,221,282	
Ekalaka	199 840	178 982	Sheridan	689 374	670.627	
Errs	1 419 333	1 475 339	3 dney	4 140 413	3 797 188	
€ 7043	₽17 E24	493,216	Et Ignatus	141 411	437 938	
Faret	9-9-194	9d3 JR3	Stanford	397 382	331 546	
E. 1. EA	441 463	3 23 722	Stevens. Ite	1 741 692	1,680 178	
7 - 1 - 5	51.763	47 218	Sunturst	250 583	242 626	
E rayth	192 211	1 541 179	Superior	1.032,716	931,375	
F - Be to	1717672	* 121 94	Terry	467 557	392 704	
	1 8 18 149	199,294	Thompson Fais	1 786 270	1 405.606	
=. :	128 743	179 417	Three Forks	1 572 658	1.588,193	
Fr. iberi	246 748	255 762				
			Townsend	1 652 639	1 580.318	
	173 101	230 043	Troy	842 148	725.306	
- asgow	3 527 697	3 194 994	Twin Bridges	401,550	397,427	
Berd.P	5 012 613	4 511 245	Valier	509,624	492,679	
1,488 B 4, 36	7 ± 498	76.577	virginia City	254,444	276 431	
5 113° € 1 S	71 228 505	45 146 509	Aalkerville	314 965	318,531	
Lit ton	8.1 1.745	5 773 622	West Yellowstone	3 993 858	4 071.757	
2.1	2 742 319	2 531 856	Westby	87 782	77,394	
- 31 <del>-</del> - 11	682 208	570 648	White Sulphur	935 258	830 440	
11.101.11	44_,473	776 935	Whitefish	10 540,022	10,575,227	
	5 235 111	3 3 3 3 3 1 *	∵h tehall	1 062,711	966,309	
era	45 8 984	4, 413 4,5	W bau∗	421 165	388,751	
	111	183.232	V.√inifred	96 019	94 166	
= - 1	1 1 2 1	152 861	∴innet	95 255	98.729	
	E 514	334 7. 3		1,897,887		
			₩of Point	1,02,001	1,583 212	
	2*1 *84	195 816	Total	\$ 715,318,205	\$ 608,942,588	
	214 214	21 1 9	Total	5 / 10,010,200	= 000,344,300	
	리트라 리탈동 -	435,873				

## PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED IN MONTANA - 1999 AND 2000

	Tax Year 1999 (Fiscal Year 2000)	Tax Year 2000 (Fiscal Year 2001)
Property Valuation		
Market Valuation Taxable Valuation Statewide Total Taxable Valuation in Cities 'Towns	\$40,638,187,730 \$ 1,900,647,605 \$ 715,318,205	\$ 42,432,460 514 \$ 1,679,730 875 \$ 608,942,568
State		
University Vo-Tech (General Fund) State General Fund State Assumption of Welfare State Property Taxes	\$ 11.482.683 981.022 181.809.147 7 026.916 \$ 201.299.768	\$ 10.05 + 822 893,498 159,613,015 6,464,832 \$ 177,052,155
County		
General Road Bridge Poor Bond Interest County Fair Library Agri. Extension Planning Health and Sanitation Hospital Airport District Court Weed Control Senior Citizens Other County Property Taxes  Local Schools  Elementary K-12 and High School	\$ 44,931,578 19,242,649 6,828,167 4,414,753 196,116 2,390,216 4,234,839 2,100,192 696,410 3,728,537 1,480,383 1,096,283 9,186,984 2,448,493 1,288,213 46,780,381 \$ 146,876,926 122,530,095	\$ 45,226,035 18,411,096 6,730,035 3,998,103 158,034 2,340,943 4,052,707 1,988,487 908,573 3,935,882 1,415,724 1,035,048 8,677,666 2,896,408 1,281,784 47,016,413 \$ 156,070,876
Jr College	3.411 639	3,656,483
Local School Property Taxes	\$ 272,818,660	\$ 247,930,663
County Wide Schools	\$ 61,430,968	\$ 60,387,524
Cities & Towns	\$ 64,580,025	\$ 64.802,819
Fire Districts	\$ 12.442.649	\$ 12,513,983
Miscellaneous Districts	\$ 10,349,868	\$ 10,198,278
Total Property Tax	\$ 773,966,132	\$ 722,956,298
SIDs and Fees	\$71,104,931	\$ 71 641 879
Total Property Taxes and Fees	\$ 845,071,063	\$ 794,598,177

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# PROPERTY TAX LEVIED BY TAXING JURISDICTION

#### PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED FOR TAX YEAR 1999

County	Total of All State Taxes		County Government		Local Schools *	Misc. & Fire		Cities & Towns	Total of taxes based on Mill Levies	SIDs & Fees	Grand Total of All Taxes for All Purposes	Average Mill Levy
Beaverhead S	1,782,923	3 5	1,509 862	\$	3.584 214	\$ 124,447	\$	345,702	\$ 7,347,149	\$ 747,798	\$ 8.094,947	\$ 392.59
2 g Horn	2,525,473	3	1,065,182		3,342,048	82,155		297,100	7,311,957	578,329	7,890,286	277.26
Blaine	1.388,180		1,747.683		1.728.450	37.897		326,725		1,037,722	6.266,656	353.91
Broad ater	1 188,460	)	816 448		1,209,176	410.860		131,932		265,619		273.89
Carbon	2 584 377	7	1,933,413		4,215,097	232,715		577,779	9,543,380	197,059	9.740,439	341.29
Carter	899,115	5	927,549		759,028	4,327		43,924	2.632,944	91,491	2.724,435	290.35
Cascade	12,937,383	)	9,836,868		24.202.254	1,653,349		7,419,389	56.049,243	5,403,977		408.70
Chouteau	2.561,270	)	2.342.059		3 687.559	603,691		264 978	9.459.557	293,158	9,752,716	338.77
Custer	1 626,316	5	1 891 813		3 293,055	121,613		933,392	7.866,189	1.204.934	9.071,123	423.23
Daniels	575 218		614 636		1,159.224	203,793		107,318		228	2 660,418	412.46
Dawson	1,759 619	9	2 283,745		4 273,201	89.530		784,690	9.190.785	1,162,988	10.353,773	479.40
Deer Lodge	1 080 239		1,626,691		2,173.545	404,601		110,188	5 395,264	934,428	6.329.691	496.98
Falon	1 293,467		717,711		2,322.629	63,710		210 810		276,329	4.884,656	338.40
Fergus	2,398.054		1,887,955		4.748.680	166,501		828,143		489.028	10,518,360	380.78
Flathead	16,002,084		12,720.636		29,237,283	1,284,653		4,750,536			70,888,422	399.23
Gallatin	12,015 826		7,854,982		22,239,443	1,982,264		6,387,236		1,206,979		355.09
Garfield	563,776		842,579		655,712	0		18,255		154.013	2,234,334	369.42
Glacier	2,278.643		2,089 731		4.469.637	86,098		368.796				426 65
Golden Valley	628 023		343,280		992,963	13,412		17,115			2,017,243	315.90
Granite	964,706		1 123.139		1,352,118	69.421		123,539			4.014.182	360.22
Hil	3 288 647		3.071,092		6,145,401	259.482		1,167,407		1,644,58		384 97
Jefferson	2,330 598		1.655,088		3,260,357	182.482		177,025			8.300.691	314 13
Judith Basin	1 369,134		1 132,249		1 837 419	45.584		41.058		28,250	4,452,704	320 23
Lake	4.897 760		3 528,405		7,159,893	427.472		658,316			16,838.659	353.01
Lewis And Clark	9,763 774		7.479.873		20.103 258	748,579		4,523,718		6.003,545	48,622,747	426 65
Liberty	855,264		969 839		1 260 869	61.216		84.656		104,424	3,336.268	365.38
Lincoln	3,007 268		1.577,736		4 545,303	383,591		408.428		1,458,099	11,380,425	336.64
Madison	2.841.621		2.148 243		4.188,029	507.575		203,328			10,715,450	326 21
Macabar	729,038		943 043		1.028,495	43,333		105.547		9,953	2 859,409	374 13
Meagher Mineral	999 076 967 504		843.126 636.042		1,017,553	52.990		106,138		74,365	2,993,247	310.02
Missoula	17,109 354		15,936,491		1,774,277 33 508,642	88.260 3,945,380		93,856 1,509,377		66,798 1,970,803	3,626,737	384.28 433.94
Musselshell	737 195		797,901		1,188,481	79.617		149,807		209,914	83,980,047 3,162,915	373.61
Park	3,256,322		2,058,765		5.097,693	270,516		1 222,749		1,173,198	13,079,243	353.55
Petroleum	197,834		118,432		397.302	5.066		20,801	739,436	2.503	741,939	364.30
Phillips	1,610,715		983,086		3,112,382	80,086		281,677	6.067.946	1.135.488	7,203,435	357.81
Fondera	1,575,460		1.834 633		2,900.045	108,760		303,581	6.722,479	657,516	7.379.995	404.97
Fowder River	505,743		1,008,679		818.791	12,238		41,495		129,446	2,516,392	465.96
Finell	1 475.591		888.527		2,430.738	47,687		188,944	5.031.487	345,429	5.376.915	357.44
-tra ne	424 ( 96		499,959		633,355	13,043		58.453		406,092	2.044.998	370.90
3.311	5 446 729	ł	3,712,564		7 230.835	792,938		902,575		1.043.008	19.128.650	331.77
Richland	2 541,567		1,868 870		4.030,075	15,419		579,531	8,535,462	1,961,039	10,496,501	399.99
-1.Josevelt	2 560,191		2,102,460		4 169,046	149,434		342,709	9.323.839	233,153	9.556.992	349.29
Rosebud	17,941,918		2,929,263		6,955,561	1,718,318	2	2.259,529	31,804,589	749.299	32,553,888	157.17
Randers	3 733.819		2.151.205		5,101,181	462,740		416.687	11,865,632	997,935	12,863,567	297 18
Sheridan	1,054,229	ł	1.239,895		1,745,053	73.698		308,919	4,421,794	166.837	4,588,631	386.97
Silver Bow	8 307 385		9,424,676		17,492,430	1,314.253		16,914	36,555,658	5,627,626	42,183,283	472.86
a. Ilwater	3 136,621		2,292,050		4,163,490	197,226		472,375	10,261,762	499,415	10,761,177	308.87
- weet Grass	1 011.804		943,093		1,718,135	52,300		201,192	3,926,524	27.782	3,954,307	368 04
i-ten	1 541.260		1,435,412		2.714,758	91,347		273,930	6,056,709	1,562,514	7.619,223	373.72
Topie	1,620 158		1,843,337		2,480,529	93,722		410.706	6,448,351	455,344	6,903,695	371.45
Treasure	477,612		383,142		677.288	10,806		32,288	1,581,197	171,739	1,752,935	325.22
, le v	2 671.492		1.733,037		4,623,251	110.047		617,218	9,755,543	1,457.224	11,212,767	341.26
heatland	1.2 % 713		962,496		1.248,740	10,690		111,876	3,540,521	42,984	3,583,505	286.08
Mitaux	354,434		895,629		525,450	8,533		46,068	1,634,165	20.672	1.654,837	445.03
na stone	23,295 174		15 039,893		47,321.208	2,693,052	1	2,183.590	100.532,917	17.087,304	117.620,221	382 95
TOTAL \$	201,299,767	\$ 1	151,044,194	S :	334.249. <b>628</b>	\$ 22,792,518	\$6	4,580,025	\$773,966,132	\$71,104,931	\$ 845,071,063	

TAL \$ 201.299.767 \$ 151,044,194 \$ 334,249.628 \$ 22,792,518 \$64,580,025 \$773,966,132 \$71,104,931 \$ 845,071,063

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIED BY TAXING JURISDICTION

#### PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED FOR TAX YEAR 2000

County	Total of All State Taxes	County Government	Local Schools	Misc. & Fire Districts **	Cities & Towns	Total of taxes based on Mill Levies	SID <u>s</u> & Fees	Grand Total of All Taxes for All Purposes	Average Mill Levy
Beaverhead	\$ 1,620,364	\$ 1,565,336	\$ 3,223,641	<b>\$</b> 123,423	\$ 354,993	\$ 6,887,757	\$ 802,321	\$ 7,690 078	\$ 401.0
Big Horn	2 004,529	979,678	2,846,112	87 720	296,113	6.214 151	737,993	6.952,144	293.77
Blaine	1,223,080	1,712,856	1,449,161	33 358	344,066	4,762,521	923,437	5,685,958	362 11
Broadwater	1,035,230	930,170	1,069,216	369,942	133,578	3,538,137	356 769	3 894 906	2000
Carbon	2,395,456	1,955,559	3,938,479	227 140	609,352	9,125,986	162,314	9.289 2111	849 51
Carter	687,528	787,844	764,275	4,468	45,445	2,289,561	92,583	2,382,143	2.14 1
Cascade	12,198,582	10,384,216	23,232,826	1,657,062	7,110,015	54,582,700	5,447 286	60.029 986	4,11.04
Chouteau	2.253,847	2 245,090	3,377,831	560,925	218,744	8,656,437	251 187	8 907 624	353 21
Custer	1,452,696	1.901,012	3,267,180	48,133	957,597	7,626,617	1,180.239	8,806,856	460 5 4
Daniels	505,377	631,041	830,312	99,266	110,418	2,176,414	264 132	2 440,546	21427 6
Dawson	1,530,475	2.111,930	4,174,544	104 234	802,751	8,723,933	1,137,699	9.861 65.	517 - 1
Deer Lodge	974,864	1,635.857	2,018,625	432,747	116,775	5,178,868	983,408	6.162,275	522 9
Fallon	1,109,757	768,089	1,845,212	54.667	221,226	3,998,951	200,927	4 199,878	338 84
Fergus	2,157,359	1,869,241	4,127,589	171,546	801,445	9.127,179	483,567	9,610,746	381.91
Flathead	14,688,302	12,575,845	26,971,825	1,170.768	4,410,029	59,816,768	7.317,825	67.134 593	400 જેઈ
Gallatin	11,933,272	8,283,751	22,383,004	2,117,229	6,708,950	51,426.207	1,181,026	52 607 233	361.25
Garfield	507,531	821,063	625,722	0	19,555	1,973,871	85,622	2.059.493	388 91
Glacier	1,998,644	1,927,964	4,267,989	79,487	376,350	8,650,434	533,123	9,183,557	451.01
Golden Valley	574.217	331,950	832,339	13,595	18,393	1,770,493	13,790	1,784 283	305.79
Granite	864 720	1,102,740	1,162,609	63,199	119,294	3,312,561	388,019	3.700,580	365 66
Hill	2,908,845	2,847,835	5,598,103	233,695	1,204,557	12,793,034	1,186,190	13.979,224	395 02
Jefferson	2,081,402	1.633,541	3,150,473	194,532	181 226	7,241,174	696,712	7,937,886	333 26
Judith Basin	1,178,727	1,076,991	1,719,836	43,486	37,932	4,056,972	27,960	4.084,932	340.65
Lake	4,726,624	2,905,831	6,647,607	528,604	685,401	15,494,067	170,011	15,664,077	333 48
Lewis And Clark	9,215,214	9,530,353	21,099,072	812,397	4,456,151	45,113,187	6,303,250	51,416,437	482.47
Liberty	726,490	929,942	1,088,893	81,134	78.881	2,905,339	85,453	2.990,792	382.72
Lincoln	2,709,006	1,609,340	4,157,690	496,923	399,310	9,372,268	240,825	9,613,093	345.57
Madison	2,621,748	2.238.240	3,323,354	508,305	213,353	8,905,000	830.794	9.735,794	315.25
Mccone	625,192	910,677	968,142	8,600	107,800	2,620,410	17,617	2,638,027	41-4-52
Meagher	817,375	841,366	970,505	52,023	94,484	2,775,754	78.044	2,853,797	324 89
Mineral	858,109	748,908	1,663,236	101,610	86,075	3,457,938	70,738	3,528,676	419.47
Missoula	16,106,481	16,757,041	33,624,647	4,157,892	12,466,898	83,112,959	3,808,324	85,921,283	460 40
Musselshell	694,000	896,452	1,109,032	77,641	156,466	2,933,591	239,837	3,173,428	393 23
Park	3,110,966	1,962,206	4,547,320	276,303	1,275,922	11,172,717	1,270,177	12,442,895	339 82
Petroleum	178,511	112,931	317,601	11,649	12,465	633,156	15,450	648,606	344 59
Phillips	1,432,275	1,004,360	2,648,894	75,643	290,674	5,451,846	1,122,018	6,573,864	358 70
Pondera	1,367,565	1,648,567	2,474,588	97,800	310,683	5,899,203	669,431	6.568,634	405 88
Powder River	446.004	885,218	717,461	11,442	41,713	2,101,838	125,606	2.227,445	463.94
Powell	1,290,117	854,885	2,330,825	46,526	194,340	4,716,693	352,456	5,069,148	381 63
Prairie	363.489	517,313	451,451	11,758	58,722	1,402,733	400,034	1,802,767	370 74
Ravalli	5,394,484	4,050.717	7,234,470	945,540	930,653	18,555,864	1,039,739	19,595,603	340.74
Richland	1,702,386	2,080,028	3,511,399	14,974	565,729	7,874,517	1,998,842	9,873,358	438 41
Roosevelt	2,339,495	2,075,236	3,688,945	153,134	335,202	8,592,013	248,139	8.840,152	350 32
Rosebud	10,185,217	1,782,332	5,477,456	1,164,676	1,493,794	20,103,475	701,066	20,804,541	173 34
Sanders	2,738,087		4,063,296	393,774	389,490	9,404,842	929,366	10,334,207	318 02
Sheridan	865,214	1,186,028	1,423,451	73,037	287,858	3,835,588	160,093	3,995,681	405 62
Silver Bow	6,450,500	8,041,570	13,929,335	1,334.573	18,054	29,774.033	5.658,219	35,432,252	491 53
Stillwater	3,003,155	2.391,516	4,116,924	200,830	496,269	10,208,694	499,349	10,708,043	319 89
Sweet Grass	963,979		1,519,574	51,670	223,169	3,654,516	22,569	3,677,085	354 74
Teton	1,387,488	1,384,812	2,684,937	77,868	267,571	5,802,676	1,600,933	7,403,609	398 03
Toole	1,472,732		2,270,633	97,248	494,884	6,125,474	414,463	6,539,937	380 28
Treasure	434,474		616,068	10,615	33,802	1,462,837	183,958	1.646,795	329.73
Valley	2,478,372		4,393,488	76,523	617,780	9,281,318	1.610,292	10.891,611	349 94
Wheatland	1,056,515		1,134,073	9,620	102,900	3,221,642	41,776	3,263,418	297 22
Wibaux	305,577		389,632	8,723	45,756	1,369,051	16,800	1,385,851	434 50
Yellowstone	21,100,513		40,847,287	2,852,582	12,371,769	91,690,334	16,262,080	107,952,414	378 48
TOTAL	\$177,052,15	<u>\$150.070.876</u>	<u>\$308.318.187</u>	\$22,712,262	\$64,802,819	\$722,956,299	<u>\$71.641.879</u>	\$794,598,177	

\*Includes countywide retirement and transportation \*\*Note: Previous Biennial reports included SIDs and Fees here

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#### INTRODUCTION TO TAX EXPENDITURES

This introductory section discusses the tax expenditure concept, the purpose of tax expenditure report to the ethods used in measuring tax expenditures, caveats in the use of tax expenditure estimates, and the history of tax expenditure reporting.

House Bill 387, passed by the Fiftieth Legislature (1987), amended MCA 15-1-205 by suggesting to the Department of Revenue supplement its Biennial Report with estimates of revenue losses attributed to certain deductions, exclusions, credits, and other preferential tax treatment of income or property

#### THE TAX EXPENDITURE CONCEPT

Tax expenditures are defined as provisions of the tax code that provide for special exclusions, exempt or so tions, credits, deferrals, or preferential tax rates that result in foregone revenue

The purpose of tax expenditures is to provide financial assistance to certain groups of taxpayers, or to provide an economic incentive that encourages specific taxpayer behavior. One example of a tax expenditure designed to provide financial assistance is the additional personal exemption allowed the blind and/or elderly. On the other hand, the deduction allowed homeowners for mortgage interest may be viewed as an inducement to encourage home ownership. In both cases, the same objectives could be met through direct government spending programs that subsidize certain individuals on the basis of specific characteristics or behavior.

Generally, state tax expenditure reports do not include provisions of tax law that lie beyond the state's legal jurisdiction. For example, federal statutes and court rulings prohibit states from taxing certain railroad retirement benefits, and income earned by Indians on reservations. Tax law provisions of this nature are not reported here

At the state level, tax expenditures may be "passive" or "non-passive" in nature. Passive tax expenditures occur when a state ties its tax code to the federal tax code in a manner that allows for the automatic incorporation of federal changes into state law

For example, for state income tax purposes the starting point for determining Montana taxable income is federal adjusted gross income (FAGI). By starting with FAGI, Montana automatically incorporates the exclusions religious employee fringe benefits) and deductions (e.g., IRAs) used in arriving at FAGI. These exclusions and deductions constitute passive tax expenditures at the state level. The federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 eliminated or curtailed several tax expenditure items at both the federal level and for Montana. Nevertheless, many of the tax expenditures reported remain passive in nature. For informational purposes. Appendix B provides an estimate of the state tax expenditure for these items.

Tax expenditures arise as a consequence of deviations from the "normal" tax structure. There is no general consensus regarding what constitutes a normal income tax structure. However, there are a faw tax provisions that are generally agreed upon to be components of the normal tax structure and consequent, are not considered tax expenditures here as well. These items include:

- 1) the standard deduction.
- 2) the personal exemption allowed end the control of the control o
- 3) the progressive rate structure based or an arms.
- 4) the deduction for costs incurred a profile of the costs

Other provisions which remain the subjects of vigorous debate, but which nevertheless are considered by most to be components of the normal tax structure, include:

- 1) unrealized appreciation in asset values,
- 2) imputed income from homes and other assets, and
- 3) indexing the tax structure for inflation.

In Montana, two-earner married households are still allowed the option of filing separate returns without having to use a separate tax table for this form of filing. Given the relatively few states (10) that still allow this option, this is now considered to be a tax expenditure item for Montana.

In addition to the rate table advantage, married couples who file separately may allocate certain items of income in a manner advantageous to reducing their tax liability.

The following schedule shows the estimated revenue loss attributable to this expenditure item for tax years 1996 through 1999, and the projected tax expenditure for fiscal years 2002 and 2003:

<u>Year</u>	Tax Expenditure
Tax Year 1996 Actual	\$ 42,000,000
Tax Year 1997 Actual	\$ 43,089,000
Tax Year 1998 Actual	\$ 47,451,000
Tax Year 1999 Actual	\$ 51,830,000
Fiscal Year 2002 Projected	\$ 59,340,000
Fiscal Year 2003 Projected	\$ 63,494,000

#### THE PURPOSE OF TAX EXPENDITURE REPORTING

The objective of tax expenditure reporting is to provide information useful to the Governor and the Legislature for developing tax policy. Clear information on the costs of tax deductions and exemptions is as important as accurate data on costs of government services. Every effort was made to produce as comprehensive, detailed, and accurate a report as possible. The report encompasses changes in tax law through the Fifty-Sixth Montana Legislature (including special sessions).

Once every two years the Montana Legislature convenes in regular session to fulfill its responsibilities in the functioning of state government. Basic responsibilities include the review of past budgets associated with alternative government spending programs, a determination of the appropriateness of continuing these programs, the budgeting of program expenditure levels for coming years, and the appropriation of funds needed to finance continued and additional programs.

In this review process, most state legislatures (Montana's included) often overlook a major component of government finance. This component consists of the reductions in state revenue attributable to deductions, exclusions, credits, and other preferential treatment in the tax code. In effect, the specific deductions, exclusions, credits, and other preferential items currently in tax codes represent indirect government spending programs, in the sense that these same preferences result in foregone revenue that otherwise would have been available for direct expenditure programs. Hence, these items are commonly referred to as "tax expenditures".

#### MEASURING TAX EXPENDITURES

Two methods were used to estimate the value of tax expenditures in this report. The first method, used to estimate passive (federal) provisions of the individual income and corporation license tax, allocates a portion of national estimates to Montana. Every year the federal Joint Committee on Taxation publishes its estimates of federal individual and corporate income tax expenditures for selected fiscal years. These estimates can then be allocated to states on the basis of relative total tax and tax rates at the national and state level.

Although this method is used by most states for deriving at least some of their tax expenditure estimates, it is also recognized as being a relatively crude estimating technique. For the individual income tax, it assumes that Montana's demographic characteristics (e.g., age and income distributions) and mix of industries are the same as those of the nation, and that Montana's' consumption and expenditure patterns parallel those nationally. Obviously, this is an oversimplification.

This simple approach results in an understatement of tax expenditures for industries like agriculture and mining, which are more important to Montana's economy than to the U.S. economy. Because of this, allocations based on sector specific earnings data were used to estimate tax expenditures specifically related to these two industries. To an extent the problem is lessened for the corporation license tax because taxable incomes and tax rates are available by major industrial sectors at both the federal and state levels. Nevertheless, estimates derived using this method still should be regarded as imprecise, and perhaps used only to gauge the relative magnitudes of different expenditure items.

The second method uses actual data available at the state level together with computer simulation modeling to produce much more reliable estimates of the impacts of certain tax expenditure items. This method was used to derive the estimates for Montana-specific reductions to income, itemized deductions, and credits for the individual income tax; credits for the corporation license tax; and all expenditure items reported for natural resources and property tax.

#### USING TAX EXPENDITURES - SOME CAVEATS

In most cases tax expenditure estimates should be viewed as a measure of the amount of relief, assistance, or subsidy currently being provided through tax codes, and not necessarily as the amount of revenue that would be gained by repealing expenditure provisions of tax law. There are several reasons for this.

First, estimates of tax expenditures are made in the absence of any assumptions regarding policy responses. For example, employer contributions for medical insurance premiums and medical care are currently excluded from the employee's reported income. Some may view the tax expenditure associated with this item as a measure of the revenue that would be gained by requiring employees to include this contribution in their incomes. However, in keeping with current policy, employees who itemize deductions might be allowed to include all or part of this contribution in their personal deduction for medical expense if this exclusion were repealed. A policy response of this nature would reduce the tax expenditure associated with this item considerably.

Second, tax expenditures are not additive. In other words, the revenue effect of rescinding all tax expenditure items cannot be estimated simply by adding the tax expenditures associated with each individual tax expenditure item. This is because many of the tax expenditure items are interrelated, and a simple sum of tax expenditures estimated in isolation does not take into account these interaction effects.

Furthermore, because each tax expenditure is measured in isolation, a simple summing of tax expenditures will bias the total effect downwards in the presence of a progressive tax rate schedule, such as the one used in Montana. If all tax expenditures were eliminated simultaneously, taxable incomes would rise much higher than if a single expenditure provision were eliminated, subjecting taxable incomes to higher marginal tax rates

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# TAX EXPENDITURE REPORTING (continued)

Third, tax expenditure estimates do not take into consideration taxpayer behavioral responses. For example, it is quite conceivable that eliminating the deduction for charitable contributions would substantially reduce the number and size of these contributions. Taxpayers may funnel these funds into other tax saving devices, thereby reducing the revenue gain estimated in the absence of any behavioral response.

Given these considerations, users should view tax expenditure estimates more as a measure of the amount of relief currently being provided, rather than as a measure of the revenue that could be generated from repealing the associated tax provision.

#### TAX EXPENDITURE REPORTING

Tax expenditure reporting and tax expenditure budgets are a relatively recent phenomenon. The earliest record of reporting government subsidies administered through the tax code is in the Federal Republic of Germany, in 1959.

In the U.S., the pioneering work of Stanley Surrey lead to the first federal tax expenditure budget, prepared by the Department of Treasury, in 1967. In 1971, California became the first state to adopt legislation requiring tax expenditure reports. California was followed by Wisconsin in 1973, and by Maryland and North Carolina in 1975. Today, at least half the states regularly publish comprehensive or partial tax expenditure reports.

In almost all cases, tax expenditure reports and budgets are prepared in response to a statutory requirement. Usually, the statutes spell out the type of information the report is to contain, and the time period to be covered.

HB387, passed during the 1987 regular session, provides that the Department of Revenue's Biennial Report *may* include specified information relating to tax expenditures. The bill did not contemplate a specific time period for these expenditures. However, the bill did specify that the report may include tax expenditures attributable to:

- 1. personal income and corporation license tax exemptions,
- 2. property tax exemptions for which application to the Department or its agent is necessary,
- 3. deferrals of income,
- 4. credits allowed against Montana personal income tax or Montana corporation license tax,
- 5. deductions of income, and
- 6. any other identifiable preferential treatment of income or property.

In addition, the Department was directed to provide:

- 1. distributions of tax expenditures across age and income brackets, whenever available,
- 2. any known purpose for the preferential treatment, and an outline of available data necessary to determine the effectiveness of the preference, and
- 3. similar information from other states, if available.

# TAX EXPENDITURE REPORTING (continued)

#### CONCLUDING REMARKS

Although a relatively recent phenomenon, tax expenditure reporting and tax expenditure budgets are becomes, more and more prevalent at the state level. As states adopt tax expenditure reporting, legislators and accommitteness would be well advised to keep the limitations of tax expenditure reports in perspective. Tax expenditure estimates are not estimates of the amount of revenue that would be generated by repealing the associated tax provision, but rather estimates of the amount of relief currently being provided through the tax code. These estimates are subject to several methodological ambiguities, and in some cases severe data limitations.

Tax expenditure reports and budgets are primarily designed to be informational tools. Nothing in these reports is intended to convey a judgment regarding the propriety of various tax provisions. Tax expenditure reporting may encounter widespread resistance if opponents view the process as a means of selecting provisions for repeal in order to enhance revenues. Nevertheless, when used appropriately, the tax expenditure report or budget can be a valuable tool in providing lawmakers with added insight into the extent and distribution of governmental assistance.

#### INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX EXPENDITURES

The starting point for calculating Montana individual income tax is federal adjusted gross income (FAGI). Montana-specific additions and reductions to income determine the taxpayer's Montana adjusted gross income (MAGI). Either itemized or standard deductions and allowable taxpayer exemptions are subtracted from MAGI to arrive at the tax base, Montana taxable income (MTI).

A single tax table used by all filers, is applied to taxable income to arrive at tax before credits. In applicable years this amount is adjusted for any surtax in effect and any tax on lump sum distributions that the taxpayer may have. This amount is then reduced by any income tax credits the taxpayer may have, to arrive at tax after credits. The income tax base, and net tax liability may be summarized as follows:

	SUMMARY OF INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX CALCULATION
Start	Income from all sources_
Less: Equals:	Federal exclusions, and federal deductions Federal Adjusted Gross Income (FAGI)
Plus: Less: Equals:	Montana additions Montana reductions Montana Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI)
Less: Equals:	Deductions (itemized or standard), and exemptions Montana Taxable Income (MTI)
Times: Plus: Equals:	Tax table Surtax (in applicable years), and tax on lump sum distributions Tax Before Credits
Less: Equals:	Credits Tax After Credits

When computing tax liability, all filers use the same tax table. Montana is one of 10 states where married couples may choose to file separate returns if both have income in the same year. The 2000 tax table is shown below:

If Taxable Income is:													
Over	But not over		But not over Then tax liability is						But not over Then tax liability is				
\$ 0	\$ 2,100	2%	of taxable income	less	\$ 0								
\$ 2,000	\$ 4,200	3%	of taxable income	less	\$ 21								
\$ 4,200	\$ 8,300	4%	of taxable income	less	\$ 63								
\$ 8,300	\$ 12,500	5%	of taxable income	less	\$ 146								
\$ 12,500	\$ 16,700	6%	of taxable income	less	\$ 271								
\$ 16,700	\$ 20,800	7%	of taxable income	less	\$ 438								
\$ 20,800	\$ 29,200	8%	of taxable income	less	\$ 646								
\$ 29,200	\$ 41.700	9%	of taxable income	less	\$ 938								
\$ 41,700	\$ 73,000	10%	of taxable income	less	\$ 1,355								
\$ 73,000		11%	of taxable income	less	\$ 2,085								

# STATE TAX EXPENDITURES (continued)

#### INDEXING

Montana has provided for full indexation of its income tax since 1981. The effect of indexing has been to reduce both tax liability and tax expenditure amounts. Indexing is considered to be an integral part of the normal tax structure, and hence, is not considered to be a tax expenditure.

#### Sources of Tax Expenditures

There are four sources of tax expenditures in Montana's individual income tax.

**First**, because Montana ties to the definition of federal adjusted gross income, all of the federal exclusions and deductions included in FAGI are also included in Montana adjusted gross income.

Second. Montana statutes provide for specific exclusions of certain types of income not provided for at the federal level

The third source of tax expenditures includes the deductions for those taxpayers who file itemized returns. Most of these deductions are also tied directly to federal statutes. However, Montana also allows a deduction for federal income taxes paid during the tax year, a deduction for child care expenses incurred by certain families, a deduction for long-term care insurance premiums, and a deduction for medical insurance premiums.

The fourth source of tax expenditures includes Montana-specific tax credits.

The tax expenditure data published in this report is divided into two major groups: Montana-specific tax expenditures, and federal (passive) tax expenditures. Montana-specific tax expenditures are discussed in the following sections, while the federal (passive) tax expenditures are listed in Appendix B.

# INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX EXEMPTIONS/EXCLUSIONS

#### MONTANA EXCLUSIONS/EXEMPTIONS

The following exclusions and exemptions are above and beyond federal exclusions/exemptions. They are specific to Montana and were enacted by various state legislatures.

## Additional Exemptions for the 65+ Age Group (and for certain physically challenged persons)

MCA 15-30-112 and 15-30-114

Taxpayers and their spouses are both allowed additional exemptions if 65 years of age and over Certain visually impaired taxpayers and their spouses are also granted additional exemptions. In addition, certain disabled dependent children are eligible for an extra exemption. This provides financial assistance to the age 65 and over and physically challenged groups.

#### Exempt Retirement Income MCA 15-30-111 (2)

Taxpayers are allowed to exclude up to \$3,600 in pension and annuity income. For filers with federal adjusted gross income greater than \$30,000, the \$3,600 exclusion is reduced by \$2 for every \$1 of federal adjusted gross income in excess of \$30,000. The exclusion is zero for taxpayers with federal adjusted gross income over \$31,800. This provides economic relief to retirees.

#### Exempt Unemployment Compensation MCA 15-30-101 (7)

Unemployment compensation is excluded from gross income. The purpose of this exclusion is to provide additional economic assistance to unemployed persons.

#### Elderly Interest Exclusion for 65+ Age Group MCA 15-30-111 (2)

Taxpayers age 65 or older are allowed an exclusion of interest income up to \$800 if filing a single, married-separate, or head-of-household return, and up to \$1,600 if filing a joint return. This tax provision provides economic relief to taxpayers age 65 and over.

#### Medical Savings Account MCA 15-61-202

This account can be administered by an Account Administrator that is registered with the Department of Revenue or self-administered by the taxpayer. The maximum deduction allowed per taxpayer from Montana adjusted gross moome is \$3,000 plus interest the account accumulates. Eligible medical expenses cannot be deducted elsewhere on the tax form

#### Family Education Savings Account MCA 15-62-204

Taxbayers may contribute up to \$3,000 per year into an individual trust or savings account to pay qualified higher education expenses for a designated beneficiary. Participants must make contributions in cash and complete in april between prescribed by the Montana Board of Regents. Qualified withdrawals may be made only by check yable joint, to the designated beneficiary and a higher education institution. A penalty of 10% is imposed on man-bus field withdrawal.

#### Dabilt Gains Exclusion A104 15-30-110

Figure 4a of 233.9 minated the 60 percent exclusion for long-term capital gains, and required 100 percent as a part is to the sale or exchange of capital assets, stemming from agreements entered 100. The 40 percent Mantana exclusion provides an inflationary hedge for Montana as the entire assets agreements prior to January 1, 1987. Over time this tax expenditure

#### G-T cmm: ger Sakings Accounts 1/04 15-63-202

The contributed to a first-time of the second of the first time during the tax year for which the second of the account is also expluded from income.

# INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX EXEMPTIONS/EXCLUSIONS (continued)

#### Other Montana Exclusions MCA 15-30-111 and 60-12-211

Because these items are all reported on a single line on the tax form, it is not possible to accurately disaggregate the individual impact of each one. Therefore, the total expenditure of all of the below items taken together is reported. Montana and federal statutes provide for the following exclusions from income:

#### Health Insurance Paid by an S-Corporation

Shareholders may deduct health insurance premiums paid on their behalf by the S corporation, to flexible extent the cost is included in the shareholder's federal adjusted gross income.

#### Child's Income Exclusion

Taxpayers may exclude income reported on federal Form 8814 (Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends). Children must file a Montana return if they otherwise meet the income form requirements.

#### Excluded Tip Income

Income from tips received for services provided in licensed food, beverage, or lodging businesses are excludable. This exclusion gives financial relief to food, beverage, and lodging service workers, as well as provides ease of tax administration.

#### State Income Tax Refunds

State individual income tax refunds reported as income for federal purposes may be excluded from income for state tax purposes.

#### Disability Income Exclusion

Disability payments of up to \$5,200 per year are excludable. This provides financial assistance to persons receiving disability income.

#### Deduction for Recyclable Materials

Taxpayers may take an additional deduction equal to 10% of the business expense related to the purchase of recycled products used in Montana, if the recycled products contain at least 90% reclaimed material.

#### Wages Covered by Federal Targeted Jobs Credit

For federal tax purposes, the business deduction for wages and salaries paid to employees must be reduced by any federal targeted jobs credit claimed in relation to those wages. Taxpayers may exclude the amount claimed as a credit for federal purposes to ensure full deduction of these expenses.

#### Land Sales to Beginning Farmers

Up to \$50,000 in income or capital gains from the sale of land consisting of more than 80 acres to a beginning farmer at 9% or less interest on a long-term contract is excludable. This provides financial assistance to farmers/ranchers, and is an incentive for land to remain in an agricultural use.

#### Passive Loss Carryovers

Under certain circumstances, taxpayers are allowed to deduct prior year disallowed passive activity losses.

#### Indian Reservation Income

Income earned by an enrolled member of an American Indian tribe while living and working on a reservation is excludable. This gives financial relief to tribal members, living and working on a reservation.

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# INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX EXEMPTIONS/EXCLUSIONS (continued)

#### Other Montana Exclusions continued

#### Exempt Military Pay

Active duty pay for a member of the regular armed forces is exempt. This exemption grants financial relief to members of the armed forces on active duty.

#### Social Security Payments

Certain taxpayers may be allowed a deduction for social security income, if the portion of social security taxable to Montana is less than the federal taxable amount.

#### Allocation of Income to Proprietor's Spouse

Income may be allocated to a spouse who regularly performs substantial personal services in the operation of a business for which he/she is not paid a salary or wage. The allocation must be reported as income on the spouse's return.

#### Montana Net Operating Losses

Taxpayers whose net operation loss differs for federal and state tax purposes may exclude Montana net operating losses, if the federal net operating loss is first added to Montana income.

IMPACT OF INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX	Expenditures	- Montana Exclus	SIONS
Exclusions	FY2002	FY2003	Biennium
Additional Exemptions for age 65+ and Certain Physically Challenged Persons S Exempt Retirement Income Exempt Unemployment Compensation Benefits Interest Exclusion for Age 65+ Medical Savings Account Family Education Savings Account Capital Gains Exclusion First-time Home Buyers Other Montana Exclusions	5,820,000 5,280,000 2,760,000 2,060,000 540,000 220,000 180,000 70,000 22,260,000	\$ 6,060,000 5,330,000 2,740,000 2,070,000 560,000 230,000 140,000 80,000 22,570,000	\$ 11,880,000 10,610,000 5,500,000 4,130,000 1,100,000 450,000 320,000 150,000 44,830,000
Total \$	39,190,000	\$ 39,780,000	\$ 78,970,000

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX - MONTANA ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS continued

#### INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX - MONTANA ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS

Montana's itemized deductions are primarily passible in nature in that most are tied to allowable federal federal federal ized deductions. However, itemized deductions for federal income taxes paid during the tax year, clied and dependent care expenses, long-term care insurance premiums, and medical insurance premiums are Medical specific deductions

#### Federal Income Tax Paid MCA 15-30-121 (2)

A deduction is allowed for the amount of federal income tax actually paid during the tax year. Taxpayers to a claim this deduction even when filing short-form 2S. The form provides financial assistance to those taxpin, an using this deduction.

#### Home Mortgage Interest MCA 15-30-121 11

Qualified residence interest is deductible to the extent that it represents interest on "acquisition indebtedness" not in excess of \$1,000,000, or "equity indebtedness" not in excess of \$100,000. "Acquisition indebtedness" is debt incurred in acquiring, constructing, or improving the residence, "equity indebtedness" is any indebtedness, other than acquisition indebtedness, to the extent that total indebtedness does not exceed the fair market value of the residence. Qualified residence is the taxpayer's principle residence and or a second residence selected by the taxpayer, for the tax year. Points paid on a home mortgage loan for the purchase or improvement of a principal residence also are deductible. The deduction for home mortgage provides an incentive for residential development and economic growth.

#### Contributions MCA 15-30-121 (1)

Contributions to organizations that are religious, charitable, educational, scientific, or literary in purpose are deductible. Generally, the deduction for contributions is limited to 50% of an individual's adjusted gross income. This deduction acts to reduce the cost of making charitable contributions, thereby increasing the amount of these types of contributions.

#### Real and Personal Property Taxes MCA 15-30-121 (1)

A deduction is allowed for any taxes paid on real and personal property not associated with the taxpayer's business. Allowing a deduction for property taxes enhances the ability of local governments to raise revenues needed to fund local activities.

#### Medical Insurance Premium Expense MCA 15-30-121 (1)

Montana allows taxpayers to deduct allowable medical insurance premiums. The premiums must be paid by the taxpayer with after-tax dollars. The amounts deducted cannot include amounts deducted for self-employed health insurance premiums deducted in arriving at federal adjusted gross income, or long-term care insurance premiums deducted elsewhere. This deduction encourages insurance coverage and offers financial support to those taxpayers paying out-of-pocket insurance premiums.

#### Miscellaneous Deductions MCA 15-30-121 (1)

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 provided for two types of miscellaneous deductions. The first type, which includes non-reimbursed job related expenses and expenses associated with producing other income, is subject to a 2% of adjusted gross income floor. Other miscellaneous expenses, such as gambling losses, are not subject to the floor. This deduction is allowed on the general understanding that costs associated with the production of income are appropriately deductible.

#### Medical and Dental Expense MCA 15-30-121 (1)

Expenditures for specified medical expenses are deductible to the extent that they exceed 7.5% of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income. The deduction for medical expenses is provided on the grounds that these types of expenditure are largely involuntary, and may be burdensome and substantially reduce tax capacity. The deduction also provides financial relief to those individuals having no health insurance coverage.

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# INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX EXEMPTIONS/EXCLUSIONS (continued)

#### INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX - MONTANA ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS continued

#### Deductible Investment Interest MCA 15-30-121 (1)

The deduction for investment interest was limited by the Tax Reform Act of 1986. Investment interest is deductible only to the extent of "net investment income"; however, interest that is disallowed due to this limitation may be carried over to subsequent years. Technically, the deduction for interest on investments represents an allowance for costs associated with acquiring specific assets. Failing to allow the deduction would result in an overstatement of net income. Practically speaking, the deduction provides an incentive for savings and investment

#### Other Deductible Taxes MCA 15-30-121 (1)

A deduction is allowed for motor vehicle fees and taxes, and any other deductible taxes paid during the tax year. Allowing a deduction for motor vehicles is consistent with allowing a deduction for other forms of personal property.

#### Long-Term Care Insurance Premiums MCA 15-30-121 (7)

Insurance premiums paid for long-term care insurance are deductible in full. In order to qualify for the deduction, the benefits provided by the insurance policy must meet or exceed the minimum standards established by the Montana State Auditor's Office, Insurance Commission Division. This deduction provides an incentive for taxpayers to purchase an alternative means of providing long-term care (e.g., nursing home care). Provision of long-term care through private insurance reduces the reliance on public (Medicaid) payments for these types of services, thereby reducing state obligations and expenditures.

#### Casualty and Theft Losses MCA 15-30-121 (1)

A taxpayer may deduct casualty and theft losses on personal property only to the extent that 1) the loss exceeds \$100, and 2) all of the casualty or theft losses for the year exceed 10% of adjusted gross income for the year. With regard to theft losses, the loss amount is equal to the lesser of the property's fair market value or adjusted basis, reduced by any insurance or other compensation received or recoverable. Casualty and theft losses are viewed as "negative" income in the year of loss, and are hence, allowed as a deduction. The validity of this deduction is sometimes called into question on the grounds that almost all such losses are covered by insurance.

#### Child/Dependent Care Expense MCA 15-30-121 (3)

This deduction is not provided at the federal level, but is provided specifically through state statutes. Subject to specific rules and limitations, taxpayers are allowed a deduction for employment-related expenses associated with child and/or dependent care. This deduction is intended to provide economic relief to households where the expense of caring for dependents, necessary to allow gainful employment, is detrimentally burdensome.

IMPACT OF INDIVIDUAL INCO	ME TAX EXPENDITURES	- Montana Dedu	CTIONS
Deductions	FY2002	FY2003	Biennium
Federal Income Tax Paid	\$169,950,000	\$172,280,000	\$ 342.230 (**)
Home Mortgage Interest	51,950,000	53.030,000	104,980,000
Contributions	26,610,000	27,970,000	54,580,000
Real and Personal Property Taxes	19,160,000	19,840,000	39,000,000
Medical Insurance Premiums	10,500,000	10,610,000	21,110,000
Miscellaneous Deductions	10,250,000	10,760,000	21,010,000
Medical and Dental Expense	7,300,000	7,700,000	15,000,000
Deductible Investment Interest	3,030,000	2,960,000	5,990.000
Other Deductible Taxes	2,570,000	2,540,000	5,110,000
Long-term Care Insurance	760,000	800,000	1,560,000
Casualty and Theft Loss	170,000	170,000	340.000
Child and Dependent Care	40,000	30,000	<u> 70,000</u>
Total	\$302,290,000	\$308,690,000	\$ 610,980,000

#### INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX - MONTANA CREDITS

The following state tax credits are all tax expenditure items at the state level.

#### Other State / Foreign Tax Credit MCA 15-30-124

Residents whose Montana adjusted gross income includes income from a state or country which does not be a credit for Montana income tax are allowed a credit for income tax paid the other state or country. This prevents the double taxation of income.

#### Elderly Homeowner/Renter Credit MCA 15-30-171 through 15-30-179

Residents age 62 or older who have lived in Montana for at least 9 months during the claim period, are eligible for a refundable property tax credit not to exceed \$1,000. This credit is claimed on the individual income tax form. This provides financial assistance to homeowners/renters, age 62 and over, on fixed incomes.

#### Charitable Endowment (Planned Gift) Credit MCA 15-30-165 through 167

A taxpayer is allowed a nonrefundable tax credit equal to 50% of the present value of a "planned gift" made to any qualifying endowment. The maximum credit that can be claimed for contributions from all sources in a year is \$10,000. The credit may not be carried forward or backwards. The credit cannot be claimed if the taxpayer has included the full amount of the planned gift as a deduction elsewhere on the return. This credit, which provides an incentive to make charitable contributions, is scheduled to terminate December 31, 2001.

#### Contractor's Gross Receipts Tax Credit MCA 15-50-207

Contractors are required to pay a license fee equal to 1% of the gross receipts from government contracts during the income year for which the license is issued. This additional fee is allowed as a credit against the contractor's individual income tax liability. This provision of tax law facilitates the taxation of prime and sub-contractors, while protecting the primary contractor from being taxed twice on the same earnings

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# INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX EXEMPTIONS/EXCLUSIONS (continued)

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX - MONTANA CREDITS continued

#### Rural Physician Tax Credit MCA 15-30-188 through 15-30-191

Physicians who commence practice in a rural area (a place without a hospital of at least 60 beds within a radius of 30 m es) are granted a nonrefundable credit of \$5,000, which may be claimed in four successive years. To qualify for the credit, the physician must maintain a practice for at least 9 months of the taxable year in which the credit is claimed. The purpose of this credit is to encourage the location and relocation of physicians in medically-under-senied rural areas.

#### College Contribution Credit MCA 15-30-163

Taxpayers may claim as a credit against their income tax 10 percent of the amount of their contributions to the general endowment funds of the Montana University System foundations, or to the general endowment fund of a Montana private college or its foundation. The maximum credit that can be claimed is \$500. This credit encourages contributions to Montana colleges and universities.

#### Montana Capital Company Credit MCA 90-8-202

Taxpa, ers are allowed an income tax credit for investing in certified Montana capital companies. The credit is mited to 50% of the investment up to \$150,000 per taxpayer for regular capital companies, and up to an additional \$250,000 for investments in a qualified Montana small business investment capital company. This provides an incentive to encourage the formation of venture and equity capital in Montana.

#### Investment in Energy Conservation Installations 1.1CA 15-32-109

A resident taxpa, or who makes a capital investment in a building for an energy conservation purpose, is allowed a nonrefundable credit equal to  $5^{\circ}_{\circ}$  of the expenditure up to \$150 for a residential building, and  $5^{\circ}_{\circ}$  of the expenditure up to \$300 for a building not used as a residence. This provides an economic incentive for energy conservation expenditures, and promotes conservation of fossil fuels.

#### Recycling Credit MCA 15-32-601 through 15-32-611

Qualifying taxpayers may claim a credit for a portion of the cost of qualifying property used to collect or process "reclaimable material", or to manufacture a product from reclaimed material, in the year in which the property is burchased. The credit is equal to  $25^{\circ}$ : of the cost on the first \$250,000 invested:  $15^{\circ}$  of the cost on the next \$250,000; and  $5^{\circ}$  on the next \$500,000 invested. The recycling credit is scheduled to terminate December 31, 2001. The purpose of this credit is to provide an incentive to accumulate and process reclaimable materials, reduce the burden on local landfills, and to enhance the quality of the environment.

#### Employer Disability Insurance Credit MCA 15-30-129 and 15-31-132

Employers with 20 or fewer employees may claim a nonrefundable credit of up to \$3,000 for expenditures on employee health insurance premiums. The credit may not exceed 50 percent of the premium cost for each employee, and may not be claimed for a period of more than 3 years. The purpose of this credit is to encourage mealth insurance coverage for uninsured employees.

#### Other Montana Individual Income Credits

Montana statutes provide for the following additional credits

#### Elderly Care Credit A1CA 15-30-128

This credit is available to individuals for a portion of qualifying health expenses incurred in taking a manager a family member 65 years of age and over, determined disabled by the Social Security Administration and with gross income of not more than \$15,000 (unmarried members). \$30,000 (married members). The credit, which is limited to \$5,000 per qualifying family member up to a maximum of two members, is eq. to 30% of qualifying expenses for taxpayers with up to \$25,000 of income, phased down to 20% or qualifying expenses for taxpayers with incomes over \$45,000. This credit provides financial assistance to those individuals incurring a financial burden due to caring for a disabled family member aged 15 a over, and reduces general fund Medicaid expenditures for nursing home care

#### Installation of Geothermal Non-Fossil Energy Systems MCA 15-32-115 and 15-32-201

Resident taxpayers who install an energy system using a non-fossil form of energy generation (including geothermal systems and wood stoves) in their principal dwelling, are entitled to a credit of up to \$250 (\$500 for pellet stoves). With the exception of geothermal installations, any excess tax credit may be carried forward for four years. This credit provides an economic incentive for the installation of non-fossil energy systems, and promotes conservation of fossil fuels.

#### Investment Tax Credit MCA 15-30-162

Montana allows an investment credit equal to 5% of the federal investment credit up to a maximum of \$500 in any given taxable year. The federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 repealed the federal investment credit. Consequently, the tax expenditures associated with this credit in future years will reflect only the carry forward amounts allowed under current law. Investment credit provisions are designed to stimulate investment and economic growth.

#### Infrastructure User Fee Credit MCA 17-6-316

The Board of Investments may make loans to local governments for the purpose of building infrastructure to enhance economic development and create jobs if the loan results in creation or expansion of 50 full time jobs. The local government may than charge the new business a user fee for use of the infrastructure. Businesses are allowed to take a tax credit equal to the user fee charged. This credit provides an incentive for local economic development.

#### Historic Building Preservation Credit MCA 15-30-180

Taxpayers are allowed a credit equal to 25% of the federal credit provided for qualifying rehabilitation expenditures with respect to certified historic buildings. The credit may be carried forward for a period of 7 years. This credit provides an incentive to preserve Montana's heritage and historic culture.

#### Dependent Care Assistance Credit MCA 15-30-186

Employers are granted a credit for dependent care assistance provided to employees, if the assistance is furnished by a registered or licensed day-care provider. The amount of the credit is 20 percent of expenditures up to a maximum credit of \$1,250. This provides an incentive for employers to fund dependent care assistance programs, thereby granting financial relief to working parents.

#### Qualified Research Tax Credit MCA 15-30-168

Taxpayers may receive a credit for increases in qualified research expenses determined in accordance with Section 41 of the IRC, 26, U.S.C. 41. The applicable rate for Montana purposes is 5%. Unused credit may be carried back 2 years and forward 15 years. This credit provides an incentive to produce new research.

#### Other Montana Individual Income Credits continued

#### Mineral Exploration Incentive Credit MCA 15-32-501, et. seg.

Taxpayers are allowed a credit not to exceed 50% of the taxpayer's liability for certified mineral exploration expenditures done to determine the existence, location, extent, or quality of a mineral or coal deposit. This credit provides an incentive to conduct mineral exploration activities in Montana.

#### Wind-Powered Generation Equipment Credit MCA 15-32-401 through 407

Taxpayers are allowed a credit of 35% of the eligible costs for investments of \$5,000 or more in commercial wind-generation systems. Eligible costs include certain expenditures for generating equipment, safety devices, or transmission lines. If the investment receives federal wind-generation credits, the state credit must be reduced by the amount of federal credit such that the effective credit does not exceed 60% of the eligible costs. The credit may be carried forward for a period of seven years. This credit encourages the development of a wind energy industry in Montana.

#### Alternative Fuels Tax Credit MCA 15-30-164

Qualifying taxpayers may receive a nonrefundable tax credit of up to 50% of the equipment and labor costs incurred to convert a motor vehicle to operate on alternative fuel (natural gas, liquefied natural gas, electricity, etc.). The credit may not exceed \$500 for converting vehicles with gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or less; \$1,000 for vehicles weighing over 10,000 pounds. The credit is allowed only in the year of conversion. The purpose of this credit is to stimulate the use of alternative fuels, thereby providing an incentive for the conservation of petroleum.

PERSONAL INCOME TAX CREDITS								
Credits		FY2002		FY2003	_!	<u>Biennium</u>		
Other state/foreign tax credit Elderly homeowner/renter credit Charitable endowment credit Contractor's gross receipts credit Physician credit for rural practice College contribution credit Montana capital company credit Energy conservation credit Recycling credit Employee health insurance credit All other credits	*****	12,744,000 9,054,000 8,762,000 496,000 279,000 182,000 128,000 124,000 108,000 91,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	14,273,000 9,145,000 0 496,000 290,000 198,000 183,000 128,000 124,000 124,000 87,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	27,017,000 18,199,000 8,762,000 992,000 569,000 380,000 366,000 256,000 248,000 232,000 178,000		
Total Credits	\$_	32,151,000	\$_	25,048,000	\$_	57,199,000		

#### CORPORATION LICENSE TAX EXPENDITURES - MONTANA CREDITS

The following corporate tax expenditures are state-specific credits designed to encourage specific taxpayers behavior and provide financial relief to certain taxpayers.

#### Contractors' Gross Receipts Tax Credit MCA 15-50-207

Contractors are required to pay an additional license fee equal to 1% of the gross receipts from government contracts during the income year for which the license is issued. This additional fee is allowed as a credit against the contractor's corporation license tax liability. This provision of tax law facilitates the taxation of prime and sub-contractors, while protecting the primary contractor from being taxed twice on the same earnings.

#### Charitable Endowment Credit MCA 15-31-161 and 15-31-162

A corporate license tax credit is allowed for 50% of charitable contributions made to qualified endowments. The maximum credit that may be claimed each year is \$10,000. The credit may not be carried back or forward and is nonrefundable. This credit was enacted by the 1997 Legislature and was effective with tax year 1997.

#### Qualified Research Tax Credit MCA 15-31-150

Taxpayers may receive a credit for increases in qualified research expenses determined in accordance with Section 41 of the IRC, 26, U.S.C. 41. The applicable rate for Montana purposes is 5%. Unused credit may be carried back 2 years and forward 15 years. This credit provides an incentive to produce new research.

#### Recycling Credit MCA 15-32-601 through 15-32-611

Qualifying taxpayers may claim a credit of 25% of the cost of qualifying property used to collect or process "reclaimable material", or to manufacture a product from reclaimed material, in the year in which the property is purchased. The purpose of this credit is to provide an incentive to accumulate and process reclaimable materials, reduce the burden on local landfills, and to enhance the quality of the environment.

#### OTHER MONTANA TAX CREDITS

There are a number of other Corporate License Tax credits whose tax expenditures are estimated to be less than \$25,000. These are:

#### Alternative Fuel Motor Vehicle Conversion Credit MCA 15-30-164

A corporate license tax credit is allowed for 50% of the equipment and labor costs incurred to convert a motor vehicle licensed in Montana to operate on alternative fuel. The credit may not be carried back or forward and is nonrefundable.

#### College Contribution Credit MCA 15-30-163

Corporations may claim as a credit against their license tax 10 percent of the amount of their contributions to the general endowment funds of the Montana University System foundations, or to the general endowment fund of a Montana private college or its foundation. This credit encourages contributions to Montana colleges and universities.

#### Employer Health Insurance Credit MCA 15-31-132

Employers with 20 or fewer employees, may claim a nonrefundable credit of up to \$3,000 for expenditures on employee health insurance premiums. The credit may not exceed 50 percent of the premium cost for each employee, and may not be claimed for a period of more than three years. The purpose of this credit is to encourage health insurance coverage for uninsured employees.

#### Other Montana Tax Credits continued

#### Dependent Care Assistance Credit MCA 15-31-131

Employers are granted a credit for dependent care assistance actually provided to employees, if the assistance is furnished by a registered or licensed day-care provider. The amount of the credit is 20 percent of expenditures up to a maximum credit of \$1,250. This provides an incentive for employers to fund dependent care assistance programs, and thus grants financial relief to working parents.

#### New/Expanded Industry Credit MCA 15-31-125

New and expanding industries are allowed a tax credit equal to 1% of the total new wages paid in Montana, for the first three years of operation or expansion. Expanding operations must increase total full-time jobs by 30% or more. "New" industry means a corporation engaging in manufacturing for the first time in Montana. This provides an incentive for economic development and job creation.

#### Historic Building Preservation Credit MCA 15-31-151

Montana allows a credit, up to 25% of the federal amount allowed, against corporate license taxes for qualified rehabilitation expenditures for any certified historic building located in Montana. The credit may be carried forward up to seven years and is nonrefundable. This credit was enacted by the 1997 Legislature and was effective with tax year 1998.

#### Montana Capital Company Credit MCA 90-8-202

Corporations are allowed an income tax credit for investing in certified Montana capital companies. The credit is limited to 50% of the investment up to \$150,000 per taxpayer for regular capital companies, and up to an additional \$250,000 for the one qualified Montana small business investment capital company. This credit provides an incentive to encourage the formation of venture and equity capital in Montana.

#### Investment Tax Credit MCA 15-31-123

Montana allows an investment credit equal to 5% of the federal investment credit up to a maximum of \$500 in any given taxable year. The federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 repealed the federal investment credit. Consequently, the tax expenditures associated with this credit in future years will reflect only the carry forward amounts allowed under current law. Investment credit provisions are designed to stimulate investment and economic growth.

#### Infrastructure User Fee Credit MCA 17-6-316

The Board of Investments may make loans to local governments for the purpose of building infrastructure to enhance economic development and create jobs if the loan results in creation or expansion of 50 full time jobs. The local government may than charge the new business a user fee for use of the infrastructure. Businesses are allowed to take a tax credit equal to the user fee charged. This credit provides an incentive for local economic development.

CORPORATION LICENSE TAX CREDITS								
Credit	FY2002	FY2003	Biennium					
Contractor's Gross Receipts Tax Credit Charitable Endowment Contributions Credit Qualified Research Activities Montana Recycling Credit All Other Credits	\$ 850,000 610,000 100,000 96,000 66,000	\$ 850,000 640,000 100,000 96,000 68,000	\$ 1,700,000 1,250,000 200,000 192,000 134,000					
Total Credits	\$ <u>1,722,000</u>	\$ <u>1,754,000</u>	\$ <u>3,476,000</u>					

## NATURAL RESOURCE TAX EXPENDITURES - OIL AND GAS PRODUCTION

#### Reduced Rates for "New" Oil and Gas Production MCA 15-39-304

Oil or gas from a well that qualifies as "new" production is taxed at a reduced rate of 0.8 \*\* (in Section 1.6 a) oil and 15.1% for gas). This reduced rate applies for the first 12 months of production from a formula of 1.8 and the first 18 months of production from a hor zontally completed well. New production includes:

new wells and from wells that have not produced oil or gas during the previous 60 months. This new negative vides an incentive for the exploration, development, and production of oil and gas.

#### Reduced Rate for Oil and Gas Wells Completed After 1/1/1999 MCA 15-36-304

Oil and gas production from wells completed on or after 1 1 1999 is taxed at a reduced rate of the 12.8% for oil and 15.1% for gas). This reduced rate provides an incentive for the exploration day 100 production of oil and gas.

# Reduced Rates for Incremental Oil Production from Enhanced Recovery Projects *MCA* 15 3 = 1.4 Incremental production from secondary recovery projects is taxed at 8.8 (instead of 12.8). Incremental duction from tertiary recovery projects is taxed at 6.1 s (instead of 12.8). The first 18 months of production from a horizontally recompleted well is taxed at 5.8% (instead of 12.8). These reduced rates provide incentives for the use of enhanced recovery technologies.

#### Reduced Rates for Stripper Oil Wells MCA 15-36-304

In any quarter when the average price of West Texas Intermediate crude oil is less than \$30 per barrel, production from stripper wells is taxed at reduced rates. Oil from a well that produces less than 3 barrels per day is taxed at 0.8% (instead of 12.8%). For a well that produces between 3 and 15 barrels per day, the first 10 barrels per day is taxed at 5.8% and remaining production is taxed at 9.3% (instead of 12.8%). These reduced rates provide an incentive to keep low-volume wells in production

#### Reduced Rate for Horizontally Completed Gas Wells MCA 15-36-304

After the first 18 months or production, production from a horizontally completed gas we als taxed at 9.3% instead of 15.1%). This reduced rate provides an incentive to use horizontal drilling technology.

#### Reduced Rate for Stripper Gas Wells MCA 15-36-304

Gas wells that were completed before 1/1/1999 and produce less than 60 mcf per day are taxed at 11.3 in Instead of 15.1%). This reduced rate provides an incentive to keep low-volume wells in production.

OIL AND NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION TAX EXPENDITURES				
<u>Oil</u>	FY2002	FY2003	Biennium	
New Production Reduced Rates Incremental Production Reduced Rates Post-99 Reduced Rates Stripper Well Reduced Rates Total	\$ 4,518,000 319,000 1,927,000 2,491,000 \$ 9,255,000	\$ 4,202,000 273,000 2,435,000 2,316,000 \$ 9,226,000	\$ 8,719,000 592,000 4,362,000 4,807,000 \$ 18,480,000	
Natural Gas	FY2002	FY2003	Biennium	
New Production Reduced Rates Stripper Well Reduced Rate Post-99 Reduced Rate Total	\$ 2.162,000 1.401,000 2.375,000 \$ 5,938,000	\$ 1,972,000 1,150,000 2,712,000 \$ 5,834,000	\$ 4,134,000 2,550,000 5,087,000 \$ 11,771,000	

#### OTHER NATURAL RESOURCE TAX EXPENDITURES

#### Coal Severance Tax Exemption MCA 15-35-103 (5)

Coal producers who mine less than 50,000 tons of coal per year are exempt from severance taxes. If production exceeds 50,000 tons, then only the first 20,000 tons (5,000 tons per quarter) are exempt from severance tax. This exemption grants economic relief to small producers.

#### Metal Mines License Tax Exemption MCA 15-37-103

The first \$250,000 of production subject to the metal mines license tax is exempt from taxation. This exemption for production below \$250,000 in value represents a tax expenditure. This provides economic assistance to small producers of metals and precious/semi-precious stones, and provides an incentive to produce from small mining claims.

OTHER NATURAL RESOURCE TAX EXPENDITURES				
Expenditure	FY2002	FY2003	Biennium	
Coal Severance Tax Exemptions Metal Mines License Tax Exemption	\$ 123,000 	\$ 124,000 	\$ 247,000 32,000	
Total	\$ 139,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 259,000	

#### PROPERTY TAX EXPENDITURES

In Montana, the property tax is the primary source of funding for local governments. For any given piece of property the tax base is the product of the market value of the property (less homestead exemption, if any) and its applicable taxable value percentage.

Property tax liability is the product of taxable value (tax base) and the appropriate mill levy in effect for the property. Mills are levied by the state, counties, cities and towns, and school districts. Certain property may be subject to additional mills for special districts (water, sewer, lighting, etc.).

Currently, property may fall into one of 12 classes of property, with taxable value percentages ranging from 0.46 percent to 100 percent. A listing of these property classes and their taxable values can be found on page 37 of this report.

Property tax expenditures arise as a consequence of certain property being exempt from tax, or receiving preferential rate treatment. Generally, preferential rate treatment refers to situations where properties within the same class are subject to different taxable value rates.

MCA 15-6-201, and following sections, detail the property exempt from tax. Many types of property are exempt from tax including government property, household goods and furniture, church property, property of certain fraternal organizations and societies, business inventories, certain agricultural commodities, down-hole equipment in oil and gas wells, etc.

Most of these exemptions constitute tax expenditures. However, placing an accurate value on the expenditures associated with these properties is not possible unless the property is appraised. Unfortunately, property not subject to tax is rarely, if ever, appraised. Therefore, tax expenditures associated with most exempt property are not reported here.

#### Property Tax Assistance Program MCA 15-6-134

Montana property tax statutes provide for a partial abatement, based on total income, that reduces the taxable valuation rate applicable to residential real property. Taxable value rates are reduced according to a three-bracket schedule for single households with less than \$16,457 income (2000 assessment), and married couple households with less than \$21,942 (2000 assessment). The income levels used in the rate reduction table are adjusted annually for inflation.

The reduced taxable value rate applies to the first \$100,000 of the market value of residential land and improvements, including trailers/mobile homes used as residences (Class 4). This provides financial relief to low-income households.

#### Reduced Rate for "New" or "Expanding" Industrial Property (Local Option) MCA 15-24-1401

After approval by separate resolution for each project, local governments may reduce taxable valuations of "new" or "expanding" industries 50% in each of the first five years following the issuance of a construction permit. After that time, the taxable valuation rises in equal increments each succeeding year until full valuation is reached in the 10th year. This incentive does not apply to mills levied by the state.

"Expansion" means that the industry has added at least \$50,000 worth of qualifying improvements or modernized process; "new" means that the industry is new to the jurisdiction and has added at least \$125,000 worth of qualifying improvements or modernized processes to the jurisdiction. There are no limitations on the type of industry that may qualify for this incentive. This reduced rate provides an economic incentive for the development of new industry in Montana.

#### Reduced Rate for Remodeling or Rebuilding of Structures (Local Option) MCA 15-24-1501

Remodeling, reconstruction, or expansion of existing buildings or structures which increases their taxable value by at least 2.5% may receive a reduced tax rate for five years following construction, through local government approval by separate resolution for each project.

Tax rates are set at zero during construction, at 20% of normal during the first year following construction, and increase by 20% in each succeeding year until full valuation is reached in the fifth year following construction. All existing buildings and structures may apply for this benefit. This abatement provides an incentive to add longterm taxable valuation to local jurisdictions, while allowing the property owner to phase-in the increased tax liabil-

Property Tax Expenditure Impacts				
Expenditure		FY2000	FY2001	Biennium
Property Tax Assistance Program Reduced Rate For New & Expanding	S 3	3.000,000	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 6,000,000
Industria: Property or Remodeling	-	800,000	800,000	1,600,000
Total	\$ 3	3,800.000	\$ 3,800,000	\$ 7.600,000

#### APPENDIX A:

INCOME TAX EXPENDITURE ITEMS BY INCOME

This perspective of expenditures illustrates the percentage of

#### APPENDIX B:

FEDERAL (PASSIVE) TAX EXPENDITURES

This appendix details fiscal year comparisons for Individual Income Tax expressed in exclusions and deductives from Federal Income, and for Corporate License Tax Expenditures expressed in Exclusions from Gross Income and Deductions towards Federal Adjusted Gross Income.

#### INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX EXPENDITURE ITEMS - BY INCOME BRACKET

House Bill 387 (1987), the legislation authorizing the Department of Revenue to produce a tax expenditure report, specifically required that tax expenditures must be related to the income of taxpayers, whenever such information is available.

This information is available for specific individual income tax expenditure items that are captured on department computer files. Specifically, tax expenditures, by income bracket, are available for Montana-specific reductions to income, and itemized deductions.

Totals for the tax expenditures in Appendix A are for full-year residents only, whereas the expenditures in the main body of this report include out-of-state and part-year residents as well.

The following tables show the distributions of tax expenditures across income brackets that represent decile groupings. Each decile group includes one-tenth of all households filing income tax returns. The first decile group includes households with the very lowest incomes, while the tenth decile group includes households having the highest incomes.

The decile groupings are based on actual 1999 incomes, but the tax expenditures are those projected to calendar year 2001. The decile groupings and their associated total income brackets for 1999 are as follows:

Calendar Year 1999 Decile Groupings			
Decile Group	Income Br	acket	
1	\$ 0 -	\$ 5,900	
2	\$ 5,901 -		
3	S 7,251 -		
4	\$ 13,681 -	\$ 17,600	
5	\$ 17,601 -	\$ 21,140	
6	\$ 21,141 -	\$ 32,500	
7	\$ 32,501 -	\$ 37,200	
8	\$ 37,201 -	\$ 52,260	
9	\$ 52,261 -	\$ 70,940	
10	S 70,941 +		

# REDUCTIONS OF INCOME - FORECAST TAX YEAR 2001

# IRAS, KEOGHS AND SELF-EMPLOYED DEDUCTIONS

#### CAPITAL GAINS EXCLUSION

Decile	# of	Tax	
Group	Households	Expenditure	Percent
1	453	\$ 4,355	0.03%
2	2,069	30,416	0.20%
3	4,404	117,995	0.76%
4	5,211	223,212	1.43%
5	7,296	448,424	2.88%
6	9,444	757,720	4.86%
7	10,550	1,176,397	7.54%
8	11,529	1,674,593	10.74%
9	11,396	2,209,312	14.17%
10	13,242	8,951,893	57.40%
Total	75,594	\$ 15,594,317	100.00%

# of	Tax	
Households	Expenditure	Percent
3	\$ 9	0.01%
7	138	0.08%
29	738	0.41%
45	2,025	1.13%
69	3,775	2.11%
63	4,721	2.64%
72	6,778	3.80%
73	9,737	5.45%
107	19,089	10.69%
218	131,539	73.67%
686	\$178,549	100.00%
===		

#### **ELDERLY INTEREST EXCLUSION**

#### EXEMPT RETIREMENT INCOME

Decile	# of	Tax	
Group	<u>Households</u>	Expenditure	Percent
1	25	\$ 668	0.00%
2	1,032	13,634	0.71%
3	3,224	59,002	3.07%
4	4,118	102,411	5.34%
5	5,087	168,754	8.79%
6	5,013	197,870	10.31%
7	4,041	213,382	11.12%
8	4,163	264,057	13.76%
9	4,511	326,235	17.00%
10	5,829	573,557	29.88%
Total	37,043	\$1,919,570	100.00%

# of	Tax	
<u>Households</u>	Expenditure	Percent
76	\$ 2,282	0.05%
1,706	71,635	1.46%
4,339	327,754	6.66%
5,279	587,663	11.94%
6,399	952,364	19.35%
6,604	1,228,409	24.96%
3,236	650,030	13.21%
2,120	453,240	9.21%
1,941	416,607	8.47%
937	230,749	4.69%
32,637	\$ 4,920,733	100.00%

Decile

Group 1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

Total

## REDUCTIONS OF INCOME - FORECAST TAX YEAR 2001

#### UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

#### # of Tax Households Expenditure Percent 96 1,550 0.06% 947 32,783 1.27% 1,993 107,053 4.14% 7.71% 2,697 199,482 2,922 306,184 11.84% 16.30% 3,448 421,416 3,465 463,486 17.92% 3,109 460,911 17.82% 15.15% 2.392 391,724 999 210,445 7.79% 22,068 \$ 2,586,034 100.00%

#### MEDICAL SAVINGS ACCOUNT

# of	Tax	
<u>Households</u>	Expenditure	Percent
1	S 5	0.00%
4	83	0.02%
13	690	0.14%
44	3,931	0.79%
93	8,312	1.66%
150	19,321	3.86%
205	29,676	5.93%
287	56,124	11.22%
410	100,001	19.98%
734	282,264	56.41%
1,941	\$ 500,407	100.00%

#### FAMILY EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT

Decile	# of	Tax	
Group	Households	Expenditure	<u>Percent</u>
1	0	\$ 0	0.00%
2	0	0	0.00%
3	3	68	0.03%
4	3	281	0.14%
5	6	338	0.16%
6	9	1,529	0.74%
7	24	3,137	1.53%
8	48	9,310	4.53%
9	123	33,790	16.45%
10	296	156,915	76.41%
Total	512	\$ 205,368	100.00%

#### OTHER REDUCTIONS

# of	Tax	
Households	Expenditure	Percent
242 \$	6,187	0.03%
1,622	61,323	0.30%
2,646	199,766	0.96%
3,284	443,194	2.14%
4,965	686,648	3.31%
10,162	1,253,435	6.05%
13,301	1,828,921	8.83%
16,258	2,688,655	12.98%
20,685	3,991,266	19.26%
21,849	9,561,192	46.14%
95,014 \$	20,720,587	100.00%

## ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS - FORECAST TAX YEAR 2001

#### MEDICAL INSURANCE PREMIUM

#### MEDICAL DEDUCTIONS

Decile	# of	Tax	
Group	Households	Expenditure	Percent
1	56	\$ 2,276	0.02%
2	759	17,782	0.18%
3	3,314	113,768	1.16%
4	5,083	251,899	2.57%
5	7,358	517.767	5.29%
6	9,982	852,961	8.72%
7	10,691	1,153,108	11.78%
8	12,684	1,610,219	16.46%
9	14,139	2,105,421	21.52%
<u>10</u>	16,110	3,160,252	32.30%
Total	80,176	\$ 9,785,453	100.00%

# of	Tax	
Households	Expenditure	Percent
65	\$ 1,200	0.02%
680	17,227	0.26%
2,555	99,184	1.48%
3,456	197,859	2.95%
4,744	367,829	5.48%
6,268	644,124	9.60%
6,457	852,136	12.71%
7,330	1,197,350	17.85%
7,679	1,400,450	20.88%
5,865	1,929,480	28.77%
45,099	\$ 6,706,839	100.00%

#### LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE

#### FEDERAL INCOME TAXES PAID

Decile	# of	Tax	
Group	Households	Expenditure	Percent
1	2	\$ 140	0.02%
2	24	430	0.06%
3	218	6,946	1.00%
4	371	17,790	2.56%
5	650	37,659	5.43%
6	741	55,831	8.04%
7	741	73,052	10.53%
8	904	114,548	16.50%
9	1,080	154,010	22.19%
<u>10</u>	_1,281	233,638	33.66%
Total	6,012	\$ 694,044	100.00%

# of	Tax	
Households	Expenditure	Percent
26	\$ 1,227	0.00%
272	8,052	0.01%
3,028	66,372	0.04%
5,692	219,203	0.14%
10,721	733,615	0.46%
19,545	2,263,716	1.43%
25,326	5,386,269	3.41%
30,312	11,110,120	7.03%
34,906	21,266,360	13 45%
36,100	117,035,647	74.03%
165,928	\$ 158,090,579	100.00%

## **ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS - FORECAST TAX YEAR 2001**

#### REAL ESTATE, & PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES

#### MOTOR VEHICLE TAXES

Decile	# of	Tax	
Group	Households	Expenditure	Percent
1	38	\$ 612	0.00%
2	650	9,998	0.06%
3	3,141	69,501	0.39%
4	5,529	174,162	0.98%
5	9,590	415,268	2.35%
6	16.305	935,311	5.29%
7	20,765	1,617,919	9.14%
8	26,584	2,620,226	14.81%
9	31,797	4,089,966	23.11%
10	33,487	7,762,037	<u>43.87%</u>
Total	147,886	\$ <u>17,695,000</u>	100.00%

_			
	# of	Tax	
	<u>Households</u>	<b>Expenditure</b>	Percent
	5	\$ 34	0.00%
	157	1,021	0.04%
	1,049	7,346	0.30%
	2,492	19,897	0.82%
	5,042	48,804	2.02%
	10,333	124,345	5.14%
	14,219	225,564	9.33%
	18,178	376,188	15.56%
	22,096	606,379	25.08%
	21,362	1,008,653	41.71%
	94,933	\$ 2,418,231	100.00%

#### HOME MORTGAGE INTEREST

#### DEDUCTIBLE INVESTMENT INTEREST

Decile	
Group	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
Total	

# of	Tax	
<u>Households</u>	Expenditure	Percent
49	\$ 975	0.00%
507	21,285	0.04%
1,937	128,910	0.27%
3,325	322,395	0.67%
6,108	861,617	1.79%
11,872	2,422,486	5.03%
15,918	4,532,998	9.41%
21,046	7,821,481	16.24%
25.716	12,140,200	25 20%
25,690	19,920,722	41.35%
112,168	\$ 48,173,069	100.00%

# of	Tax	
Households	<b>Expenditure</b>	Percent
2	\$ 89	0.00%
17	451	0.02%
62	2,230	0.08%
106	5,130	0.18%
177	12,491	0.44%
361	28,170	0.98%
502	55,158	1.93%
765	89,997	3.15%
1,164	190,500	6.66%
3,756	2,475,985	86.57%
6,912	\$ 2,860,201	100.00%

# **ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS - FORECAST TAX YEAR 2001**

#### CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

#### CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE

Decile	# of	Tax	
Group	Households	Expenditure	Perce
1	22	\$ 263	0.000
2	443	6,177	0.03%
3	2,580	53,432	0.220
4	4,559	137.179	0.56
5	8,066	320.686	1.310
6	13,781	735,867	3.019
7	17,738	1,318,653	5.399
8	23,102	2,225,438	9.10°
9	29,108	3,813,161	15.59°
10	32,740	15,845,580	64.799
Total	132,139	\$ 24,456,376	100.00%

# of	Tax	
Households	Expenditure	Percent
0	\$ 0	0.000
5	61	0.18
60	1.325	3.88°
149	5,121	15.00°s
211	9.072	26.57
93	3,210	9.40%
43	2,034	5.96°.
66	4,484	13 13°
69	4,484	13.13°:
42	4,351	12.74° o
738	\$ 34,142	100.00%

#### CASUALTY AND THEFT LOSSES

#### MISCELLANEOUS DEDUCTIONS

Decile
Group
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
<u>10</u>
Total

	# of	Tax	
Ŀ	Households	Expenditure	Percent
	1	\$ 9	0.01%
	6	332	0.22%
	21	1,614	1 05%
	27	2,703	1.76%
	23	2,733	1.78%
	53	10,248	6.67%
	52	16,075	10.46%
	67	18,550	12.07%
	55	30,440	19 81%
	43	70,978	46.18%
	348	\$ 153,682	100.00%
1			

# of	Tax	
Households	Expenditure	Percent
8	\$ 128	0.00
125	3,958	0.04%
431	15,547	0.17%
795	49,020	0 52 -
1,580	150,871	1.60%
3,818	534,399	5 67:
5,579	1,066,170	11 32°
7.249	1.547,716	16.43°
8,978	2,160,418	22 94'
8.702	3,890,396	41 31%
37,265	\$ 9,418,623	100.00%

# Appendix B: Federal (Passive) Tax Expenditures

# IMPACT OF FEDERAL (PASSIVE) INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX EXPENDITURES

Exclusions from Federal Income	Th	ousands of D	ollars
	FY2000	FY2001	Biennium
Net Exclusion of Pension Contributions and Earnings-Employer Plans Contributions by Employers for Medical Insurance Premiums & Med. Care Untaxed Medicare Benefits Untaxed Social Security Benefits Capital Gains at Death	\$ 57,700	\$ 59,608	\$ 117,308
	45,179	47,974	93,153
	28,351	31,059	59,410
	25,158	26,023	51,181
	18,738	20,827	39,565
Workers' Compensation Benefits Income on Life Insurance and Annuity Contracts Individual Retirement Plans (IRAs, Keoughs) Exclusion Deferral of Capital Gains on Home Sales Cafeteria Plan Benefits	17,865	18,820	36,685
	16,751	17,291	34,042
	13,594	14,491	28,085
	8,808	8,876	17,684
	5,558	5,942	11,500
Miscellaneous Fringe Benefits Veteran's Benefits and Services Income Earned Abroad by U.S. Citizens Carryover Basis of Capital Gains on Gifts Employer-Provided Group Term Life Insurance Premiums	5,153	5,444	10,597
	2,948	2,983	5,931
	1,980	2,162	4,142
	1,960	2,162	4,122
	1,529	1,597	3,126
Benefits and Allowances to Armed Forces Personnel Exclusion of Income Earned by Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Assoc. Medical Care and CHAMPUS Health Ins. for Military Dependents Income Earned by Benefit Organizations Scholarship and Fellowship Income	1,533	1,533	3,066
	1,280	1,303	2,583
	1,227	1,227	2,454
	1,125	1,146	2,271
	923	990	1,913
Deferral of Interest on Savings Bonds Employee Meals and Lodging (other than Military) Employer-Provided Transportation Benefits Public Assistance Cash Benefits Employer-Provided Child Care	809	809	1,618
	586	607	1,193
	496	506	1,002
	431	448	879
	337	337	674
Rental Allowances of Ministers' Homes Deferral of Gain on Like-Kınd Exchanges Deferral of Gain on Non-Dealer Installment Sales Special Provisions for Employee Stock Ownership Plans (ESOPs) Permanent Exemption from Imputed Interest Rules	270	270	540
	270	270	540
	202	202	404
	135	181	316
	135	181	316
Cancellation of Indebtedness Income of Farmers Employer-Provided Accident and Disability Insurance Deferral of Tax on Earnings of Qualified State Tuition Programs Military Disability Pensions Employee Awards	141	141	282
	135	135	270
	114	135	249
	77	77	154
	67	67	134
Special Benefits to Disabled Coal Miners Earnings of Trust Accounts for Higher Education Employer-Provided Education Assistance Benefits Other Exclusions from Federal Income	38	38	76
	27	27	54
	24	0	24
	402	<u>423</u>	825
Total	\$ 262,056	\$ <u>276,312</u>	\$ 538,368

	Thousands of Dollars		
Deductions from Federal Income	FY2002	FY2003	Biennium
Depreciation in Excess of Straight-Line Dep Systems Cash Accounting for Agriculture Expensing Costs of Raising Dairy & Breeding Cattle Parental Personal Exemption for Students Age 19 to 23 Deduction for interest on student loans	\$ 5,454 2,116 843 539 270	\$ 5.299 2.116 843 539 270	\$ 10 753 4 232 1.686 1.078 540
Amortization of Business Start-Up Costs Expensing Depreciable Business Property (\$17,500) Cash Accounting other than Agriculture Exclusion of interest on educational saving bonds Medical Savings Account Other Deductions from Federal Income	270 311 67 13 13 279	270 177 67 13 13 279	540 488 134 26 26 558
Total	\$ 10,175	\$ 9,886	\$ 20,061

## Impact of Federal (Passive) Corporation License Tax Expenditures

	Thousands of Dollars		
Exclusions From Gross Income	FY2000	FY2001	Biennium
Exclusion of Income of Foreign Sales Corporations Exclusion of Investment Inc. on Life Ins. and Annuity Savings Deferral of Gain on Like-Kind Exchanges Deferral of Gain on Non-Dealer Installment Sales	\$ 630 548 469 	\$ 675 558 479 71	\$ 1,305 1,106 948 142
Total	\$ 1,718	\$ 1,783	\$ 3,501
Deductions Towards Federal Adjusted Gross Income	FY2000	Thousands of Do FY2001	ollars Biennium
Depreciation in Excess of Alternative Depreciation Systems Deductibility of Charitable Contributions Expensing Multiperiod Timber Growing Costs Inventory Property Sales Source Rule Exception Expensing of Research and Development Expenditures Excess of Percentage over Cost Depletion Expensing of Exploration and Development Costs Employee Stock Ownership Plans (ESOPs) Expensing up to \$17,500 Depreciable Business Property Completed Contract Rules	\$ 9,769 1,477 1,188 890 590 583 389 323 191 68	\$ 9,475 1,604 1,188 930 625 583 389 352 191 	\$ 19,244 3,081 2,376 1,820 1,215 1,166 778 675 382 107
Total	\$15,468	\$ 15,376	\$ 30,844

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